

Howard County, Maryland

3430 Court House Drive Ellicott City, MD 21043 Telephone (410) 313-2195 Fax (410) 313-4433 www.howardcountymd.gov

County Executive

Calvin Ball



Certain Appointed Officials

Brandee Ganz
Chief Administrative Officer
Rafiu O. Ighile
Director of Finance
Yosef Kebede
Director of Public Works
Gary W. Kuc
County Solicitor
Lynda D. Eisenberg
Director of Planning and Zoning
Holly Sun
Director of Budget
Christopher Ashman
County Auditor

County Council

Liz Walsh Chair and Councilwoman District 1



Financial Advisor

Davenport & Company 8600 LaSalle Road, Suite 324 Towson, MD 21286 Telephone (410) 296-9426 Fax (866) 932-6660 www.investdavenport.com





Bond Counsel

McKennon Shelton & Henn LLP 401 East Pratt Street, Suite 2315 Baltimore, MD 21202 Telephone (410) 843-3500 Fax (410) 843-3501 www.mshllp.com

Christiana Rigby Councilwoman District 3



Independent Auditor

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP 1966 Greenspring Drive, Suite 300 Timonium, MD 21093 Telephone (410) 453-0900 Fax (410) 453-0914 www.claconnect.com





David Yungmann Councilman District 5



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025



Prepared by the Department of Finance

Howard County, Maryland



INTRODUCTORY SECTION



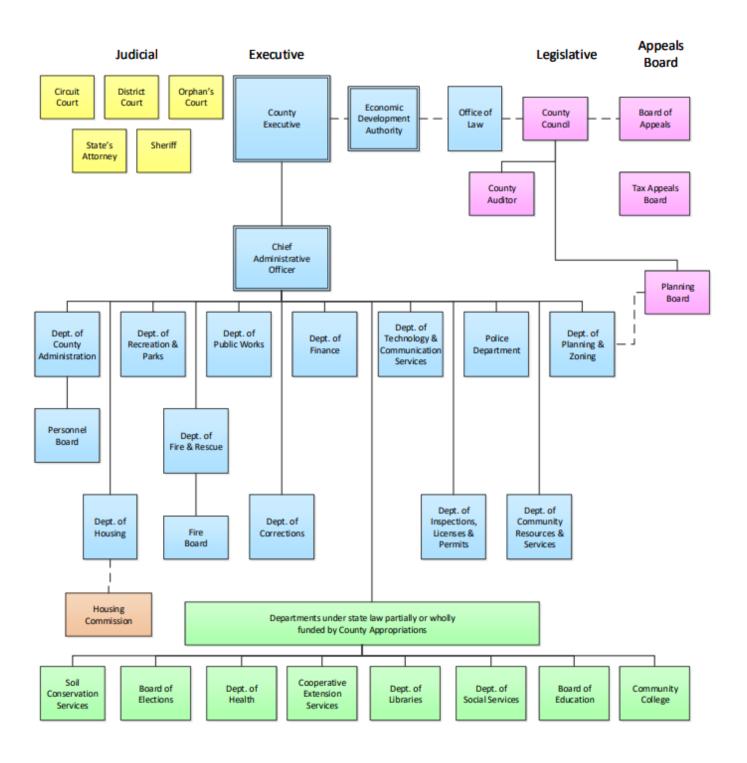
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HOWARD COUNTY GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





HoCo RapidRide

Howard County launched its microtransit program, HoCo RapidRide, in March 2025. This innovative technology-enabled public transit service allows riders within the service zone to book a low-cost ride through an app, HoCo RapidRide. The program, implemented in collaboration with service provider Via, is designed to complement Howard County's existing public transportation system through the Regional Transportation Agency of Central Maryland (RTA) by removing barriers to accessing fixed route bus service in the area.





Ellicott City, Maryland 21043

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FAX 410-313-4433 TDD 410-313-2323

November 24, 2025

Honorable County Executive, Honorable Members of the County Council and Citizens of Howard County

Ladies and Gentlemen:

FORMAL TRANSMITTAL OF THE ACFR

The audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of Howard County, Maryland (the County) for the fiscal year (FY) ended June 30, 2025, is hereby submitted in compliance with Howard County Charter, Section 212 and includes the auditor's opinion issued by the independent public accounting firm of CliftonLarsonAllen LLP hired by the County Council. The annual report was prepared by the Howard County Department of Finance in cooperation with the finance departments of the County's component units.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, licensed certified public accountants, performed an independent audit and issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. The Independent Auditor's Report is presented as the first element of the Financial Section of this report.

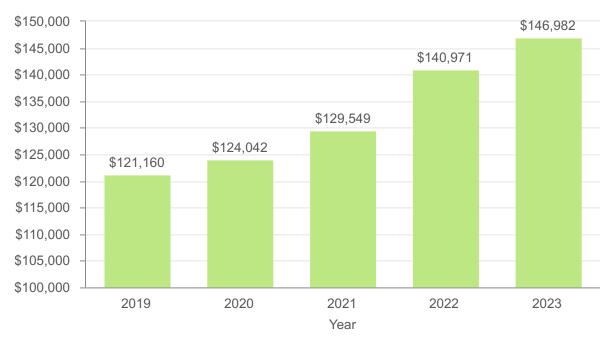
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. The MD&A is designed to complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Howard County, Maryland was formed in 1851 and was named for the fifth Governor of Maryland, Colonel John Eager Howard. Under a home rule charter adopted in 1968, the County's executive functions are vested in the elected County Executive. The County Council consists of five members elected by district.

Located directly between Baltimore, Maryland and Washington, D.C. and at its closest point is less than four miles from the former and 13 miles from the latter, the County is 251 square miles in area. The County was predominantly agricultural in character until 1966, when construction began on the master-planned community of Columbia. Columbia is unique for its purposeful goal to be an integrated community at a time before the Fair Housing Act of 1968 made it illegal to discriminate in housing based on race, color, national origin or religion. The County's population has grown an average of 1.69% annually since 2000 and is home to approximately 336,001 residents based on estimates by the Howard County Department of Planning and Zoning. Howard County is one of the most affluent, advanced and educated communities in the United States. The Howard County Library System (HCLS) is the community's place to learn, connect, and grow. An innovative and award-winning library system, HCLS is focused on creating an empowered community where all people reach their potential. Howard County was ranked first in Best Counties to Live in the US and Best Counties for Families in America by Niche. According to the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey, Howard County has both the highest median income in the State and one of the highest in the nation. Columbia was also recognized by WalletHub as the "Safest City in America," "Happiest City in America," "Best City for People with Disabilities" and "Best City for Jobs".

Howard County, Maryland Median Household Income



Source: United States Census Bureau, 2019-2023 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

COMPONENT UNITS

The County government provides all the local government services as there are no incorporated cities or towns in Howard County. Services provided by the County include police, fire and rescue, sheriff, corrections, public works, planning and zoning, landfill, water and sewer, public housing, and recreation and parks. In addition to general government activities, the governing body has financial accountability for the Howard County Public School System, the Howard Community College, the Howard County Library System, and the Howard County Housing Commission. Therefore, the activities of these entities are included in this annual report. Additional information on all four of these legally separate entities can be found in Note 1A in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements. The financial activities of the Howard County Economic Development Authority, which is also a component unit of the County, are excluded due to immateriality. The Volunteer Fire Districts do not meet the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity, and accordingly, are excluded from this report.

BUDGET

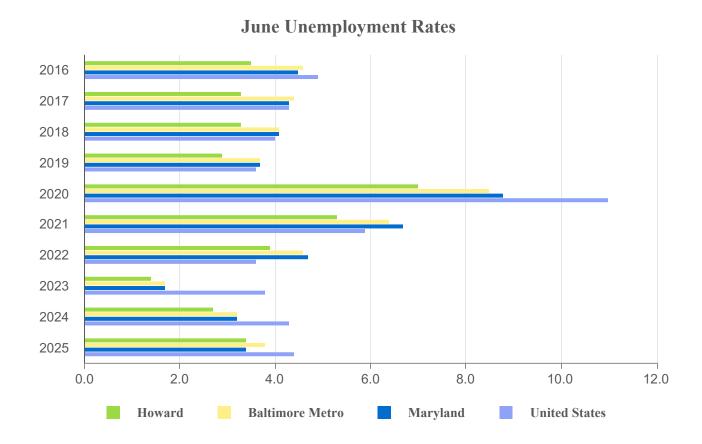
The Howard County budget is a comprehensive plan of all monies spent by County departments and agencies. As required by County law, the budget consists of the current operating expenditure and revenue budget (with five-year spending projections), the capital budget and capital program, and the budget message. The annual budget includes all revenues, all expenditures and the projected surplus or deficit in the General Fund and all other funds. Funds in the operating budget include appropriations for the following functional areas: education, public safety, public works, community services, general government, legislative and judicial, and capital, debt and reserves. The capital budget includes funds to construct major government facilities such as roads, bridges, schools, libraries, water and sewer infrastructure and fire stations. Capital projects usually take more than a year to complete, unlike the operating budget which covers only one year.

The budget process begins each Fall when the County Executive appoints a Spending Affordability Advisory Committee to establish guidelines for determining debt affordability levels for the upcoming year. County departments and agencies submit budget requests to the Executive in December. After a public process that involves two public hearings and a thorough review of departmental requests, the County Executive submits proposed capital and operating budgets to the County Council by April 1 and 21, respectively. The County Council then conducts a series of public hearings and work sessions in April and May to review the Executive's proposed budget. The County Council cannot change the form of the budget as submitted by the Executive to alter the revenue estimates or to increase any expenditure recommended by the Executive for current or capital purposes unless expressly provided for in State law or to correct mathematical errors. The County Council can reduce the Executive's budget, but not increase it, except in the case of the Public School's budget. The County Council may restore funds back to the level requested by the School Board. After its review, the County Council finalizes the entire budget and sets tax rates, fees and charges needed to generate enough revenue to balance the budget. The Annual Budget must be adopted by the County Council by the first day of the last month of the current fiscal year. Expenditure authority for the operating budget is at the fund and department level in major categories, including personnel costs, various operating expenses and capital cost. Appropriations in the capital budget are determined at the project level on an annual basis.

Once the budget is approved, the County Council can only amend it at the request of the County Executive. The operating budget is amended during the year through the use of supplemental budget appropriation ordinances (SAOs). The County Executive may request at any time during the fiscal year, the approval of an SAO by transferring funds from the County's budgeted contingency reserves. The capital budget may be amended through the use of Transfer Appropriation Ordinances (TAOs). The County Executive may request, at any time during the fiscal year that a TAO be approved by transferring funds from one capital project to another. At no time may the bottom line of the capital budget be increased. The County maintains an encumbrance system for budgetary control. All unencumbered appropriations of the operating budget lapse at year-end. Unencumbered capital appropriations continue until the specific capital project is closed.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Howard County continues to have a diverse economic base, taking advantage of a friendly business climate, a highly educated workforce and superb quality of life. It is located in the heart of the corridor between Washington, D.C. and Baltimore. The unemployment rate is expected to remain at or below the state 3.40% and national 4.40% levels as evidenced by the June 2025 rate of 3.40%.



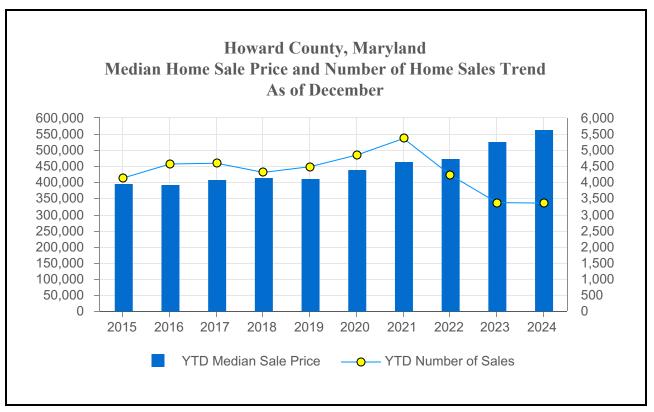
LOCAL ECONOMY

Howard County's ideal geographic location is a major factor in the substantial economic growth across a wide variety of industry sectors. According to the Maryland Department of Labor Licensing and Regulation, over 11,546 businesses in Howard County employ 170,396 workers in industries such as information technology, telecommunications, biotechnology, research and development, wholesale distribution, manufacturing, agriculture and in multinational corporations. The service sector is the largest industry in the County, employing 88.8% of the workforce. In the service industry, government contracts support cybersecurity and information technology programs and will continue to do so with the growth projected at Fort George G. Meade, which is less than two miles outside the County border.

Commercial real estate vacancy rates are stable. Office space and industrial vacancies remain below 11.5%. The average for flex and retail vacancy rates remains below 3.2% as reported by CoStar. The year-to-date average vacancy rate for 2025 is 7.7%. FY 2025 property tax revenues increased 3.8% above the previous fiscal year. In its FY 2026 budget, Howard County projects a modest increase in property tax revenues. One-third of property in the County is assessed each year, with increases in assessed values phased in over three years. This triennial assessment of property, the phasing-in of assessment increases, and the County's 5% Homestead Property Tax Credit rate help to stabilize the tax base and tax revenues.

Local income tax is the County's other main revenue source. Income tax collection increased by 12.4% when compared to the actual for FY 2024 due to increased capital gains and reconciliation distribution for prior years, which can fluctuate. The FY 2026 projection for income tax collections represents a 4.1% increase from what was budgeted in FY 2025.

Recordation tax, a leading indicator of the health of the local real estate market, continues to fluctuate. FY 2025 revenue from recordation tax increased 12.9% from the previous fiscal year. The FY 2026 budget projects a (1.6)% decrease in recordation tax collections compared to FY 2025. The demand for real estate remains strong but continues to be constrained by supply and affordability issues. The average days on market rose slightly to 24 days in the residential resale market.



Source: Metropolitan Regional Information Systems Inc.

The County participates in several tax abatement programs in accordance with State law and County Code. These programs are designed to encourage economic development, investment, sustainability, and affordable housing while supporting long-term fiscal stability.

- Under Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) agreements for Community Solar Projects, the County supports renewable energy development through a phased abatement schedule, resulting in reduced near-term property taxes in exchange for long-term investment in sustainable energy infrastructure.
- Through the Housing Commission, property used for affordable housing purposes is exempt from taxation, with payments in lieu of taxes negotiated to balance revenue needs with the County's commitment to housing opportunities for low- and moderate-income residents.
- The Commercial or Industrial Business Tax Credit encourages significant private investment and job creation by reducing property taxes on new or expanded facilities that meet specific investment and employment thresholds.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the County abated a total of \$2,979,048, with the Housing PILOTs representing the largest share at \$1,881,342.

These abatements are justified as strategic tools to attract investment, create jobs, promote affordable housing, and strengthen the County's long-term economic base. While they reduce near-term revenues, the long-term benefits include an expanded tax base, economic diversification, and improved community resilience.

As a result of continued focus on opportunities to reduce spending and increase efficiencies, the County had a surplus at the end of FY 2025. The adopted budget projects the FY 2026 gross assessable base of Howard County will increase by 6.4% from FY 2025. Homestead Tax Credits applications increased by nearly 400, resulting in a net taxable assessment increase of approximately 6.7%. The Homestead Tax Credit limits taxable increases on homeowner occupied properties to 5.0% per year. Approximately 49.2% of homeowner occupied properties in Howard County received this credit in FY 2025.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The County will continue the strong fiscal management policies which have led to AAA rating from all three major credit rating agencies. The Howard County Circuit Courthouse became the first courthouse on the East Coast to be delivered using a Public Private Partnership (P3) model. The County took occupancy in July 2021 and continues to make monthly payments to operate and maintain the Courthouse for the next 30 years to the high standards established by the County. Howard County will focus on the following priority areas in the future: Ready and Successful Students; Safe and Engaged Communities; Clean and Sustainable Environment; Thriving and Healthy Residents; Reliable and Accessible Infrastructure; Strong and Prosperous Businesses; and Innovative and Efficient Government.

LONG TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Rainy Day Fund

County voters approved an amendment to the County Charter to establish a budget stabilization account, also known as a Rainy Day Fund, to provide a financial safety net for the County effective December 3, 1992. The amendment requires all surplus funds in the County be placed in this fund until it reaches 7.0% of the prior year's audited expenditures. The funds may be used if an emergency exists pursuant to the County Charter, or if the County Executive determines that actual revenues will be substantially below the revenues budgeted and reasonable expenditure reduction will not offset the anticipated loss. See Note 1Q in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements for a discussion of the status of the Rainy Day Fund. The Rainy Day Fund's balance is currently at the target level.

Capital Projects and Debt Administration

The County funds its capital programs based on the requirements of the General Plan and supporting master plans for schools, recreation and parks, human services, water and sewer, solid waste, libraries, fire stations and public facilities.

The County plans long and short-term debt issuance to finance its capital budget based on cash flow needs, sources of revenue, capital construction periods, available financing instruments and market conditions. The County finances its capital needs on a regular basis dictated by its capital spending pattern. External financial specialists assist the County in developing a bond issuance strategy, preparing bond documents, and marketing bonds to investors. Bonds issued by the County mature over a term that does not exceed the economic life of the improvements that they finance.

The County consolidates general County improvements into Consolidated Public Improvement bonds with a term of up to 20 years and water and sewer improvements into Metropolitan District Bonds with a term of up to 30 years. Debt obligations are generally issued through a competitive sale. However, the County has the option to use a negotiated sale process when it will provide significant savings and/or if the terms of the offering are sufficiently complex that a competitive sale may not be financially prudent.

Spending Affordability Advisory Committee

The Spending Affordability Advisory Committee was established by Executive Order in 1987 to provide recommendations and projections for the upcoming budget year. Specifically, the Committee is charged to review in detail the status and projections of revenues and expenditures for the County for the next budget year and subsequent five years; to evaluate future County revenue levels and consider the impact of economic indicators, such as changes in residential personal income and assessable base growth; and to evaluate expenditure levels with consideration of County long-term obligations and the best way to pay for them.

The Committee recommends revenue projections and the amount of new County debt authorization for the upcoming fiscal year. The Committee report includes the effect its recommendations will have on future budgets. This Committee also assesses the County's ability to repay bond debt and issues an annual report defining debt capacity of the County.

FINANCIAL POLICIES

The financial policies and management practices of Howard County were recognized by all three major rating agencies with a continued Triple-A credit rating, the highest possible rating.

Debt Management Policy

The County adopted an updated debt management policy on October 7, 2009 that establishes the processes employed to manage its debt. The policy sets the parameters for issuing debt and managing outstanding debt. It provides guidance to decision makers regarding the timing and purposes for which debt may be issued, types and amounts of permissible debt, method of sale that may be used and structural features that may be incorporated. By establishing a debt policy, the County has recognized the binding commitment to full and timely repayment of all debt. The policy ensures that the County maintains a sound debt position and that credit quality is protected. The debt management policy is reviewed regularly and no updates are required.

Investment Policy

The County's investment policy provides for the safety and liquidity of public funds by minimizing credit and market risk while maintaining a competitive yield on the investment portfolio. Investment activities are governed by State laws. Accordingly, the County invests in: certificates of deposit (Maryland State banks only); repurchase agreements; banker's acceptances; commercial paper; U.S. Government and Federal agency obligations; Treasury and other government mutual funds; supranational issuers; and the State of Maryland investment pool. Repurchase agreements and certificates of deposit are subject to the County's collateralization policy. The investment policy was

updated and adopted by the County Council on February 4, 2019. The Association of Public Treasurers of the United States and Canada presented the County with the Association's Investment Policy Certificate of Excellence Award in June 2019. The investment policies for the two Howard County retirement plans establish asset allocation targets, investment manager selection, and investment performance guidelines.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Howard County, Maryland for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. This was the 49th consecutive year that the County received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the County published an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report satisfied both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that its current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and the we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another Certificate.

Also, the County received the GFOA's Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR) Award for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. In order to be eligible for the PAFR Award, a government must also submit its annual comprehensive financial report to GFOA's Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program and receive the Certificate for the current fiscal year. Each eligible report is reviewed by judges who evaluate the report based on the following categories: reader appeal, understandability, distribution methods, creativity and other elements.

In addition, the County received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated July 1, 2024. This was the 31st consecutive year the County has received this award. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the County's budget document was judged as proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide and a communication device. As a result of receiving all three awards from GFOA, the County was named a Triple Crown winner.

A very special thank you to the Department of Finance for their efforts in preparing and publishing this document. Credit also must be given to the County Executive and the County Council for their unwavering support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Howard County's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Rafiu O. Ighile, CPA, CGMA, MBA

Director of Finance





THE HOWARD COUNTY GOVERNMENT Office of the County Auditor

November 24, 2025

CERTIFICATE OF THE COUNTY AUDITOR

Honorable Members of the County Council Liz Walsh, Chairperson Opel Jones, Vice Chairperson Deb Jung Christiana Rigby David Yungman

The Honorable Calvin Ball County Executive

Article II, Section 212, of the Howard County Charter, requires that a complete audit of all offices, departments, institutions, boards, commissions, corporations, courts and other agencies of the County Government be prepared for the preceding fiscal year, and submitted to the County Council and to the County Executive, no later than November 30th of each year.

The independent certified public accounting firm of CliftonLarsonAllen LLP has been retained by the County Council to assist the County Auditor in the discharge of this responsibility. I hereby certify that the auditing requirements of Article II, Section 212, of the Howard County Charter have been satisfied for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Also, in accordance with the Charter Amendment approved by the voters of Howard County, I will make copies of this report available to the public at the County Auditor's Office, on our webpage, and at the Howard County public libraries.

Respectfully submitted,

Chris Ashman

Chris Ashman, CPA, CIA

County Auditor

George Howard Building, 3450 Court House Drive, Ellicott City, Maryland 21043-4392

(410) 313-2005 TTY Number: (410) 313-6401 Fax Number: (410) 313-3287

https://cc.howardcountymd.gov/



New County Flag

For the first time in 56 years, Howard County unveiled a new flag design, which went up outside the County's George Howard Building in Ellicott City on July 7, 2025. Designed by Ellicott City resident, Esen Paradiso, the new flag features rich, arching lines of gold and white over a field of green and blue. According to Paradiso, the arch represents both the historical past of Howard County, and its dynamic future. The stripes represent Howard County's historical and contemporary abundance of agricultural and natural resources. The golden circle represents the boundless energy of the sun empowering a diverse community with a view toward the horizon, a bright and optimistic future – and a primary color from the Maryland flag as a location anchor for Howard County. The blue represents the optimism of endless skies, the hope of a bright future, and the abundance of natural and recreational resources – lakes, rivers, and waterways. The green color represents the planned preservation and utilization of the natural environment, the continuing investment in a thriving agriculture economy, and the promise of growing a culturally appreciative community.

Paradiso's design was selected from three final designs that were recommended by the Howard County Flag Commission. The recommendations were informed by a public vote on the top 10 designs chosen from 184 eligible design submissions.



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Howard County Maryland

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2024

Executive Director/CEO

Christopher P. Morrill

FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Members of the County Council Howard County, Maryland

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Howard County, Maryland (the County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Fire and Rescue Reserve Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Howard County Public Schools and Howard County Public Library, which represent approximately 69% of assets and deferred outflows, 47% of net position, and 86% of revenues of the aggregately discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Howard County Public Schools and Howard County Public Library, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 21, the 2024 financial statements have been restated to account for a change in accounting principle. Our opinions are not modified with respect to these matters.

CLA (CliftonLarsonAllen LLP) is an independent network member of CLA Global. See CLAglobal.com/disclaimer.

Honorable Members of the County Council Howard County, Maryland

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Honorable Members of the County Council Howard County, Maryland

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Honorable Members of the County Council Howard County, Maryland

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 24, 2025, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Baltimore, Maryland November 24, 2025

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Howard County, Maryland (the County), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information furnished in our Letter of Transmittal and the County's basic financial statements. The discussion focuses on the County's primary government, and unless otherwise noted, does not include component units reported separately from the primary government.

Financial Highlights

- At the close of fiscal year 2025, the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1.69 billion, representing an overall increase in the County's net position. Of this amount, the unrestricted net position, which reflects resources available to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, reported a deficit of \$144.6 million. The deficit in unrestricted net position is primarily attributable to the County's practice of issuing debt to finance capital projects for the Howard County Public School System and the Howard Community College, however the County does not own the related assets. As of June 30, 2025, the debt outstanding for these component units totaled \$528.2 million, while the current net book value of the Public School System's buildings, improvements, and construction in progress was \$1.34 billion. In addition, the County is committed to providing postemployment benefits to its employees. This commitment has resulted in the recognition of significant long-term liabilities in the financial statements. As of June 30, 2025, the County reported liabilities of \$434.8 million for postemployment benefits which also contributed to the deficit balance in the unrestricted net position.
- As of June 30, 2025 the County's total government-wide net position increased by \$164.0 million. Total revenues for the fiscal year were approximately \$2.2 billion, consisting primarily of program revenues and general revenues such as property, local income, and other taxes. These revenues exceeded total expenses of approximately \$2.0 billion, resulting in the positive change in net position.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$839.2 million, representing an increase of \$53.5 million compared to the prior year. The General Fund reported a decrease in fund balance of \$82.5 million, primarily due to the budgeted one-time expenditures that were intended to use prior years' surpluses. The amount of fund balance needed to fund the one-time expenditures was less than budgeted due to increases in revenue. The increase in revenue was largely driven by an 11.4% (\$74.2 million) increase in local income tax distributions and a \$51.1 million increase in property tax revenue. The General Capital Projects Fund reported a increase of \$114.5 million in fund balance, primarily due to timing differences in the receipt of bond and grant proceeds relative to construction expenditures during the year. The fund balance of the Fire and Rescue Reserve Fund increased by \$5.9 million, primarily due to property taxes. The Other Governmental Funds reported an increase in fund balance of \$15.5 million lower debt service expenditures.
- At the end of fiscal year 2025, approximately \$476.1 million, or 56.7% of the County's total governmental fund balance, was available to meet current and future operational needs, as mandated by the appropriate level of authority within the County and is properly designated as committed, assigned and unassigned. The available fund balance for the General Fund totaled \$384.7 million representing 26.3% of total General Fund expenditures.

• The County's total long-term debt increased by \$7.4 million, or (0.4)% compared to the prior year. The major factors in this increase were the issuance of \$103.5 million in Consolidated Public Improvement (CPI) Project Bonds and \$21.7 million in Metropolitan District (Metro) Project Bonds. The County retired \$119.9 million in CPI Bonds, \$15.0 million in Metro Bonds, \$0.2 million in Water Quality Bonds and \$3.8 million in long-term financed purchase payments.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements that include: 1) Government-Wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. In addition, they report the County's net position and how they have changed during the fiscal year.

The *Statement of Net Position* is the Countywide statement presenting information that includes all County assets and deferred outflows of resources and County liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. Evaluations of the overall health of the County would extend to other non-financial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of County infrastructure in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current-year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or disbursed. An important purpose of the Statement of Activities is to show the financial reliance of the County's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the County's taxpayers.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include: general government, public safety, public works (roads, trash collection and disposal, planning and zoning, inspections and permits), legislative and judicial, education, community services (health, housing, aging, and consumer protection), recreation and parks, and capital improvements. The business-type activities of the County include the operations of water and sewer services, watershed restoration and protection services, broadband services, and a public golf course. Fiduciary activities, such as employee pension plans, are not included in the government-wide statements since these assets are not available to fund County programs.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County, the primary government, but also a legally separate school system, community college, library system, and housing commission for which the County is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements are located on pages 25-28 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. State and local governments use fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the County's most significant funds rather than the County as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the latter section of this report.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements focusing on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view while the fund focus includes the short-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and government-wide activities.

The County maintains seventeen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general, general capital projects, and fire rescue and reserve, all of which are major funds. Data from the other non-major governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements are provided for the General and Fire Rescue and Reserve funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Budgetary statements for non-major special revenue and debt service funds are provided in the combining section of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are located on pages 29-34 of this report.

Proprietary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the County charges customers a fee. The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer infrastructure and operations, its watershed restoration and protection services, its broadband services, and for the operations of its public golf course. Internal service funds are an accounting structure used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions.

The County uses internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles, technology and communication systems, risk management self-insurance program, and employee benefits self-insurance. Because the

internal service funds' services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, these have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide both long and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer Operations and the Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund, which are both considered major funds of the County. Combined financial information is also presented for the Broadband Services and Golf Course Operations, which are classified as nonmajor proprietary funds. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the non-major enterprise funds and the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary funds financial statements are located on pages 35-40 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary funds financial statements are located on pages 41-42 of this report.

The component unit financial statements are located on pages 43-45 of this report.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to Basic Financial Statements are located immediately after the Basic Financial Statements on pages 49-121.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning management's discussion and analysis and the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) to its employees. Required supplementary information is located on pages 125-137 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the General Fund, non-major governmental funds, enterprise funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions and are considered to be supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules begin on page 143 of this report.

The Statistical Section begins on page 195.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Over time, changes in net position serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At the close of the most recent fiscal year the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1.7 billion.

Statement of Net Position

The following presents a summary of the Statements of Net Position for the County as of June 30, 2025 and 2024:

Summary of Net Position									
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total				
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024			
Assets									
Current and other assets	\$1,451,344,439	\$1,388,272,567	\$ 298,440,423	\$ 261,545,286	\$1,749,784,862	\$1,649,817,853			
Capital assets	1,977,602,725	1,904,839,339	895,550,745	903,034,867	2,873,153,470	2,807,874,206			
Total assets	3,428,947,164	3,293,111,906	1,193,991,168	1,164,580,153	4,622,938,332	4,457,692,059			
Deferred outflows of resources	254,316,398	279,680,005	13,073,606	14,570,365	267,390,004	294,250,370			
Total assets and deferred outflows	3,683,263,562	3,572,791,911	1,207,064,774	1,179,150,518	4,890,328,336	4,751,942,429			
Liabilities									
Long-term liabilities outstanding	2,194,425,256	2,184,634,984	499,718,864	489,096,840	2,694,144,120	2,673,731,824			
Other liabilities	167,276,976	179,576,062	24,604,820	28,506,958	191,881,796	208,083,020			
Total liabilities	2,361,702,232	2,364,211,046	524,323,684	517,603,798	2,886,025,916	2,881,814,844			
Deferred inflows of resources	289,117,932	316,521,540	20,414,380	22,827,602	309,532,312	339,349,142			
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	2,650,820,164	2,680,732,586	544,738,064	540,431,400	3,195,558,228	3,221,163,986			
Net position									
Invested in capital assets	1,011,342,876	987,378,537	449,352,310	464,237,682	1,460,695,186	1,451,616,219			
Restricted	369,759,623	336,408,021	8,903,642	10,607,748	378,663,265	347,015,769			
Unrestricted (deficits)	(348,659,101)	(431,727,233)	204,070,758	163,873,688	(144,588,343)	(267,853,545)			
Total net position	\$1,032,443,398	\$ 892,059,325	\$ 662,326,710	\$ 638,719,118	\$1,694,770,108	\$1,530,778,443			

The County's current and other assets increased by \$100.0 million or 6.1% from the prior fiscal year. At the close of 2025, the County's assets and deferred outflow of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1.7 billion. The largest portion of the County's net position represents its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and right-to-use assets), net of the related debt used to acquire or construct those assets that remains outstanding. These capital assets are utilized to provide services to the County's residents and, as such, are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it is important to note that the resources required to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, as the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

It is important to note that, although counties in the State of Maryland issue debt to finance the construction of public school facilities, ownership of those buildings rests with each county's Board of Education. Ownership reverts to the County if the local board determines a building is no longer needed. The County also provides funding for capital projects at Howard Community College and for intersection improvements on state-owned roadways. Therefore, while the County's financial statements include this outstanding debt, they do not include the capital assets funded by the debt. As of June 30, 2025, debt outstanding for these entities amount to \$528.2 million. The negative unrestricted net position of governmental activities totaling \$348.7 million reflects the imbalance of liabilities without corresponding assets, as well as the governmental activities' portion of the County's Net OPEB liability of \$213.4 million and net pension liability of \$203.2 million.

An additional portion of the County's net position \$378.7 million or 22.3% represents resources subject to external restrictions on their usage.

The County's total net position increased by \$164.0 million for FY 2025.

Statement of Activities

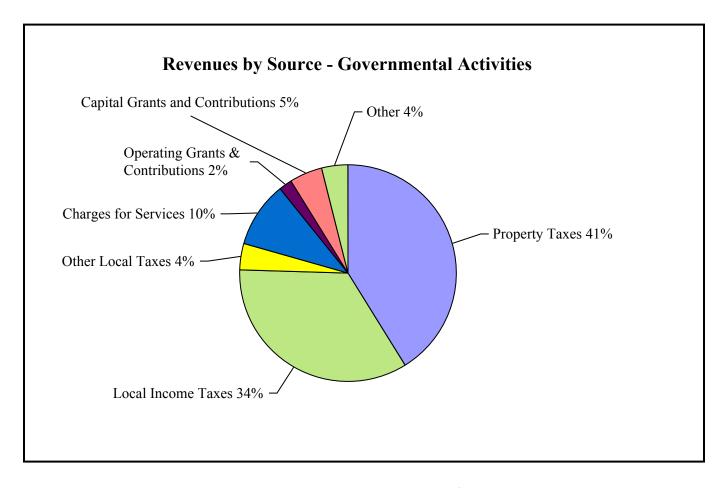
The following table summarizes the County's change in net position for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

Changes in Net Position										
	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	То	tal				
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024				
Revenues										
Program revenues										
Charges for services	\$ 194,506,468	\$ 173,590,802	\$ 106,781,028	\$ 88,264,237	\$ 301,287,496	\$ 261,855,039				
Operating grants and contributions	47,148,089	54,134,653	45,582,325	43,645,135	92,730,414	97,779,788				
Capital grants and contributions	92,014,107	44,250,142	2,842,680	3,912,217	94,856,787	48,162,359				
General revenues										
Property taxes	850,376,334	819,075,896	_	_	850,376,334	819,075,896				
Local income taxes	713,552,544	634,609,612	_	_	713,552,544	634,609,612				
Other taxes	78,884,105	73,677,547	_	_	78,884,105	73,677,547				
Other	60,158,206	62,034,665	12,481,670	11,763,232	72,639,876	73,797,897				
Total revenues	2,036,639,853	1,861,373,317	167,687,703	147,584,821	2,204,327,556	2,008,958,138				
Expenses										
General government	157,691,362	81,996,319	_	_	157,691,362	81,996,319				
Public safety	329,292,952	309,509,699	_	_	329,292,952	309,509,699				
Public works	225,284,774	250,006,072	_	_	225,284,774	250,006,072				
Recreation and parks	75,232,992	67,477,901	_	_	75,232,992	67,477,901				
Legislative and judicial	41,971,108	41,136,811	_	_	41,971,108	41,136,811				
Community services	80,124,749	65,918,126	_	_	80,124,749	65,918,126				
State highways	465,361	1,240,596	_	_	465,361	1,240,596				
Education	900,118,744	864,163,515	_	_	900,118,744	864,163,515				
Interest on long-term debt	54,112,901	55,410,605	_	_	54,112,901	55,410,605				
Water & Sewer	_	_	128,420,470	136,861,719	128,420,470	136,861,719				
Watershed	_	_	10,215,810	_	10,215,810	_				
Other			2,774,623	12,598,662	2,774,623	12,598,662				
Total expenses	1,864,294,943	1,736,859,644	141,410,903	149,460,381	2,005,705,846	1,886,320,025				
Increase (decrease) in net position	172 244 010	124 512 672	26 276 900	(1.075.5(0)	100 (21 710	122 (20 112				
before transfers	172,344,910	124,513,673	26,276,800	(1,875,560)	198,621,710	122,638,113				
Transfers	1,442,241	(7,560,215)	(1,442,241)	7,560,215						
Change in net position	173,787,151	116,953,458	24,834,559	5,684,655	198,621,710	122,638,113				
Net position - beginning	892,059,325	775,105,867	638,719,118	633,034,463	1,530,778,443	1,408,140,330				
Adjustment to restate net position	(33,403,078)		(1,226,967)		(34,630,045)					
Net position - ending	\$1,032,443,398	\$ 892,059,325	\$ 662,326,710	\$ 638,719,118	\$1,694,770,108	\$1,530,778,443				

Governmental Activities

During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities increased by \$140.4 million from the prior fiscal year, resulting in an ending balance of \$1.0 billion.

General revenue sources continue to be among the County's major sources of revenue. For FY 2025, governmental activities revenues totaled \$2.0 billion and were comprised of the following sources:



Taxes constitute the largest source of County revenues, amounting to \$1.6 billion for the current fiscal year.

- Property and income taxes combined comprised 76.0% of all County revenues. Each County in Maryland sets its income tax rate within parameters established by the State. The local income tax rate was 3.2% of the State taxable income for calendar years 2025 and 2024. There is no local sales tax in the State of Maryland. Property taxes remain among the largest source of revenues at \$850.4 million for the current fiscal year. The real property tax rate, which is set each year by the County Council, is applied to the assessed value of the property. Real property tax is levied annually on all taxable land and improvements. The current County tax rate is \$1.044/per \$100 assessment.
- Recordation tax revenues increased by \$2.3 million during FY 2025. This tax is applied to instruments that transfer an interest in real property (deed, lease, easement, contract, etc.) and is imposed on all documents recorded in the Howard County Land Records pursuant to Section 11.101 of the Howard County Code. Recordation and State transfer taxes (both Maryland and Howard County portions) are closely tied to real estate market activity. The increase in FY 2025 primarily

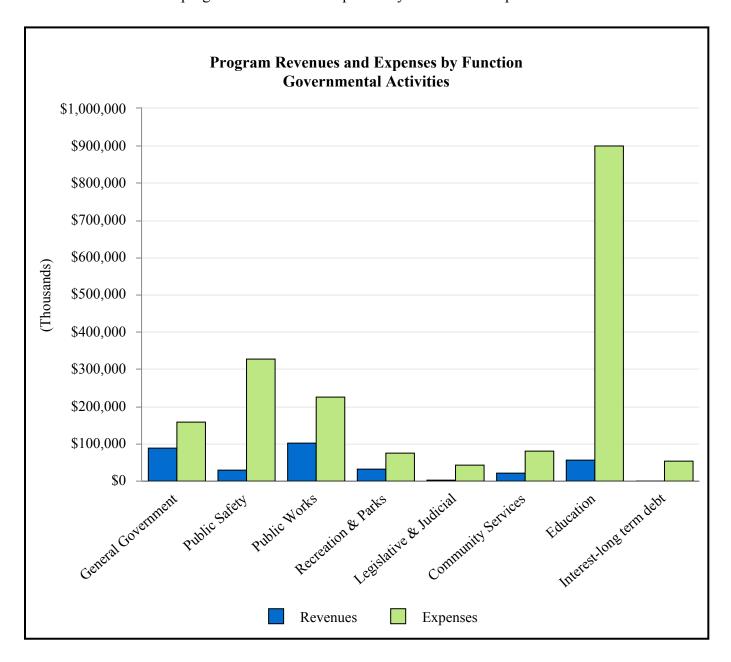
reflects the impact of lower mortgage interest rates that are incentivizing property transfers and refinancings.

• Operating grants and contributions primarily consist of grants from the Federal and State governments and State aid programs. The majority of these revenues are received to fund the following: Public Safety (\$3.2 million or 6.7%), Public Works (\$6.5 million or 13.7%), and Community Services (\$10.3 million or 21.8%). Total operating grants and contributions increased \$7.0 million compared to the prior fiscal year, primarily due to higher levels of intergovernmental support for infrastructure and facility investments.

The governmental activities' expenses increased from \$1.7 billion in the prior fiscal year to \$1.9 billion. The most significant increases (decreases) are related to the following functional areas:

- Education
 - Additional funding of approximately \$60 million was provided to the Howard County Public School System, Howard Community College and the Howard County Library System in FY2025 over FY2024
- Public Safety
 - \$14.2 million for cost-of-living and step increases
- Public Works
 - \$1.5 million for cost-of-living and step increases
- General Government
 - Increase of \$11 million in net pension liability for General Employees Plan due to a decrease in the discount rate
 - Increase of \$32.8 million in expenditures to promote local business and economic development such as Route One and to make critical investments that will address hospital wait times and expand access to health care in the community

Governmental activities program revenues and expenses by function are depicted below:

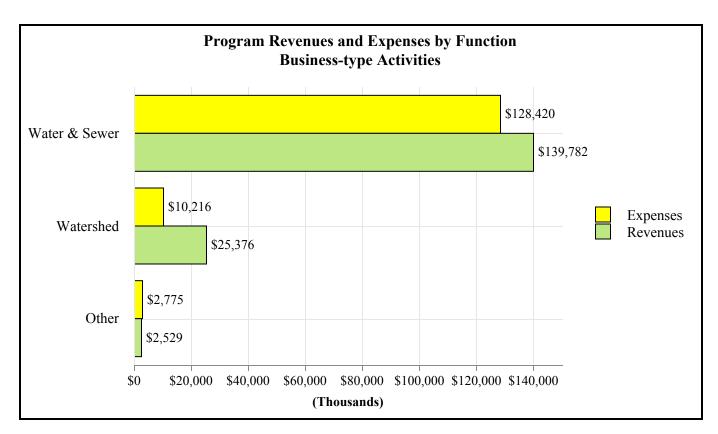


Business-type Activities

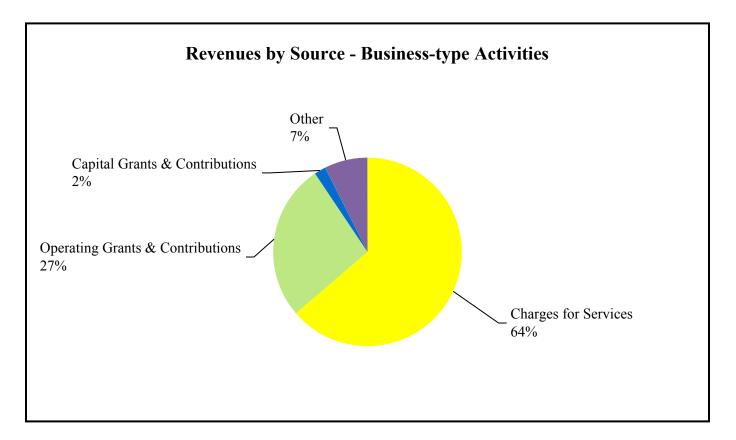
Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$24.8 million. The components of this increase are as follows:

- Charges for services increased by \$18.5 million, primarily due to higher water and sewer consumption and a rate increase in FY25.
- Operating grants and contributions, which totaled \$45.6 million, consist primarily of the annual ad valorem fee levied on all properties within the water and sewer service district. This charge is used to fund debt service payments and provide pay-as-you-go funding for capital projects.
- Capital grants and contributions totaled \$2.8 million and include the value of water and sewer lines constructed by developers and donated at no cost to the County. These contributions also include front foot revenues assessed to properties connected to the water and sewer system, which are used to repay debt issued to pay developer rebates. Effective July 1, 2004, the County has not entered into any new rebate contracts. Developers pay for those improvements and are still required to donate the assets to the County. Overall, capital grants and contributions decreased by \$1.1 million from FY 2024.

Business-type activities are presented to show the extent to which their costs are covered by revenues generated from related services. The County's Water and Sewer operations, Watershed Protection and Restoration program, and other activities, including the Golf Course and Broadband Services, are all designed to be self-supporting through user charges and service fees.



Business-type activities revenues were comprised of the following sources:



Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of Howard County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Additionally, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the County itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the County's Council.

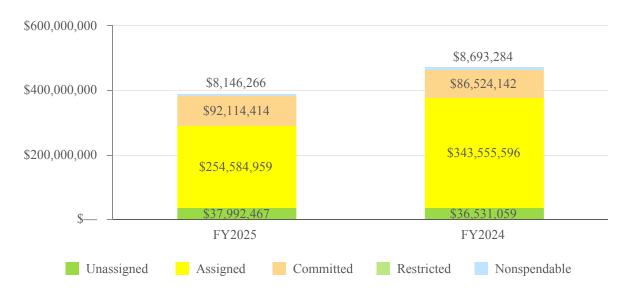
As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$839.2 million, an increase of \$53.5 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year. Of this fund balance, \$10.3 million is nonspendable, \$352.8 million is restricted by enabling legislation, \$216.4 million is committed by the County at the highest level of authority, \$269.4 million is assigned by management, and \$9.7 million is a deficit unassigned fund balance.

Major Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$38.0 million, (of which \$7.1 million is for the Health Department Fund) while the total fund balance decrease to \$392.8 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 2.5% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 26.3% of that same amount.

General Fund Components of Fund Balance



At the end of the current fiscal year, the total General Fund balance decreased by \$82.5 million or 17.4% less than the prior fiscal year primarily due to a increase in revenue from property and local taxes offset by one-time spending on operating and capital projects, as well as an increase in school system funding.

General Capital Projects

The General Capital Projects Fund, a major fund, is used to track the construction of general county buildings, as well as schools, libraries, and other buildings for the community college. The general capital projects fund balance increased by \$115 million and had a net position of \$65.2 million, partly due to the other financing sources related to debt issuance and operating transfers. The fund reports a deficit of unassigned balance of \$4.9 million due to amounts restricted, \$70.0 million for school and permanent public improvement projects for the current year.

Fire Rescue and Reserve Fund

The Fire Rescue and Reserve Fund, reported as a major fund, accounts for fire suppression, prevention, and related functions, as well as emergency medical services within the fire district. At the close of the fiscal year, the fund reported a total restricted balance of \$151.8 million, which represents an increase of 5.9 million from the prior fiscal year. This increase is primarily due to an increase in revenue from charges for services.

Proprietary Funds

The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Water and Sewer Proprietary Fund

All assets in fund the except those available to fund current liabilities, are considered restricted as a change in the County charter is required to allow these assets to be used for other purposes. The unrestricted net position of the water and sewer operations at fiscal year-end was \$155.3 million and operating income was \$78.2 million. Net position of the Water and Sewer Proprietary Fund increased by \$7.6 million due to an increase in purchased water and sewage treatment charges and overall decrease in operating expenses.

Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund

Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund is used to account for the maintenance, operations, and improvement of the local stormwater management system. At the close of the fiscal year the unrestricted net position was \$34.7 million and operating income was \$25.4 million. Net position of the Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund increased by \$14.9 million primarily due to increased user charges.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original budget compared to final budget. During the year, there was no need for any significant amendments to increase either the original estimated revenues or original budgeted appropriations. Revisions to the General Fund expenditure original budget (excluding transfers) included County Council approved supplemental and special appropriations and the year-end County Council transfer and County Executive supplemental appropriations.

Final budget compared to actual results. County revenues (excluding use of fund balance) exceeded the budget by \$94.2 million, primarily due to an unexpected, sustained high interest income rate, while actual expenditures were less than the final budget by 11.9 million, primarily due to cost saving actions.

The most significant differences between estimated revenues and actual revenues were as follows:

General Fund Revenues										
Estimate A										
Revenue Source		Revenues		Revenues		Variance				
Property taxes	\$	698,813,000	\$	701,950,777	\$	3,137,777				
Other local taxes	\$	665,058,057	\$	724,793,371	\$	59,735,314				
Interest on investments	\$	10,500,000	\$	42,890,005	\$	32,390,005				

This was primarily due to interest income which outperformed budget as a result of higher than expected interest rates. There were small but notable gains as well due to property taxes and other local taxes, with the exception of local income tax which experienced a significant increase over budget due to capital gains and lagged reconciliation for prior years, which can fluctuate.

The County experienced a favorable variance in expenditures totaling \$11.9 million across the functions primarily due to cost cutting measures.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2025 is \$2.9 billion (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, easements, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, sidewalks, roads, highways, bridges, water and sewer lines, stormwater management systems, and right-to-use assets. The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 3.8% increase for governmental activities, and a (0.8)% decrease for business-type activities.

Capital Assets (net of depreciation and amortization)													
		Government	al A	ctivities	Business-1	ype 1	Activities	Total					
		2025		2024	2025		2024		2025		2024		
Land and land improvements	\$	698,087,051	\$	676,367,387	12,593,115	\$	12,593,116	\$	710,680,166	\$	688,960,503		
Construction in progress		188,351,911		105,607,039	67,354,119		71,274,950		255,706,030		176,881,989		
Buildings and improvements		577,666,800		600,754,850	147,727,117		154,065,596		725,393,917		754,820,446		
Machinery and equipment		102,217,039		87,700,278	5,210,839		6,276,191		107,427,878		93,976,469		
Infrastructure		310,167,666		319,197,342	656,701,770		656,783,484		966,869,436		975,980,826		
Intangible right-to use assets		101,112,258		115,212,443	5,963,785		2,041,530		107,076,043		117,253,973		
Total capital assets	\$	1,977,602,725	\$	1,904,839,339	\$ 895,550,745	\$	903,034,867	\$	2,873,153,470	\$ 2	2,807,874,206		
1			_										

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- \$12.2 million Guilford Elevated Water Tank
- \$7.5 million Elkridge Community Center Land
- \$7.9 million Office Space Acquisitions
- \$3.4 million HOCO Performing Arts Center Land
- \$2.7 million Oakland Mills Road Improvements Phase 1
- \$2.5 million Daisy Road Bridge

Additional information on the County's capital assets are located in Note 6 on pages 75-78 of this report.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total long-term debt outstanding of \$2.1 billion. Of this amount, \$1.8 billion comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specific revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

Outstanding Debt										
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total					
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024				
General obligation bonds	\$ 1,263,758,250	\$ 1,284,311,885	\$ 469,059,150	\$ 460,961,741	\$1,732,817,400	\$ 1,745,273,626				
State water quality and MDE loan	_	_	1,931,316	2,342,429	1,931,316	2,342,429				
Tax increment financing bonds	61,920,000	62,980,000	_	_	61,920,000	62,980,000				
Ellicott City safe & sound loans	30,105,261	_	_	_	30,105,261	_				
Agricultural land preservation program	43,861,115	45,217,437	_	_	43,861,115	45,217,437				
Availability payment arrangement	95,700,210	97,435,336	_	_	95,700,210	97,435,336				
Lease liability	87,340,366	92,529,745	5,823,348	2,156,842	93,163,714	94,686,587				
Subscription liability	20,041,758	26,637,235	405,189	_	20,446,947	26,637,235				
Other	15,330,000	12,721,511	1,591,336	2,160,425	16,921,336	14,881,936				
Total outstanding debt	\$ 1,618,056,960	\$ 1,621,833,149	\$ 478,810,339	\$ 467,621,437	\$2,096,867,299	\$ 2,089,454,586				

The County's total long-term debt increased by \$7.4 million or (0.4)% during the current fiscal year. The major factors in this increase were the issuance of \$103.5 million in Consolidated Public Improvement (CPI) Project Bonds, and \$21.7 million in Metropolitan (Metro) District Project Bonds. The County retired \$119.9 million, \$15.0 million and \$0.2 million of CPI, Metro, and Water Quality Bonds, respectively. The County maintains an Triple-A rating from both Standard & Poor's and Fitch Ratings, and an "Aaa" rating from Moody's Investors Service for general obligation debt.

Local statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 4.8% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the County is \$3.2 billion, which is significantly more than the County's outstanding general obligation debt at fiscal year-end.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt is located in Note 7 starting on page 79 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following economic factors currently affect the County and were considered in developing the current fiscal year budget.

- The unemployment rate for the County was 3.40%. This compares favorably to the state's unemployment rate of 3.40% and the national rate of 4.40% for the same period.
- The occupancy rate for commercial space as of June 2025 was 92.3% compared to June 2024 of 93.1%. Total rentable building area (RBA) decreased by (267,184) during this fiscal year.

- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices. In addition, the following factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2026 fiscal year.
- The FY 2026 General Fund budget is \$12.6 million or 0.8% less than the FY 2025 budget. This decrease reflects a more uncertain fiscal outlook due to major workforce and funding changes at the federal level and includes less one-time resources.
- The County's property tax and fire tax rates were unchanged for FY 2026. Tax rates for income tax, and transfer and recordation tax rates remained the same for FY 2026. The rates for Water and Sewer charges were increased by approximately 10% to cover costs. There were no changes to the water and sewer ad valorem rates or watershed fees. The rate for Building Excise Tax (used to fund road expansion) was increased by 1%.
- The County will continue to leverage Federal and State pandemic relief funding, including the American Rescue Plan State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds. Howard County has allocated 100% of funding received of \$63.3 million as of June 30, 2025. The County is committed to using these funds effectively to ensure a sustainable recovery from the pandemic.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$38.0 million (of which \$7.1 million is for the Health Department Fund). The County has appropriated \$196.1 million use of cash pay-as-you-go for high-priority one-time spending items in the 2025 fiscal year budget. The County limits its use of pay-as-you-go to non-recurring costs only, including pay-as-you-go spending on capital projects as a cost-effective alternative to bond financing of the infrastructure projects.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Howard County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information can be addressed to the:

Department of Finance 3430 Court House Drive Ellicott City, Maryland 21043 (410) 313-2195 righile@howardcountymd.gov

Complete financial reports are also available on our website: www.howardcountymd.gov.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Howard County, Maryland Statement of Net Position June 30, 2025

]	Primary Governmen	ıt	
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
ASSETS				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 925,100,680	\$ 55,811,784	\$ 980,912,464	\$ 164,279,501
Cash and securities with fiscal agents	5,582,177	_	5,582,177	_
Investments	_	_	_	191,625,054
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	58,672,069	17,677,620	76,349,689	13,358,672
Lease receivables, current	1,073,365	381,668	1,455,033	10,622,610
Due from component units	65,921,419	_	65,921,419	_
Due from other governments	377,624,089	_	377,624,089	110,762,241
Internal balances	(3,125,091)	3,125,091	_	_
Materials and supplies	3,556,184	1,949,838	5,506,022	880,776
Prepaids	3,292,258	_	3,292,258	4,702,839
Lease receivables, noncurrent	10,179,463	4,229,275	14,408,738	_
Other noncurrent receivables	3,467,826	27,475	3,495,301	_
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalent and equity in pooled cash	_	206,243,016	206,243,016	21,302,052
Investments	_	_	_	13,453,500
Water and sewer assessments receivable	_	8,903,642	8,903,642	_
Other receivables	_	91,014	91,014	8,184,588
Capital Assets:				
Capital assets not being depreciated	886,438,962	79,947,234	966,386,196	247,924,764
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	1,091,163,763	815,603,511	1,906,767,274	1,798,478,344
Other noncurrent assets				17,130,456
Total assets	3,428,947,164	1,193,991,168	4,622,938,332	2,602,705,397
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension plans	169,548,015	5,043,774	174,591,789	33,086,304
Other post-employment benefits	78,142,038	5,547,340	83,689,378	428,261,478
Length of service award program	6,272,478	_	6,272,478	_
Deferred refunding amount	353,867	2,482,492	2,836,359	_
Derivative instruments - interest rate swap				934,624
Total deferred outflows of resources	254,316,398	13,073,606	267,390,004	462,282,406
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	3,683,263,562	1,207,064,774	4,890,328,336	3,064,987,803
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	62,630,287	7,971,433	70,601,720	20,724,761
Accrued interest payable	17,797,364	5,907,348	23,704,712	· · · —
Accrued wages and benefits	18,814,460	805,374	19,619,834	6,718,781
Deposits	10,189,078	1,296,312	11,485,390	1,309,790
Due to primary government	_	_	_	66,111,512
Short-term loans and notes payable	25,627,537	6,909,802	32,537,339	_
Unearned revenues	32,218,250	1,714,551	33,932,801	158,513,736
Noncurrent liabilities:	, -,	, ,	<i>y</i> -	- / /
Due within one year	137,969,482	18,978,962	156,948,444	15,561,123
Due in more than one year, net	2,056,455,774	480,739,902	2,537,195,676	1,317,026,210
Total liabilities	2,361,702,232	524,323,684	2,886,025,916	1,585,965,913

(continued)

Howard County, Maryland Statement of Net Position June 30, 2025

	P	rimary Governmen	t	
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
DEFENDED IVELOUS OF DESCRIPCING				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0.044.66		44.444.0==	40.007.000
Deferred lease revenue	9,814,662	4,452,313	14,266,975	10,907,203
Pension plans	13,601,147	443,156	14,044,303	2,448,121
Other post-employment benefits	252,237,380	15,518,911	267,756,291	641,964,047
Length of service award program	13,464,743		13,464,743	
Total deferred inflows of resources	289,117,932	20,414,380	309,532,312	655,319,371
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	2,650,820,164	544,738,064	3,195,558,228	2,241,285,284
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	1,011,342,876	449,352,310	1,460,695,186	1,697,418,127
Restricted for:				
3M Settlement	184,210	_	184,210	_
Business-type operations	_	_	_	11,066,022
Capital projects	_	_	_	22,405,852
Catalyst loan program	1,579,847	_	1,579,847	_
Community reinvestment and repair	3,035,766	_	3,035,766	_
Debt Service	_	_	_	3,281,147
Deferred support	_	_	_	268,230
Disposable plastic reduction	625,428	_	625,428	_
Economic development initiatives	663,033	_	663,033	_
Fire & rescue services	155,476,654	_	155,476,654	_
Forest conservation	1,362,407	_	1,362,407	_
Glenelg wastewater treatment plant	· · · —	_	· · · · —	1,493,503
Health and dental	_	_	_	3,000,000
Housing opportunity trust fund	7,619,473	_	7,619,473	· · · ·
Middle Patuxent environmental area program	208,277	_	208,277	_
MIHU Fee-in-Lieu	5,366,760	_	5,366,760	_
Open space	719,506	_	719,506	_
Opioid Abatement	20,470,410	_	20,470,410	_
Other Reserves		_		167,121
Parkland watershed facilities	19,538,673	_	19,538,673	
Permanent public improvement	1,686,346	_	1,686,346	
Print services		_		70,000
Program revenue	346,045	_	346,045	70,000
Public road facilities	57,701,246	_	57,701,246	_
Public school facilities	68,322,562	_	68,322,562	
Replace Reserves	00,322,302	_	00,322,302	7,449,980
Speed enforcement	951,078	_	951,078	7,442,200
Tax increment financing project	21,631,226	_	21,631,226	_
Technology services	21,031,220	_	21,031,220	8,000,000
	E04 (93	_	= 504 (02	0,000,000
Transit services	584,682	_	584,682	_
Vaping	1,685,994	0.002.642	1,685,994	_
Debt services	(0.40 < 70.40)	8,903,642	8,903,642	(0.42.42.4.522
Unrestricted (deficits)	(348,659,101)	204,070,758	(144,588,343)	(943,124,699)
Total net position	\$ 1,032,443,398	\$ 662,326,710	\$ 1,694,770,108	\$ 823,702,519

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Howard County, Maryland Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Program Revenues Net (Expense) Revenue and Chang						nue and Changes in N	Net Posit						
Functions/Programs			Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	1	`otal		nponent Units					
Primary government:														
General government	\$ 157,691,362	\$ 54,994,541	\$	26,214,977	\$	8,364,321	\$	(68,117,523)	\$	_	\$ (6	8,117,523)	\$	_
Public safety	329,292,952	27,644,064		3,173,778		_		(298,475,110)		_	(29	8,475,110)		_
Public works	225,284,774	75,860,664		6,464,065		18,833,099		(124,126,946)		_	(12	4,126,946)		_
Recreation and parks	75,232,992	24,120,902		76,048		7,021,061		(44,014,981)		_	(4	4,014,981)		_
Legislative and judicial	41,971,108	931,168		959,083		_		(40,080,857)		_	(4	0,080,857)		_
Community services	80,124,749	10,955,129		10,260,138		_		(58,909,482)		_	(5	8,909,482)		_
Education	900,118,744	_		_		57,795,626		(842,323,118)		_	(84	2,323,118)		_
State highways	465,361	_		_		_		(465,361)		_		(465,361)		_
Interest on long-term debt	54,112,901	_		_		_		(54,112,901)		_	(5	4,112,901)		_
Total governmental activities	1,864,294,943	194,506,468		47,148,089		92,014,107		(1,530,626,279)	_	_	(1,53	0,626,279)		_
Business-type activities:														
Broadband	2,637,738	1,866,019		_		_		_		(771,719)		(771,719)		_
Special recreation facility	136,885	662,975		_		_		_		526,090		526,090		_
Water and sewer	128,420,470	78,875,694		45,582,325		2,842,680		_		(1,119,771)		(1,119,771)		_
Watershed	10,215,810	25,376,340		_		_		_		15,160,530	1	5,160,530		_
Total business-type activities	141,410,903	106,781,028		45,582,325		2,842,680	_	_		13,795,130	1	3,795,130		_
Total primary government	\$ 2,005,705,846	\$ 301,287,496	\$	92,730,414	\$	94,856,787	\$	(1,530,626,279)	\$	13,795,130	\$ (1,51	6,831,149)	\$	_
Component units:														
Community college	128,860,006	33,462,682		20,015,836		22,213,606		_		_		_	(5	3,167,882)
Housing commission	78,861,682	36,963,577		6,043,815		19,783,672		_		_		_	(1	6,070,618)
Library	29,077,943	779,982		776,331		_		_		_		_	(2	7,521,630)
Public school system	1,505,038,129	14,899,235		293,880,253		48,378,919		_		_		_	(1,14	7,879,722)
Total component units	\$ 1,741,837,760	\$ 86,105,476	\$	320,716,235	\$	90,376,197	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$(1,24	14,639,852)

(continued)

Howard County, Maryland Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		Component Units
General revenues and transfers:							
Property taxes	\$	850,376,334	\$	_	\$	850,376,334	s —
Local income taxes		713,552,544		_		713,552,544	_
Transfer tax		41,675,974		_		41,675,974	_
Recordation tax		20,240,235		_		20,240,235	_
Building excise tax		5,591,729		_		5,591,729	_
Hotel / motel tax		6,092,885		_		6,092,885	_
Admission tax		3,911,628		_		3,911,628	_
Cannabis sales tax		1,318,935		_		1,318,935	_
County development tax		52,719		_		52,719	_
Intergovernmental, unrestricted		5,339,061		_		5,339,061	347,132,478
Unrestricted investment income		53,522,828		12,251,779		65,774,607	20,923,173
Miscellaneous		1,296,317		229,891		1,526,208	47,783,591
Capital contributions		(5,780,231)		5,780,231		_	_
Transfers, net		7,222,472		(7,222,472)		_	_
Total general revenues and transfers		1,704,413,430		11,039,429		1,715,452,859	1,254,646,414
Change in net position		173,787,151		24,834,559		198,621,710	10,006,562
Net position - beginning		892,059,325		638,719,118	1,	,530,778,443	813,695,957
Adjustment to restate beginning balance							
Change in accounting principles GASB 101		(33,403,078)		(1,226,967)		(34,630,045)	_
Net position - beginning, as restated		858,656,247		637,492,151	1,	,496,148,398	813,695,957
Net position - ending	\$	1,032,443,398	\$	662,326,710	\$ 1,	,694,770,108	\$ 823,702,519

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Howard County, Maryland Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2025

	General Fund		General Capital Projects Fund		Fire and Rescue Reserve Fund	G	Other Sovernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS				_					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 377,686,281	\$	107,365,381	\$	5 154,765,600	\$	238,232,193	\$	878,049,455
Cash with fiscal agent	_		_		_		5,582,177		5,582,177
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	13,960,237		76,978		5,870,778		36,489,288		56,397,281
Lease receivables	586,873		_		_		9,132		596,005
Due from component units	7,176,073		49,391,715		_		9,353,631		65,921,419
Due from other governments	357,643,511		5,160,743		_		14,819,835		377,624,089
Due from other funds	1,302,522				_		422,000		1,724,522
Materials and supplies	960,254		_		591,653		163,178		1,715,085
Prepaids	9,939		_		_		1,416,363		1,426,302
Total assets	759,325,690		161,994,817		161,228,031		306,487,797		1,389,036,335
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable / accrued liabilities	16,520,977		19,016,903		778,974		17,927,489		54,244,343
Accrued wages and benefits	11,927,913		67,560		4,380,751		1,238,535		17,614,759
Short-term loans and notes payable	_		18,188,732		_		7,438,805		25,627,537
Deposits and connection fees	8,849,348		_		_		1,264,730		10,114,078
Unearned revenue	122,704		6,835,727		_		25,211,810		32,170,241
Total liabilities	37,420,942		44,108,922	_	5,159,725		53,081,369		139,770,958
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable income taxes	313,369,678				_		_		313,369,678
Unavailable property taxes	12,859,871		_		1,640,722		_		14,500,593
Unavailable fees	2,259,966		_		1,995,436		21,744,353		25,999,755
Unavailable grant revenues	_		52,728,414		_		2,930,057		55,658,471
Unavailable lease revenues	577,127				_		8,849		585,976
Total deferred inflows	329,066,642		52,728,414		3,636,158		24,683,259		410,114,473
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	366,487,584		96,837,336	_	8,795,883		77,764,628		549,885,431
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable	8,146,266		_		591,653		1,579,541		10,317,460
Restricted	· · · —		70,008,908		151,840,495		130,921,992		352,771,395
Committed	92,114,414						124,314,410		216,428,824
Assigned	254,584,959		_		_		14,775,586		269,360,545
Unassigned (deficits)	37,992,467		(4,851,427)		_		(42,868,360)		(9,727,320)
Total fund balances (deficits)	392,838,106	_	65,157,481	_	152,432,148	_	228,723,169	_	839,150,904
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 759,325,690	\$	161,994,817	\$	6 161,228,031	\$	306,487,797	\$	1,389,036,335

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Howard County, Maryland Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2025

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (page 26) are different because:		
Total fund balances - governmental funds (page 29)		\$ 839,150,904
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and		
telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal services funds		
are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position		63,168,206
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore,		
not reported in the funds:		
Bonds and notes payable	(1,290,123,428)	
Long-term financed purchase obligation	(2,237,000)	
Availability payment arrangement obligation	(95,700,210)	
Lease liability	(87,340,366)	
Subscription based information technology agreements liability	(11,935,560)	
Deferred refunding gain/loss and premium	(121,865,591)	
Other noncurrent liabilities	(7,068,319)	
Accrued interest payable	(17,797,364)	
Compensated absences	(70,449,779)	
Landfill closure and post-closure	(27,511,000)	
Total long-term liabilities		(1,732,028,617)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported		
in the funds		1,914,176,288
The net pension liability, LOSAP, and OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period		
and related deferred inflows and outflows are not an available resource, and therefore, are not reported		
in the funds.		(465,867,604)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures, and therefore, are either		
deferred or not reported in the funds:		
Deferred inflows	410,114,474	
Other	3,729,747	
Total other long-term assets	5,127,141	413,844,221
Total office long-term assets		713,077,221
Net position of governmental activities (page 26)		\$ 1,032,443,398

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Howard County, Maryland Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General Fund	General Capital Projects Fund		Fire and Rescue Reserve Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 701,652,235	\$ —	\$	140,702,533	\$ 6,088,648	\$ 848,443,416
Other local taxes	724,793,372	10,418,993		_	36,901,428	772,113,793
State shared taxes	5,339,061	_		_	_	5,339,061
Revenues from other governments	15,497,499	77,780,415		_	39,397,095	132,675,009
Charges for services	10,198,151	_		18,952,250	66,068,337	95,218,738
Investment income:						
Interest on investments	31,226,283	3,241,304		8,539,965	11,233,314	54,240,866
Installment interest	16,359	_		_	157,618	173,977
Licenses and permits	5,632,048	_		_	313,944	5,945,992
Fines and forfeitures	3,059,038	_		1,785	3,489,360	6,550,183
Developer fees	_	_		_	1,532,601	1,532,601
Payments from component units	368,165	_		_	_	368,165
Miscellaneous program revenues	2,896,370	13,811,956	_	116,128	12,760,856	29,585,310
Total revenues	1,500,678,581	105,252,668		168,312,661	177,943,201	1,952,187,111
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government	108,714,320	_		_	18,069,835	126,784,155
Legislative & judicial	41,547,473	_		_	1,184,582	42,732,055
Public works	93,129,460	546,374			45,849,990	139,525,824
Public safety	170,942,983	_		152,217,270	7,223,272	330,383,525
Recreation and parks	29,528,824	_		_	23,994,985	53,523,809
Community services	52,636,998	_		_	29,610,151	82,247,149
Education	836,980,000	60,634,751		_	_	897,614,751
Capital improvements	_	119,202,940		_	63,608,103	182,811,043
Debt service:						
Principal payments on debt	105,849,912	_		50,574	5,713,400	111,613,886
Interest payments on debt	 52,765,843		_	7,246	5,476,039	58,249,128
Total expenditures	1,492,095,813	180,384,065	_	152,275,090	200,730,357	2,025,485,325
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 8,582,768	(75,131,397)		16,037,571	(22,787,156)	(73,298,214)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Lease issued	461,913	_		202,583	_	664,496
Loan proceeds	_	_		_	5,848,000	5,848,000
Bond premium	_	7,806,153		_	1,140,753	8,946,906
Capital-related issuance of debt	_	96,381,493		_	11,360,642	107,742,135
Refunding bonds issued	_	21,501,940		_	1,363,061	22,865,001
Installment purchase agreements issued		21,501,510			2,614,860	2,614,860
	_	(22 902 01 4)		_		
Payment made to escrow agent	42.466.005	(22,892,914)		_	(1,225,346)	
Transfers in	42,466,805	92,325,428		_	44,602,033	179,394,266
Transfers out	(133,977,461)	(5,471,239)	_	(10,301,425)	(27,441,930)	(177,192,055)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (91,048,743)	189,650,861	_	(10,098,842)	38,262,073	126,765,349
Net change in fund balances	 (82,465,975)	114,519,464	_	5,938,729	15,474,917	53,467,135
Fund balances (deficit) - beginning	 475,304,081	(49,361,983)	_	146,493,419	213,248,252	785,683,769
Fund balances (deficit) - ending	\$ 392,838,106	\$ 65,157,481	\$	152,432,148	\$ 228,723,169	\$ 839,150,904

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Howard County, Maryland

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 28) are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 31)\$	53,467,135
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the	
cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
The details of the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation in the current period is as follows:	
Capital outlays 146,318,659	
Less: Depreciation expense	
	74,708,415
In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of land and buildings is reported, whereas in the	
governmental funds, the proceeds from the sales increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net	
position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the land and buildings sold	(390,761)
Donations of capital assets increase net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the	
governmental funds because they are not financial resources.	61,305
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as	
revenues in the funds. These amounts represent the net change:	
Primary property taxes 1,932,892	
Individual income tax 19,975,226 Grant revenues 6,255,643	
Grant revenues 6,255,643 Charges for services and other	
Charges for services and other 2,514,0/5	30,478,436
	30,470,430
Long-term debt proceeds (i.e., bonds, leases, installment purchase agreements) provide current financial	
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of the long-term debt consumes	
the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position	
Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first	(24,988,357)
issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities	
In the statement of activities, some expenses do not require the use of current financial resources and	
therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds	40,437,172
	.,,
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance	
and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds	
is reported with governmental activities	13,806
-	
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 28)	173,787,151

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Howard County, Maryland Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budgetary Basis

General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budget	Amounts		Variance with
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Property taxes	\$ 698,813,000	\$ 698,813,000	\$ 701,950,777	\$ 3,137,777
Other local taxes	665,058,057	665,058,057	724,793,371	59,735,314
State shared taxes	5,584,000	5,584,000	5,339,061	(244,939)
Revenues from other governments	11,657,000	11,657,000	15,497,499	3,840,499
Charges for services	11,013,000	11,013,000	10,198,152	(814,848)
Interest on investments	10,500,000	10,500,000	42,890,005	32,390,005
Licenses and permits	6,812,221	6,812,221	5,632,052	(1,180,169)
Recoveries for inter-fund services	23,377,187	23,377,187	23,332,034	(45,153)
Fines and forfeitures	3,100,000	3,100,000	3,059,037	(40,963)
Component units return of funding	368,170	368,170	368,166	(4)
Miscellaneous program revenue	5,635,000	5,635,000	3,051,619	(2,583,381)
Total revenues	1,441,917,635	1,441,917,635	1,536,111,773	94,194,138
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	58,432,419	119,639,049	114,386,472	5,252,577
Legislative & judicial	44,648,646	44,648,646	41,449,961	3,198,685
Public works	105,388,006	107,596,512	106,062,060	1,534,452
Public safety	182,465,196	179,855,133	179,208,386	646,747
Recreation and parks	31,527,751	31,597,696	31,586,093	11,603
Community services	36,484,195	34,153,734	33,489,086	664,648
Education	836,980,000	836,980,000	836,980,000	_
Health Department	19,753,098	19,699,325	17,271,329	2,427,996
Debt service:				
Principal payments on debt	102,976,370	105,481,944	105,481,359	585
Interest payments on debt	52,448,351	52,846,732	52,783,128	63,604
Total expenditures	1,471,104,032	1,532,498,771	1,518,697,874	13,800,897
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(29,186,397)	(90,581,136)	17,413,899	107,995,035
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Appropriation from fund balance	196,092,300	196,092,300	87,965,600	(108,126,700)
Transfers in	38,605,338	38,605,338	38,605,261	(77)
Transfers out	(205,511,241)	(144,116,502)	(143,583,662)	532,840
Total other financing sources (uses)	29,186,397	90,581,136	(17,012,801)	(107,593,937)
Net change in fund balance			401,098	401,098
Fund balances - beginning			466,500,112	
Fund balances - ending			\$ 378,935,610	*

^(*) See Note 1(P) for ending fund balance reconciliation.

Health Department's fund balance is combined with the General Fund for the budgetary basis statement only.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis Fire and Rescue Reserve Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	 Budget A	Amo	unts			Va	riance with
	 Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$ 141,500,000	\$	141,500,000	\$	140,702,533	\$	(797,467)
Charges for services	11,550,000		11,550,000		18,787,839		7,237,839
Fines and forfeitures	1,000		1,000		1,785		785
Miscellaneous program revenue	 135,000		135,000		116,128		(18,872)
Total revenues	153,186,000		153,186,000		159,608,285		6,422,285
EXPENDITURES							
Public safety:							
Administrative	161,032,152		160,938,448		155,044,818		5,893,630
Debt services:							
Principal payments on debt	_		86,575		86,574		1
Interest payments on debt	 _		7,129		7,129		
Total expenditures	161,032,152		161,032,152		155,138,521		5,893,631
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (7,846,152)		(7,846,152)		4,469,764		12,315,916
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Appropriation from fund balance	9,607,618		9,607,618		_		(9,607,618)
Transfers out	 (1,761,466)		(1,761,466)		(1,761,460)		6
Total other financing sources (uses)	 7,846,152		7,846,152		(1,761,460)		(9,607,612)
Net change in fund balance	 _		_		2,708,304		2,708,304
Plus prior year encumbrances lapsed	 				111,550		
Fund balance - beginning					132,388,097		
Fund balance - ending				\$	135,207,951	*	

^(*) See Note 1(P) for ending fund balance reconciliation.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Howard County, Maryland Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2025

		Business-Ty	pe Activities		Governmental Activities
	Water and Sewer	Watershed Protection and Restoration	Other Funds	Total Funds	Internal Services Funds
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 9,236,833	\$ 35,605,634	\$ 10,969,317	\$ 55,811,784	\$ 47,051,225
Receivables:					
Property taxes, net	279,519	36,300	_	315,819	_
Service billings	16,114,792	_	198,029	16,312,821	1,057,12
Other receivables	1,047,074	_	1,906	1,048,980	1,279,74
Lease receivables, current	_	_	381,668	381,668	819,205
Materials and supplies	1,949,838	_	_	1,949,838	1,841,099
Prepaids	_	_	_	_	1,865,950
Restricted assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	206,243,016	_	_	206,243,016	_
Water and sewer assessments	2,116,580			2,116,580	
Total current assets	236,987,652	35,641,934	11,550,920	284,180,506	53,914,35
Noncurrent assets:					
Lease receivables, noncurrent	_	_	4,229,275	4,229,275	9,837,619
Other receivables	_	_	27,475	27,475	_
Restricted assets:					
Other receivables		91,014	_	91,014	_
Water and sewer assessments Capital assets:	6,787,062	_	_	6,787,062	_
Land and land improvements	3,068,642	839,577	8,684,896	12,593,115	_
Construction in progress	67,354,119	_	_	67,354,119	_
Buildings and improvements, net	116,933,670	273,948	361,373	117,568,991	52,182
Machinery and equipment, net	4,092,019	379,257	739,563	5,210,839	52,954,90
Infrastructure, net	558,117,284	92,062,108	6,522,378	656,701,770	544,442
Improvement other, net	28,084,074	745,922	1,328,130	30,158,126	1,204,29
Intangible right-to-use assets, net	5,483,271	_	· · · —	5,483,271	
Intangible right-to-use subscription, net	480,514	_	_	480,514	8,670,624
Total noncurrent assets	790,400,655	94,391,826	21,893,090	906,685,571	73,264,06
Total assets	1,027,388,307	130,033,760	33,444,010	1,190,866,077	127,178,412
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred refunding amount	2,482,492	_	_	2,482,492	_
Pension plans	5,043,774	_	_	5,043,774	_
Other post-employment benefits	5,547,340	_	_	5,547,340	_
Total deferred outflows of resources	13,073,606			13,073,606	_
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	1,040,461,913	130,033,760	33,444,010	1,203,939,683	127,178,412
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Due to other funds	_	_	1,724,522	1,724,522	_
Accounts payable	7,550,165	340,966	80,302	7,971,433	8,215,10
Accrued interest payable	_	_	_	_	170,843
Accrued wages and benefits	713,571	62,814	28,989	805,374	1,169,843
Compensated absences	437,048	34,287	27,643	498,978	29,858
Deposits and connection fees	_	_	_	_	75,000
Lease liability	338,810	_	_	338,810	_
Subscription liability	197,239	_	_	197,239	4,403,434

(continued)

Howard County, Maryland Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2025

		Business-Typ	oe Activities		Governmental Activities
	Water and Sewer	Watershed Protection and Restoration	Other Funds	Total Funds	Internal Services Funds
Unpaid insurance claims	_	_	_	_	9,350,904
Certificate of participation (COPs)	_	_	_	_	730,000
Unearned revenue	_	_	_	_	48,009
Total current liabilities	9,236,833	438,067	1,861,456	11,536,356	24,192,992
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:					
Deposits and connection fees	1,296,311	_	_	1,296,311	_
Developer agreement rebates and deposits	49,794	_	_	49,794	_
Other debt payable	7,155,074	_	_	7,155,074	_
Certificate of participation (COPs)	270,000	_	_	270,000	_
Bonds and note payable	15,885,000	1,193,911	125,900	17,204,811	_
Loan payable	_	174,058	_	174,058	_
Interest payable	5,395,460	466,005	45,883	5,907,348	
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	30,051,639	1,833,974	171,783	32,057,396	
Total current liabilities	39,288,472	2,272,041	2,033,239	43,593,752	24,192,992
Noncurrent liabilities:		_			
Developer agreement rebates and deposits	221,541	_	_	221,541	_
Net OPEB liability	12,715,040	_	_	12,715,040	_
Net pension liability	5,446,328	_	_	5,446,328	_
Compensated absences	1,973,177	148,902	126,112	2,248,191	3,555,147
Unpaid insurance claims	_	_	_	_	17,876,425
Long-term certificate of participation (COPs)	1,050,000	_	_	1,050,000	18,607
Metropolitan district bonds payable	417,095,913	31,650,766	_	448,746,679	_
Long-term bonds payable	_	_	2,904,960	2,904,960	_
Lease liability	5,484,537	_	_	5,484,537	_
Subscription liability	207,950	_	_	207,950	3,702,765
Unearned revenue	1,612,843	_	101,708	1,714,551	_
Other long-term debt	1,271,113	443,563		1,714,676	
Total noncurrent liabilities	447,078,442	32,243,231	3,132,780	482,454,453	25,152,944
Total liabilities	486,366,914	34,515,272	5,166,019	526,048,205	49,345,936
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred lease revenue	_	_	4,452,313	4,452,313	9,814,658
Pension plans	443,156	_	_	443,156	_
Other post-employment benefits	15,518,911	<u></u>	<u></u> _	15,518,911	
Total deferred inflows of resources	15,962,067		4,452,313	20,414,380	9,814,658
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	502,328,981	34,515,272	9,618,332	546,462,585	59,160,594
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	502,328,981	34,515,272	9,618,332	546,462,585	59,160,59

(continued)

Howard County, Maryland Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2025

		Governmental Activities			
	Water and Sewer	Watershed Protection and Restoration	Other Funds	Total Funds	Internal Services Funds
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	373,955,538	60,791,292	14,605,480	449,352,310	54,571,636
Restricted:					
Debt service	8,903,642	_	_	8,903,642	_
Unrestricted	155,273,752	34,727,196	9,220,198	199,221,146	13,446,182
Total net position	\$ 538,132,932	\$ 95,518,488	\$ 23,825,678	\$ 657,477,098	\$ 68,017,818
Adjustment to reflect consolidation of internal service	fund activities relate	ed to enterprise funds		4,849,612	
Net position of business-type activities				\$ 662,326,710	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Howard County, Maryland

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Governmental Activities			
	Water and Sewer	Watershed Protection and Restoration	Other Funds	Total Funds	Internal Services Funds
Operating revenues: User charges Insurance recoveries	\$ 75,131,596	\$ 25,329,981	\$ 1,850,954	\$ 102,312,531	\$ 146,471,497 1,425,692
Miscellaneous sales and services	3,101,763	46,359	678,040	3,826,162	1,268,324
Total operating revenues	78,233,359	25,376,340	2,528,994	106,138,693	149,165,513
Operating expenses:					
Salaries and employee benefits	15,857,407	1,622,371	758,738	18,238,516	23,783,723
Contractual services	24,172,746	4,319,601	618,032	29,110,379	14,805,479
Materials and supplies	6,462,352	160,708	189,724	6,812,784	10,048,922
Business and travel	95,240	3,565	1,258		493,301
Vehicle fuels and supplies	3,045,945	24,705		3,070,650	4,512,068
Purchased water and transmission charges	18,524,229		_	18,524,229	.,612,000
Sewage treatment charges	7,485,685	_	_	7,485,685	_
Share of county administrative expenses	7,881,914	1,100,290	_	8,982,204	1,288,191
Insurance claims	2,029		_	2,029	85,587,382
Other administrative	54,537	93,287	_	147,824	2,631,461
Depreciation and amortization expense	31,177,297	1,699,305	1,085,883	33,962,485	16,386,680
Less: house connection and capitalized overhead		1,077,505	1,003,003		
costs Total operating expenses	(17,700) 114,741,681	9,023,832	2,653,635	$\frac{(17,700)}{126,419,148}$	159,537,207
Operating income (loss)	(36,508,322)	16,352,508	(124,641)	(20,280,455)	(10,371,694)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Ad valorem charges	45,582,325	_	_	45,582,325	_
Water and sewer assessment charges	642,335	_	_	642,335	_
Interest on investments	9,977,524	1,812,393	461,862	12,251,779	1,980,448
Interest expense	(13,825,224)	(1,191,978)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Proceeds from the sale or disposition of capital assets	_		_	_	1,041,050
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	(31,061)	_	_	(31,061)	
Other, net	(31,001)	229,222	669	229,891	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	42,345,899	849,637	341,543	43,537,079	2,912,220
Net income (loss) before contributions and					
transfers	5,837,577	17,202,145	216,902	23,256,624	(7,459,474)
Capital contributions	2,842,680	5,780,231	_	8,622,911	2,630,519
Transfers in	_	· · · · —	800,000	800,000	6,730,336
Transfers out	_	(8,000,000)	(22,472)	(8,022,472)	(1,710,075)
Change in net position	8,680,257	14,982,376	994,430	24,657,063	191,306
Net position - beginning	530,523,241	80,610,237	103,523,761	714,657,239	69,494,335
Adjustment to beginning net position Change within financial reporting entity (non-major to major)	_	_	(80,610,237)	(80,610,237)	_
Change in accounting principles GASB 101	(1,070,566)	(74,125)	(82,276)	(1,226,967)	(1,667,823)
Net position - beginning of year, as restated	529,452,675	80,536,112	22,831,248		67,826,512
Net position - ending	\$ 538,132,932	\$ 95,518,488	\$ 23,825,678		\$ 68,017,818
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal s Change in net position of business-type activities	ervice fund activities	related to enterprise fu	unds	177,496 \$ 24,834,559	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Howard County, Maryland Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

				Business-Ty	pe	Activities		Governmental Activities
	,	Water and Sewer	Pr	Watershed otection and Restoration		Other Funds	Total Funds	Internal Services Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash received from customers	\$	79,993,709	\$	25,328,263	\$	2,079,704	\$ 107,401,676	\$ 149,843,859
Cash paid to suppliers		(58,450,564)		(3,598,628)		(197,165)	(62,246,357)	(105,299,192)
Cash paid to / for employees		(18,097,050)		(1,521,076)		(646,559)	(20,264,685)	(21,869,012)
Cash paid for inter-fund services used		_		(746,244)		(258,365)	(1,004,609)	(717,823)
Other operating disbursements		(10,600,315)		(1,316,444)		_	(11,916,759)	(10,069,799)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(7,154,220)		18,145,871		977,615	11,969,266	11,888,033
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Inter-fund payable		_		_		(596,483)	(596,483)	_
Inter-fund operating transfers in				(8,000,000)		800,000	(7,200,000)	5,930,336
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities				(8,000,000)		203,517	(7,796,483)	5,930,336
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINAN ACTIVITIES Proceeds from sale of county bonds	NCIN	G 2,875,588		1,999,776			4,875,364	
v				1,999,770		_		_
Cash receipts from assessments and connection charges Revenue from other governments		46,331,130 548,657		_		_	46,331,130 548,657	_
Capital contribution		3,967,437				(82,276)	3,885,161	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(20,304,578)		(74,125)		(02,270)	(20,378,703)	(18,201,465)
Acquisition of leases		(20,201,570)		(7.,120)		_	(20,070,700)	1,041,050
Certificate of participation (COPs)		(255,000)				_	(255,000)	
Payment of long-term debt		(13,882,931)		(1,095,216)		(245,852)	(15,223,999)	(1,545,798)
Payment of leases		(394,818)		(1,0>0,210)		(210,002)	(394,818)	(1,0 10,75)
Payment of subscription liability		(203,093)					(203,093)	(4,569,012)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related		, , ,		920 425		(329 129)	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
financing activities		18,682,392		830,435		(328,128)	19,184,699	(23,275,225)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest on investments		10,107,996		1,810,179		443,424	12,361,599	1,070,373
Net cash provided by investing activities		10,107,996		1,810,179		443,424	12,361,599	1,070,373
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		21,636,168		12,786,485		1,296,428	35,719,081	(4,386,483)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year		193,843,681		22,819,149		9,672,889	226,335,719	51,437,708
Cash and cash equivalents - end of the year		215,479,849		35,605,634		10,969,317	262,054,800	47,051,225

(continued)

Howard County, Maryland Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

			Business-T	ype Activities		Governmental Activities
	Water Sewe		Watershed Protection and Restoration	Other Funds	Total Funds	Internal Services Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Operating (loss) income	(36,5	508,322)	16,352,508	(124,641)	(20,280,455)	(10,371,694)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization expense	31,1	77,297	1,699,305	1,085,883	33,962,485	16,386,680
Effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
Accounts and other receivables	1,5	557,499	(48,078)	(67,126)	1,442,295	(402,225)
Property taxes, net	1	42,277	_	_	142,277	_
Lease receivables		_	_	(382,164)	(382,164)	1,080,571
Materials and supplies	(3	368,247)	_	_	(368,247)	(9,330)
Prepaid expenses		_	_	_	_	703,667
Accounts payable	(1,0	21,778)	37,119	6,312	(978,347)	1,409,216
Accrued wages and benefits	1	56,495	14,195	4,579	175,269	279,864
Accrued interest payable		_	_	_	_	(97,958)
Unpaid insurance claims		_	_	_	_	1,876,670
Compensated absences	1,4	117,391	90,822	109,213	1,617,426	2,220,866
Unearned revenue		_	_	(1,389)	(1,389)	48,009
Deferred lease revenues		_	_	346,948	346,948	(1,236,303)
Increase in net OPEB and pension activities	(3,7	706,832)	_		(3,706,832)	
Total adjustments	29,3	354,102	1,793,363	1,102,256	32,249,721	22,259,727
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (7,1	54,220)	\$ 18,145,871	\$ 977,615	\$ 11,969,266	\$ 11,888,033

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

^{\$1,676,800} was contributed to the Water and Sewer Fund by various entities and developers for water and sewer lines.

 $Lease\ and\ subscription\ is suance\ in\ Water\ \&\ Sewer\ Fund\ were\ \$3,\!816,\!832\ and\ \$608,\!281\ respectively.$

Contributions from various Capital Project Funds to the Watershed Fund totaled \$5,780,231.

Subscription liability in the Internal Service Funds totals \$8,106,199.

Howard County, Maryland Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2025

	Pension (and OPEB Trust) Funds	Custodial Funds		
ASSETS				
Equity in pooled cash	\$ —	\$ 2,261,206		
Receivables:				
Interest and dividends	915,030	_		
Employer contributions	3,004,654	_		
Member contributions	773,560	_		
Property taxes	_	395,728		
Prepaids	_	7,764		
Other	295	549,888		
Investments, at fair value:				
Cash equivalents	148,659	_		
Equities	774,833,530	_		
Alternative investments	418,705,409	_		
Mutual funds	325,454,376	_		
Money market funds	26,221,636	_		
Fixed income securities	432,589,594	_		
Real assets	77,643,178	_		
Prepaids	56,098	_		
Total assets	2,060,346,019	3,214,586		
LIABILITIES				
Due to other governments	_	17,834		
Accounts payable	56,772	2,132,731		
Investments purchased	659,245	_		
Other	2,317,227	_		
Total liabilities	3,033,244	2,150,565		
NET POSITION				
Restricted for:				
Pensions	1,714,399,922	_		
Other post-employment benefits	342,912,853	_		
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	_	1,064,021		
Net Position	\$ 2,057,312,775	\$ 1,064,021		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Howard County, Maryland Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Pension (and OPEB Trust) Funds		Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 117,195,525	\$	_
Member	17,417,586		_
Total contributions	 134,613,111		_
Investment income (expense):			
Net change in fair value of investments	153,122,345		_
Interest	4,033,139		_
Dividends	38,599,332		_
Other	162,340		_
Investment expense	(3,724,450)		_
Net investment income (loss)	 192,192,706		_
Property tax collection for other governments:			
Property taxes	_		80,905,934
Other local taxes and fees	_		19,805
Miscellaneous revenue	 	_	1,330,704
Total property tax collections and miscellaneous revenue			82,256,443
Total additions	 326,805,817		82,256,443
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits	119,443,861		_
Property taxes paid to other governments	_		81,128,397
Administrative expenses	1,492,230		1,021,389
Contractual services	_		192,751
Materials and supplies	 		63,707
Total deductions	120,936,091		82,406,244
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	 205,869,726		(149,801
Net position - beginning	 1,851,443,049		1,213,822
Net position - ending	\$ 2,057,312,775	\$	1,064,021

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Howard County, Maryland Combining Statement of Net Position

Component Units June 30, 2025

June 50, 2025						
	Community College	Housing Commission	Library	Public School System	Total	
ASSETS						
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 113,991,876	\$ 21,675,613	\$ 6,181,872	\$ 22,430,140	\$ 164,279,501	
Investments	9,426,025	5,649,889	1,871,147	174,677,993	191,625,054	
Receivables:						
Due from other governments	52,287,304	_	_	58,474,937	110,762,241	
Other	2,368,067	4,090,155	151,819	6,748,631	13,358,672	
Lease receivable	_	10,622,610	_	_	10,622,610	
Prepaids	546,053	3,429,166	641,030	86,590	4,702,839	
Materials and supplies	_	_	_	880,776	880,776	
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	_	21,241,113	60,939	_	21,302,052	
Investments	13,246,209	_	207,291	_	13,453,500	
Mortgage receivable	_	8,184,588	_	_	8,184,588	
Capital Assets:						
Land and land improvements	378,578	94,584,351	_	40,181,906	135,144,835	
Construction in progress	103,328,169	241,457	_	8,178,863	111,748,489	
Buildings and improvements, net	227,350,701	227,620,562	_	1,333,055,828	1,788,027,091	
Machinery and equipment, net	3,349,452		604,415	6,497,386	10,451,253	
Other noncurrent assets	676,273	1,395,229	1,921,010	13,137,944	17,130,456	
Total assets	527,980,147	398,734,733	11,639,523	1,664,350,994	2,602,705,397	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS						
Pension plans	1,423,516	121,765	_	31,541,023	33,086,304	
Other post-employment benefits	5,184,334	866,701	3,576,910	418,633,533	428,261,478	
Derivative instruments - interest rate swap	_	934,624	_	_	934,624	
Total deferred outflows	6,607,850	1,923,090	3,576,910	450,174,556	462,282,406	
Total assets and deferred outflows	534,587,997	400,657,823	15,216,433	2,114,525,550	3,064,987,803	
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	5,821,539	4,172,699	1,233,407	9,497,116	20,724,761	
Accrued salaries and benefits	5,918,650	_	800,131	_	6,718,781	
Deposits	173,056	1,136,734	_	_	1,309,790	
Due to primary government	56,758,293	9,353,219	_	_	66,111,512	
Unearned revenue	1,894,151	2,897,296	451,640	153,270,649	158,513,736	
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year	2,913,047	5,211,639	_	7,436,437	15,561,123	
Due in more than one year, net	20,980,267	340,980,557	10,992,737	944,072,649	1,317,026,210	
Total liabilities	94,459,003	363,752,144	13,477,915	1,114,276,851	1,585,965,913	
DEFERRED INFLOWS						
Pension plans	175,370	103,906	_	2,168,845	2,448,121	
Other post-employment benefits	24,632,342	1,217,564	12,418,562	603,695,579	641,964,047	
Deferred lease revenue		10,907,203			10,907,203	
Total deferred inflows	24,807,712	12,228,673	12,418,562	605,864,424	655,319,371	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	119,266,715	375,980,817		1,720,141,275		

(continued)

Howard County, Maryland Combining Statement of Net Position Component Units June 30, 2025

	Community College	Housing Commission	Library	Public School System	Total
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	327,255,619	(19,717,796)	2,525,425	1,387,354,879	1,697,418,127
Restricted for:					
Glenelg wastewater treatment plant	_	_	_	1,493,503	1,493,503
Print services	_	_	_	70,000	70,000
Technology services	_	_	_	8,000,000	8,000,000
Health and dental	_	_	_	3,000,000	3,000,000
Deferred support	_	_	268,230	_	268,230
Capital projects	_	_	_	22,405,852	22,405,852
Replace Reserves	_	7,449,980	_	_	7,449,980
Debt Service	_	3,281,147	_	_	3,281,147
Other Reserves	_	167,121	_	_	167,121
Business-type operations	11,066,022	_	_	_	11,066,022
Unrestricted	64,792,405	33,496,554	(13,473,699)	(1,027,939,959)	(943,124,699)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 415,321,282	\$ 24,677,006	\$ (10,680,044)	\$ 394,384,275	\$ 823,702,519

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

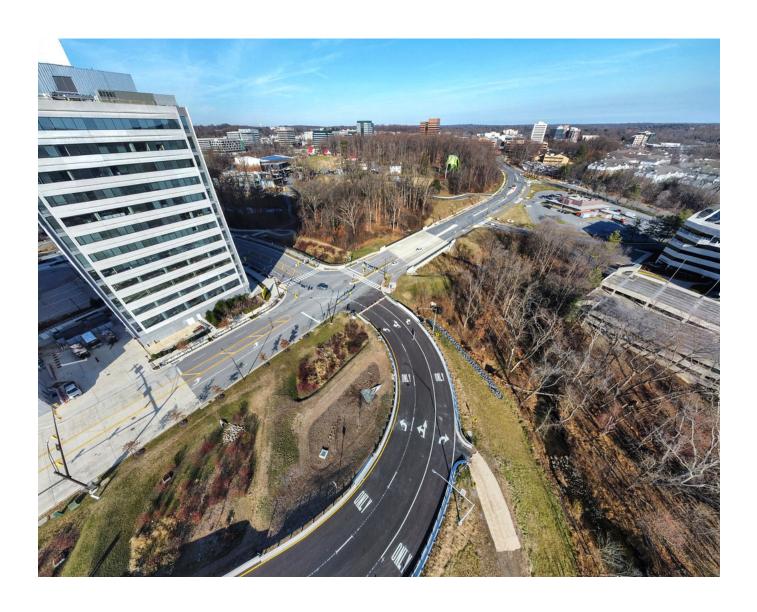
Howard County, Maryland Statement of Activities Component Units

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Community College	Housing Commission		Library	Public School System		Total	
Component units:														
Community college	\$ 128,860,006	\$ 33,462,682	\$	20,015,836	\$	22,213,606	\$ (53,167,882)	\$	_	s —	s —	\$	(53,167,882)	
Housing commission*	78,861,682	36,963,577		6,043,815		19,783,672	_		(16,070,618)	_	_		(16,070,618)	
Library	29,077,943	779,982		776,331		_	_		_	(27,521,630)	_		(27,521,630)	
Public school system	1,505,038,129	14,899,235		293,880,253		48,378,919					(1,147,879,722)		(1,147,879,722)	
Total component units	\$ 1,741,837,760	\$ 86,105,476	\$	320,716,235	\$	90,376,197	\$ (53,167,882)	\$	(16,070,618)	\$ (27,521,630)	\$ (1,147,879,722)	\$	(1,244,639,852)	
	General revenues:													
	Appropriations from primary government Intergovernmental, unrestricted						44,500,000		_	26,480,000	767,827,172		838,807,172	
							38,543,584		_	3,915,905	304,672,989		347,132,478	
	Investment income					7,196,754		5,376,825	90,849	8,258,745		20,923,173		
Miscellaneous					_		15,576,599	_	32,206,992		47,783,591			
	Total general revenues					90,240,338		20,953,424	30,486,754	1,112,965,898		1,254,646,414		
	Change in net position Net position - beginning						37,072,456		4,882,806	2,965,124	(34,913,824)		10,006,562	
							378,248,826		19,794,200	(13,645,168)	429,298,099		813,695,957	
	Net position - ending	g					\$415,321,282	\$	24,677,006	\$ (10,680,044)	\$ 394,384,275	\$	823,702,519	

^{*}Financial statements for the Housing Commission are reported on a calendar year basis.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



Merriweather North South Connector

On December 20, 2024, Howard County Executive Calvin Ball cut the ribbon of Phase 1 of the U.S. 29 North-South Connector, often called the "jughandle" in the Merriweather district of Columbia. This new roadway will make it easier for everyone to safely reach the heart of Downtown Columbia, improving travel times for residents, first responders, local businesses, and visitors.





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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. The Reporting Entity

Howard County, Maryland (the County), was formed in 1851 under a commission form of government. Under home rule charter since 1968, the County is governed by an elected County Executive and a five-member County Council serving separate executive and legislative functions.

The basic financial statements include Howard County, Maryland as the primary government and its significant component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. The component units include the activities of the Howard County Public School System, the Library, the Community College, and the Housing Commission. The Volunteer Fire Districts have not met the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity and, accordingly, are excluded from this report. The component units are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the County in that the County approves budgetary requests and provides a significant amount of funding.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial data of the County's component units are discretely presented in a column separate from the financial data of the primary government. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The following are the County's component units that are included in the reporting:

The Howard County Public School System is responsible for the operation of special education, elementary, middle and high schools. The Board of Education is comprised of five members elected by County voters. The County is responsible for levying taxes and has budgetary control over the Board.

The Howard County Library System operates various library branches throughout the County. The Library is governed by a seven-member board nominated by the County Executive and approved by the County Council. The County approves the Library's annual budget and provides substantial funding to the Library.

The Howard Community College provides educational services by offering two-year associate degrees and a continuing education program. The Community College is governed by a seven-member board appointed by the Governor of Maryland. The County approves the College's annual budget and provides substantial funding to the College.

The Howard County Housing Commission is a public corporation established by Maryland and Howard County law to act as builder, developer, owner, and manager of housing for eligible participants. The Commission is comprised of seven commissioners appointed by the County Executive and approved by the County Council. The County provides substantial funding to the Commission and approves its annual budget.

Financial information regarding the component units is included in the component units combining statements. Annual financial reports for individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices:

Howard County Public School System

10910 Route 108

Ellicott City, Maryland 21042

Howard Community College 10901 Little Patuxent Parkway Columbia, Maryland 21044 Howard County Library System 9411 Frederick Road

Ellicott City, Maryland 21042

Howard County Housing Commission 9770 Patuxent Woods Drive, Suite 100 Columbia, Maryland 21046

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities present financial information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements with the exception of interfund services provided and used. Government activities, which primarily are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities displays the extent to which direct expenses are offset by program revenues for each function of governmental activities and for each segment of business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that can be attributed to a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and pension trust fund financial statements. Custodial funds use the economic resources measurement focus and are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The County considers all revenues, with the exception of income tax revenue, to be available if they are collected within sixty days after the end of the current fiscal period. Income tax revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within thirty days after the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, postemployment benefits and environmental obligations are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the Howard County the right-to-use assets, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, other local taxes, state shared taxes, fines and forfeitures, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Health Department Fund is included for reporting purposes.

The *General Capital Projects Fund* is used to account for the construction of general capital projects such as senior centers, community centers, and administrative buildings, in addition to public schools and buildings for the Community College.

The *Fire and Rescue Reserve Fund* is used to account for fire suppression, prevention, and related functions, and emergency medical services within the fire district. The County Council may specifically authorize the use of all or any designated part of the fire tax for capital improvements.

The County reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the County's water and sewer operations, construction or acquisition of capital assets, and related debt service costs. All assets, except those available to fund current liabilities, are considered restricted because a change in the charter is required to allow these assets to be used for other purposes.

The *Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund* is used to account for accounts for the maintenance, operations, and improvement of the local stormwater management system. Established in 2013 under state mandate to finance stormwater projects that reduce runoff and improve water quality in local streams and the Chesapeake.

The County reports the following other fund types:

Special Revenues Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of special revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. This definition establishes that at least one restricted or committed revenue source must be the foundation of the special revenue fund. The following revenue sources are included in special revenue funds: local transfer tax, grants, settlement funds (opioid, cannabis and vaping), forest conservation developer fees, residential trash collection and disposal fees, registration fees for recreational programs and fines for speed enforcement.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, except those accounted for in the General Capital Projects Fund and proprietary fund types.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations of governmental funds.

Non-Major Enterprise Funds are used to account for the activities of the Special Recreation Facility Fund, and Broadband Fund. The Special Recreation Facility Fund accounts for the operations and related debt service costs of a public golf course. The Broadband Fund accounts for broadband services to private sector businesses as well as non-County government agencies and County departments and component units. All assets, except those available to fund current liabilities, are considered restricted because a change in the charter is required to allow these assets to be used for other purposes.

Internal Service Funds are funds used to account for goods and services furnished by one County department to another County department on a cost reimbursement basis. Internal Service Funds account for centralized vehicle fleet services; technology and communication operation; risk management activities for workers' compensation, general liability, environmental, vehicle and property insurance; and County employee health benefit costs.

The County reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds are used to account for all activities of the Employees' Retirement System of Howard County (defined benefit plan), Employees' Retirement Savings Plan (defined contribution plan), Deferred Compensation Plan, and Retiree Health Benefits Trust, including accumulation of resources for, and payment of, retirement annuities or other benefits and administrative costs. Annual Financial Reports for both pension trust funds can be obtained from the administrative office at Howard County, Maryland, Director of Finance, 3430 Court House Drive, Ellicott City, Maryland, 21043 or from the website at www.howardcountymd.gov.

Custodial Funds are used to account for activities carried out exclusively for the benefit of those outside of the government but not administered through plans that meet the GASB definition of postemployment benefit or other fiduciary trusts. The custodial funds used by the County are used to account for resources held in a custodial capacity on behalf of parties outside the government, including money paid by residents for state property tax, the detention center inmates, friends of RNC, police contraband, and multifarious funds donated to be used by the Law Library, the Revenue Authority and the Domestic Violence Center.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. An exception to this general rule is the charges between water and sewer operations and other County departments because the elimination of those charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Budgetary Process

Pursuant to County Charter, the County Executive's capital and operating portions of the budget for all County funds are submitted to the County Council by April 1 and 21, respectively. The County Council holds public hearings before passing the annual budget appropriation ordinance. If the County Council does not pass the budget ordinance, the Executive's proposed budget ordinance stands adopted. The adopted budget becomes effective July 1, and provides the spending authority at the individual department level for the operations of the County government with the unexpended or unencumbered appropriation authority of the operating budget expiring the following June 30. Transfer of appropriations between general classifications of expenditures in the current expense budget within the same office or department and within the same fund may be authorized by the Executive. Transfers between offices, departments, institutions, boards, commissions or other agencies of the County government and within the same fund of the current expense budget may be made during the last quarter of the fiscal year and then only on the recommendation of the Executive and with the approval of the Council. Capital unencumbered appropriations continue until the capital project is closed.

During the fiscal year, the County Council, upon the request of the County Executive, may approve transfers between projects in the capital budget, but it may not increase the total size of the capital budget. The County Council, at any time during the fiscal year, may approve supplemental operating budget requests from the County Executive. The budgeted contingency reserve, which may not exceed 4% of the appropriated budget, is the funding source for supplemental requests. After April 1 of each year, the Council may also, at the request of the Executive, approve transfers between departments in the operating budgets. The Council may approve supplemental budgets from unappropriated funds only in emergencies affecting "life, health, and property." Additionally, the County Executive has the authority to make transfers within a department at any time during the year without approval of the County Council. During fiscal year 2025, the Council approved four operating budget supplements and two capital budget transfers.

Budgetary data, as revised, is presented in the Basic Financial Statements for the General and Grant Funds. Outstanding encumbrances are included in the final budget as actual expenditure amounts in those statements because they remain in force and do not lapse until the end of the subsequent fiscal year. Lapsed appropriations are reported as additions to fund balance on a budgetary basis. Grant Fund appropriations are multi-year and do not lapse until grant expiration. Expenditures and encumbrances of both the governmental and proprietary funds may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional, agency and program levels.

E. Deposits and Investments

Cash Equivalents

The County considers all demand deposits and investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

Investments

The County follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, which requires marketable securities to be carried at fair value. The County has an internal investment pool that is available for use by all funds.

Pension Trust Fund Fair Value Measurement

The investments of the Pension Trust Funds are reported at fair value or net asset value, as further described in Note 2. The securities of the Pension Trust Funds traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments in the Governmental Funds represent stripped-coupon U.S. Treasury securities stated at fair value in the Agricultural Land Preservation Fund. They are also reported in aggregate as part of U.S. Government Securities in the Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments note.

Also, in accordance with investment policy, the Pension Trust Funds may invest in collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO) and putable bonds. These investments are reported as part of U.S. Government Agency notes in the Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments note disclosure.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Trust Fund Fair Value Measurement

The objective of the OPEB Trust Funds is to achieve long-term growth of assets by maximizing long-term rates of return on investments and minimizing the risk of loss to fulfill the County's current and long-term OPEB obligations. The Trust investments are reported at fair value, which is generally based upon quoted market prices at year-end. Beginning in fiscal year 2023, the County's investment policy allocation was revised to include alternative investments in addition to growth and income assets. Alternatives may consist of non-traditional asset classes such as hedge funds, private equity, private debt, and real assets, when deemed appropriate. The fair value for alternative investments is determined using unit values supplied by the fund managers which are based upon the fund managers' appraisals of the fund's underlying holdings. Such values involve subjective judgment and may differ from amounts which would be realized if such holdings were actually sold. The investments of the OPEB Trust Funds are further described in Note 2.

F. Loans Receivable

For purposes of the fund financial statements, housing loans in the Community Renewal Fund are charged to the budget upon funding, and the loans are recorded with an offset to a committed fund balance account. A receivable, "due from component units," along with an offset to non-spendable fund balance, is recorded in the General Fund as the Howard Community College has an agreement to reimburse the County for bond issues related to the construction costs of a parking deck and the Horowitz Visual and Performing Arts Center. For purposes of the government-wide financial statements, neither housing loans nor the receivable from the College are included in restricted Net Position accounts.

G. Inventory and Prepaids

Materials and Supplies

Materials and supplies are valued at cost, using the weighted average method. Materials and supplies are recorded as assets when purchased, and charged to expenditures/expenses when consumed. This is referred to as the consumption method of inventory accounting. The County also has some materials and supplies that are expensed off directly when purchased, as they are consumable items purchased for use within the County, for examples include office supplies, paper towels and cleaning materials.

Prepaids

The County uses the consumption method to account for prepaid. Prepaids include payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future periods beyond the end of the fiscal year. In governmental funds, fund balance equivalent to year-end prepaid values is classified as nonspendable to indicate that portion of the fund balance is not available in a spendable form.

H. Capital Assets

As Howard County constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease equipment, the measurement of which is discussed in Note 10). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increase its estimated useful life. Betterments and major improvements that significantly increase values, change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Capital assets include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items). The threshold for capital assets as defined by Howard County was raised to include assets with an initial, individual cost of \$10,000 or greater and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value at the date donated.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant, equipment, the intangible right-to-use equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	50
Improvements	5-50
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	5-20
Intangible right-to-use equipment	1-50
Infrastructure	15-40
Water and sewer lines	50-100

I. Compensated Absences

County employees are granted vacation, personal, and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation days. Classified employees are limited to an accrual of forty days and executive exempt employees are limited to an accrual of one hundred days. Employees who terminate employment are not reimbursed for accumulated sick leave. Payments when made to terminated employees for accumulated vacation leave are charged as expenditures/expenses, primarily in the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Proprietary Funds. Accumulated leave benefits that are more likely than not to be used or paid are recorded as obligations in the Statement of Net Position and Proprietary Fund Statements.

J. Self-Insurance

The County establishes its funding of claims liabilities as they occur. This funding level includes provisions for indemnity, medical losses, and allocated loss adjustment expenses which are all classified as incremental claim adjustment expenses. Unpaid insurance claims in the self-insurance funds include liabilities for unpaid claims based upon individual case estimates for claims reported and claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) as of fiscal year-end.

K. Water and Sewer Assessments

Water and sewer assessments are charged to property owners on a 30-year basis to recover the debt service on bonds used to construct main and lateral water and sewer lines which benefit such properties. A water and sewer assessments receivable (restricted assets) is established for the entire uncollected assessed amount. The portion of the receivable relating to bond principal is credited to Net Position and the portion representing interest is recognized as revenue when billed.

From 1980 to 2004, the receivable increased as the water and sewer system was being built. The receivable is now declining and will continue to do so as debt is retired and there are minimal new assessments. The Water and Sewer ad valorem charge (billed annually to all property within the Metropolitan District) is sufficient to fund the debt service related to the cost of infrastructure.

L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred *outflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The government has several items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred refunding amount reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The remaining line items are related to the pension, OPEB, and Length Of Service Award Program (LOSAP) plans reported in the government-wide statement of net position and encompass the following: changes in actuarial assumptions are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of employees, and the difference between expected and actual experience and the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are amortized over five years. The final item is for pension, OPEB, and LOSAP contributions made subsequent to the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred *inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has several types of deferred inflows of resources that qualify for reporting in this category. In the government-wide statement of net position, the government reports the following items related to the pension, OPEB, and LOSAP plans: Changes in actuarial assumptions and changes in actuarial experience study are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of employees, and investment earnings greater than projected are amortized over five years. In addition, the government-wide financial statements reports deferred amounts related to leases.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, several deferred inflows of resources are reported as unavailable revenues. In the governmental balance sheet, the government reports deferred inflows of resources from income and property taxes, fees, grant revenues, and lease revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

M. Net Position Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

N. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

O. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is classified based on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints on the specific purposes for which the amounts can be spent. Fund balance is reported within one of the five fund balance categories listed below:

Nonspendable – Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (1) not in spendable form or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as a permanent fund and (3) receivables due in more than one year. Not in spendable form includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, such as inventories, prepaid items and long term loan receivables.

Restricted – Includes fund balance amounts that are restricted to specific purposes when constraints are placed on the use of resources by external parties, constitution provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the County to assess, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purpose stipulated in the legislation.

Committed – Includes fund balance amounts for which constraints have been imposed by the government itself, using the highest level of decision-making authority via County ordinances. In addition, these constraints can only be removed or changed through formal action by the Council.

Assigned – Includes fund balance amounts intended to be used for specific purposes. It is County policy that the County Executive assigns fund balance amounts in the General Fund at the recommendation of both the Director of Finance and the Budget Administrator. In addition, GASB 54 requires all residual amounts in special revenue funds to be reported as assigned.

Unassigned – Represents the residual fund balance of the General Fund (cannot be reported in other Governmental Funds unless amount is reported negative) after the above fund balance categories are reported.

P. Reconciliation Between GAAP and Budgetary Basis

The General and Special Revenue Funds of the primary government have legally adopted annual budgets. The "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budgetary Basis" of the General Fund and the Fire and Rescue Reserve Fund are prepared on a basis consistent with their budgets and are reported within the basic financial statements. The "Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budgetary Basis" for Non-major Special Revenue Funds are prepared on a basis consistent with those budgets and are presented as supplementary information. The budgets are prepared using encumbrance accounting wherein encumbrances are treated as expenditures of the current period, including certain contractual services. Also, the budgets include appropriations of prior year fund balances as other sources in the current year. The "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds" is prepared on a basis consistent with GAAP wherein encumbrances are treated only as an assignment of fund balance, prior year fund balances are not included as other sources, and contractual services/expenditures are recorded on a modified accrual basis.

The financial statements are reconciled below:

	General Fund	Fire and Rescue Reserve Fund
Budgetary basis - revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$ 401,098	\$ 2,708,304
Appropriation from fund balance	(87,965,600)	_
Current year encumbrances outstanding	17,112,218	8,885,143
Prior year encumbrances expended this year	(10,844,863)	(7,666,347)
Effect of recording contractual service expenditures modified accrual basis	(2,997,331)	1,644,628
Unbudgeted transfers	13,929,658	(8,337,382)
Other	(12,101,155)	8,704,383
GAAP basis - net change in fund balance	\$ (82,465,975)	\$ 5,938,729

The ending fund balances are reconciled as follows:

	General Fund	Fire and Rescue Reserve Fund
Budgetary basis - ending fund balance	\$ 378,935,610	135,207,951
Adjustments:		
Elimination of encumbrances outstanding	20,333,849	16,387,888
Accruals	(1,965,801)	1,662,083
Other	(4,465,552)	(825,774)
GAAP basis - ending fund balance	\$ 392,838,106	\$ 152,432,148

Q. Budget Stabilization Account

The County has established a budget stabilization account (also known as the Rainy Day Fund) to provide funding in cases of revenue shortfalls, which would not include anticipated revenue shortfalls unless the shortfall was quantified, and was of a magnitude that would distinguish it from other shortfalls that regularly occur during the normal course of governmental operation or emergency situations affecting life, health, or property. The County Charter sets a goal of maintaining the account at seven percent of audited General Fund expenditures for the most recently completed fiscal year at the time the budget is prepared. When the fiscal year 2025 budget was prepared, the fiscal year 2023 financial statements were the most recently completed and audited. Therefore, the charter target is based upon fiscal year 2023 audited expenditures. An increase of \$4,859,228 was made to the fund in fiscal year 2025 which resulted in achieving the charter target of \$89,894,205.

The budget stabilization account is calculated as follows:

Budget Fiscal Year	Audited Expenditures from Fiscal Year	Audited Expenditures*	Percentage	Charter Target
2025	2023	\$ 1,284,202,931	7%	\$ 89,894,205
2026	2024	\$ 1,367,135,692	7%	\$ 95,699,498
2027	2025	\$ 1,456,837,719	7%	\$ 101,978,640

^{*}Budgetary expenditures and encumbrances less pay-as-you-go expenditures.

R. Fair Value Measurements

Howard County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset:

- Level 1 Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Level 2 Valuations based on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or identical assets or liabilities in less active markets, such as dealer or broker markets; and
- Level 3 Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable, such as pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques not based on market, exchange, dealer or broker-traded transactions.

S. Leases and Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

Lessee: The County is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment and real estate. The County recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the government-wide financial statements for all contracts with an initial contract value of \$40,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments;

- The County uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the County generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to exercise.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Lessor: The County is a lessor for noncancellable leases of buildings and infrastructure. The County recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements for all contracts with an initial contract value of \$40,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable and adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts;

- The County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for lease, unless it is explicitly stated in the lease agreement.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period explicitly stated within the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The County has entered into various subscription agreements that convey control of the right-to-use another entity's combination of IT software and tangible capital assets, for a variety of governmental purpose ranging from payroll to computer software. The County recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial, contract value of \$40,000 or more.

At the commencement of a subscription, the County initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for subscription payments made at or before the subscription commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to subscription include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments;

- The County uses the interest rate charged by the subscription provider as the discount rate. When the interest rate is not provided, the County generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscription.
- The subscription term includes the noncancellable period of the subscription. Subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to exercise.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its subscription and will remeasure the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

Subscription assets are reported with capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

T. Implementation of New Accounting Principles

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the County adopted the following new accounting standard.

Effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. This statement establishes revised recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences, superseding the previous requirements of GASB Statement No. 16.

Under GASB 101, a liability is recognized when earned leave is attributable to past service and the benefit is more likely than not to be used or paid. The liability is measured at the pay rate in effect as of the financial statement date and includes salary-related payments. The required changes, if required, are reflected in the County's financial statements.

In June 2024, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures. This Statement requires governments to disclose information about vulnerabilities due to concentrations or constraints that could have a substantial impact on a government's ability to provide services or meet obligations as they come due. The County implemented GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. Implementation of this statement did not result in any new disclosures.

2. Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents and investments are managed separately from the Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust funds and each is discussed separately below.

A. County's Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The County maintains a cash, cash equivalents, and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except the Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust funds. Each County fund is allocated interest income based on its share of the investment pool. Except as otherwise legislated, interest income earned by Governmental and Internal Service Funds is transferred to the General Fund.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's investment policy requires at least 102% collateralization of deposits. The carrying amount of total deposits, including certificates of deposit, was \$13,170,232 and the bank balance was \$17,246,339 at fiscal year-end. The bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the County's agent in the County's name. Petty cash was \$12,749 at June 30, 2025.

The County's component units had a combined bank balance of \$78,233,553. All bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the component unit's agent in the component unit's name. The component units do not have a policy covering deposits.

The table below reconciles the County's deposits and investments to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:

	Primary Government		Component Units		Custodial Funds
Statement of Net Position Amounts:					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	980,912,464	\$	164,279,501	\$ 2,261,206
Cash with fiscal agent		5,582,177			
Restricted equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		206,243,016		21,302,052	
Investments		<u> </u>		205,078,554	 <u> </u>
Total	\$	1,192,737,657	\$	390,660,107	\$ 2,261,206
Deposits and Investment Summary:					
Carrying value of cash deposits	\$	10,909,026	\$	185,581,553	\$ 2,261,206
Fair value of Investments		1,181,828,631		205,078,554	<u> </u>
Total	\$	1,192,737,657	\$	390,660,107	\$ 2,261,206

Investments: The County has adopted an investment policy that is designed to provide maximum safety and liquidity of funds while providing a reasonable rate of return. Permissible investments include U.S. Treasury Obligations, U.S. Government Agency and U.S. Government-Sponsored Enterprises, repurchase agreements, collateralized certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool, and mutual funds dealing in government securities. The County's policy and State law require that the underlying collateral for repurchase agreements and certificates of deposit must have a fair value of at least 102% of the investment's cost plus accrued interest.

The County's policy is more restrictive than State law, limiting the percentage of total portfolio that can be invested in certain investment types. These investment types, and the maximum percentage of the portfolio that can be invested in each are: U.S. Treasury Obligations – 100%, U.S. Government Agency and U.S. Government-Sponsored Enterprises – 90.0%, repurchase agreements – 90.0%, collateralized certificates of deposit – 5.0%, bankers' acceptances – 30.0%, commercial paper – 10.0%, mutual funds – 60.0% and supranational issuers – 40.0%. State law places no limits on these types of investments. Another restriction the County has is to limit the maximum amount invested through any broker, dealer or other financial institution to 40.0% of the portfolio. In addition, all component units have investment policies.

	Fair Value				
Investment type	Primary Government	Total Reporting Entity			
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 66,731,933	\$ —	\$ 66,731,933		
U.S. Government - Sponsored Enterprises	589,986,625		589,986,625		
Supranationals	29,481,000		29,481,000		
Commercial Paper	9,989,300		9,989,300		
Maryland Local Govt. Investment Pool	354,139,275	175,618,228	529,757,503		
Money market funds	131,500,498		131,500,498		
Fixed income	_	6,136,014	6,136,014		
Mutual funds	_	16,374,595	16,374,595		
Interest in irrevocable trust	_	161,625	161,625		
Treasury bills	_	1,138,203	1,138,203		
Equity in properties under home ownership		5,649,889	5,649,889		
Total	\$1,181,828,631	\$ 205,078,554	\$1,386,907,185		

Fair Value Measurement

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2025:

		Primary Government					
	 Total		(Level 1)	(Level 2)		(Le	evel 3)
Investments by fair value level:							
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 66,731,933	\$	66,731,933	\$		\$	
U.S. Government - Sponsored Enterprises	589,986,625		_	589	9,986,625		
Supranationals	29,481,000		_	29	9,481,000		
Commercial Paper	 9,989,300		_	9	9,989,300		
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 696,188,858	\$	66,731,933	\$ 629	9,456,925	\$	
Investments measured at amortized cost:							
Maryland Local Govt. Investment Pool	354,139,275						
Money market funds	 131,500,498						
Total investments measured at amortized cost	\$ 485,639,773						
Total investments	\$ 1,181,828,631						

		Component Units					
	Total		(Level 1)	(Le	vel 2)	(Level 3)
Investments by fair value level:							
Treasury bills	\$ 1,138,203	\$	1,138,203	\$		\$	
Fixed income	6,136,014		6,136,014				
Mutual funds	16,374,595		16,374,595				_
Interest in irrevocable trust	161,625		_				161,625
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 23,810,437	\$	23,648,812	\$		\$	161,625
Investments measured at amortized cost:							
Maryland Local Govt. Investment Pool	175,618,228						
Total investments measured at amortized cost	\$ 175,618,228						
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV):							
Equity in properties under home ownership	5,649,889						
Total investments measured at the NAV	\$ 5,649,889						
Total investments	\$ 205,078,554						

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy refers to securities not traded on an active market but for which observable market inputs are readily available. Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy refers to securities with valuation methodology that are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. Fixed income securities are priced on a daily basis, mark to market, using a variety of third party pricing sources, market data and methodologies.

Interest Rate Risk: The County's investment policy requires that the majority of investments have a maturity of one year or less, except for U.S. Treasury stripped coupon securities purchased as part of the Agricultural Land Preservation Program (see Note 7). These securities have no coupon and have long-term maturity lengths; therefore, they are very interest-rate sensitive. If market interest rates were to rise, the fair value of these securities would decline further than a similar coupon-paying Treasury security. Conversely, if market interest rates were to fall, the fair value of these securities would rise further than a similar coupon-paying Treasury security. The County plans to hold these securities to their maturity.

The following is a list of County investments included in the computation of weighted average maturities:

Investment type	Fair Value/ mortized Cost	Weighted Average Maturity (in years)
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 66,731,933	0.4
U.S. Government - Sponsored Enterprises	589,986,625	0.59
Supranationals	29,481,000	0.89
Commercial Paper	9,989,300	0.03
Total	\$ 696,188,858	
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.58

The Maryland Local Government Investment Pool (MLGIP) was created under the Annotated Code of Maryland. The intent of the pool is to provide a safe investment vehicle for short-term investments. The MLGIP is administrated by the Maryland State Treasurer. Participation is voluntary and eligibility is regulated by MLGIP Local Government Article. The MLGIP and the money market funds used by the County are operated in accordance with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The County's investments in these pools are not included in the computation of weighted average maturity. The unit value is at amortized cost with a \$1 per share value.

Credit Risk: State law limits investments in bankers' acceptances and commercial paper to the highest short-term debt letter and numerical rating by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. All investments in U.S. Government Sponsored Enterprises are rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's. The Maryland Local Government Investment Pool and the money market fund are both rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. Investments in short-term commercial paper is rated P-1 by Moody's Investors Service.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The County's investment policy places no limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer. More than 5.0% of the County's investments are in the Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Farm Credit Bank and Development Finance Corporation. At fiscal year-end, investments in these U.S. Government Sponsored Enterprises represent 84.9% of the County's total investments.

B. Pension Trust Funds' Cash and Investments

The County's Pension Trust funds, the Howard County Police and Fire Employees' Retirement Plan, and the Howard County Retirement Plan (the Plans) share commingled funds that are allocated based on each Plan's percentage of ownership. The Plans have an investment policy that is designed to provide benefits as anticipated through a carefully planned and executed investment program that achieves a reasonable long-term total return consistent with the level of risk assumed. To help achieve this return, professional investment managers are employed by the Plans to manage the Plans' assets. The Plans employ State Street Bank as trustee for their assets.

Investments. The Plans' investment policy includes an asset allocation plan for investments:

Asset Class	Minimum Allocation	Target	Maximum Allocation
Equities	32.0%	42.0%	52.0%
Alternative investments	19.0%	24.5%	30.0%
Fixed income	16.0%	26.0%	36.0%
Real assets	2.5%	7.5%	12.5%

Investments at fiscal year-end:

Investment type	F	air Value/NAV
Equities	\$	771,688,205
Alternative investments		418,705,409
Money market funds		18,741,242
Fixed income		427,674,258
Real assets		74,756,846
Total	\$	1,711,565,960

Interest rate risk: The Plans' investment policy does not place any limits on the professional investment managers with respect to the duration of investments managed for the Plans. The following is a list of County Plan investments included in the computation of weighted average maturities:

Investment type		Fair Value/ NAV	Weighted Average Maturity (in years)
Corporate bonds	\$	24,147,190	10.42
U.S. Government - Sponsored Enterprises		31,821,266	25.21
Government Issued / Treasuries		12,758,920	21.57
Other asset backed securities		5,685,586	19.54
Collateralized mortgage obligations		3,465,866	35.33
Municipal securities		1,316,486	10.55
Commingled funds and preferred stock identified as fixed income for reporting purposes		348,478,944	N/A
Total	\$	427,674,258	N/A
Portfolio weighted average maturity			21.14

Credit Risk: The demand deposit accounts (DDA's) held by State Street Bank are unrated, as are the mutual funds used by the Plans. At fiscal year-end, the Plans' fixed income investments had the following risk characteristics:

Standard & Poor's Rating or Comparable	Fair Value
AA to A-	\$ 8,806,207
BBB to BB-	20,302,718
Not rated	 398,565,333
Total	\$ 427,674,258

Custodial Credit Risk: State Street Bank invests in interest bearing demand deposit accounts in the name of the Plan for all accounts and pays interest equal to the effective Federal Funds rate, which are included in money markets on the Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. At fiscal year-end, the amount in this fund at fair value was \$18,222,020 which was partially used for settlement of open purchases of \$659,244 All other investments of the fund are held by State Street Bank as trustee in the Plans' names.

Credit Risk - Currency Forward Contracts, Futures and Options: One of the Plan's investment objectives is to diversify assets in accordance with the Modern Portfolio Theory (MPT) in order to reduce overall risk. Consistent with this objective, the Plan invested in some funds that hold currency forward-contracts and invest in forwards, options and futures. This strategy is undertaken to protect the dollar value of underlying international investments. The Plan's share of fair value or gains and (losses) from currency forward contracts, options, and futures were \$107,758, \$(3,439), \$443,821 respectively for the fiscal year.

Foreign Currency Risk: The Plans' exposure to foreign currency risk derives from its investments in foreign currency or instruments denominated in foreign currency. Investments in such securities are limited to a maximum net currency exposure of 34.5% at any given time. These pool of assets may also include hedged assets, therefore, reducing the overall currency risk. The Plans were also exposed to foreign currency risk through the Pool's investments in Euro denominated alternative investments. The pool total of these investments were \$12,049,716 and \$14,282,728 in fiscal years 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Derivatives - Interest Rate, Credit Default, Total Return Swaps: In accordance with the investment policy, during fiscal year 2025, the private debt fund invested in interest rate swaps, credit default swaps, and total return swaps. In fiscal year 2025, the private credit fund reported \$138, \$734,632, and \$364, respectively for the fiscal year.

Fair Value Measurement

The Plan categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. It has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2025:

			Fair Value Measurement Using						
	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(1	Level 3)		
Investments by fair value level:			_		_				
Debt securities:									
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac)	\$ 3,465,866	\$	_	\$	3,465,866	\$	_		
Corporate bonds	24,147,190				24,147,190		_		
Commingled funds (fixed income)	107,837,166		62,693,869		45,143,297				
FHLMC and FNMA bonds	31,821,266		_		31,821,266				
U.S. Treasury Securities	12,758,920				12,758,920		_		
Municipals bonds	1,316,486				1,316,486				
Other asset backed securities	5,685,585				5,685,585				
Preferred stock	 947,324		947,324						
Total debt securities	 187,979,803		63,641,193	12	24,338,610				
Equity securities:									
Common Stocks	490,245,953	4	90,245,953				_		
Emerging Market Equity Portfolio	50,354,990		50,354,990		_		_		
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITS)	1,583,397		1,583,397						
Total equity securities	542,184,340	5	42,184,340						
Total investment by fair value level	\$ 730,164,143	\$ 6	05,825,533	\$ 12	24,338,610	\$			
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV):									
Private equity funds	\$ 225,238,561								
Private credit funds	54,391,662								
Hedge funds	139,075,188								
Real assets funds	74,756,846								
International equity funds	185,057,658								
Commingled fund within international equities	44,446,207								
Commingled fund within international fixed income	37,444,964								
Commingled fund within domestic fixed income	 202,249,489	_							
Total investments measured at the NAV	962,660,575	- -							
Total investments measured at fair value/NAV*	\$ 1,692,824,718	=							

^{*}Does not include money market funds totaling \$18,741,242.

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy refers to securities not traded on an active market but for which observable market inputs are readily available. Fixed income securities are priced on a daily basis, mark to market, using a variety of third party pricing sources, market data and methodologies.

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is presented below:

	Fair Value	С	Unfunded ommitments	Frequency (if Currently Eligible)	Notice Period
Private equity funds	\$ 225,238,561	\$	98,701,723	Illiquid	N/A
Private debt funds	54,391,662		16,026,515	Illiquid	N/A
Equity Hedge fund 1	72,868,399		_	Quarterly	65 days
Equity Hedge fund 2	66,206,789		_	Semi Annually	95 days
Real assets funds	74,756,846		39,436,311	Illiquid	N/A
International equity funds	185,057,658			Monthly	15 days
Commingled fund within international equities	44,446,207		_	Weekly	3 days
Commingled fund within international fixed income	37,444,964		_	Bi-monthly	5 days
Commingled fund within domestic fixed income	 202,249,489			Daily	1 day
Total	\$ 962,660,575	\$	154,164,549		

Private Equity Funds: Private equity investment strategies include buyout, venture capital, growth capital, and special situations. The Private Equity portfolio seeks to deliver long-term, risk-adjusted returns superior to those of comparable public markets. Investments in the asset class are achieved primarily through commingled, closed-end funds and may also include fund of funds, direct and co-investment opportunities. Exposures are diversified by manager, region, strategy, and vintage year. Private equity investments are illiquid, and distributions are received over the life of the investments, which can range between 10 and 15 years. These investments do not have set redemption schedules therefore options for exit are limited to sale on the secondary market. Capital commitments are made to these types of investments and funds are invested through a call down structure. The fair value of the partnership interest is based on NAV provided by the General Partner. The partnership's financial statements are audited annually as of December 31 and the NAV is adjusted quarterly by additional contributions to and distributions from the partnership, the net earnings and losses, and unrealized gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value, as determined by the General Partner.

Private Debt Funds: Private credit investment strategies will focus on identifying market dislocations and credit-intensive assets, specifically in loan portfolios, corporate securities, structured credit, hard assets and special opportunities. The Private Credit portfolio invests in commingled funds. The objective of the fund is to provide income from the premium yields along with a return over Liquid Credit over the life of the fund, which can range between 6 and 8 or more years. The fund employs a flexible and opportunistic mandate allowing for investments in a variety of strategies irrespective of market conditions and geographies. These investments do not have set redemption schedules therefore options for exit are limited to sale on the secondary market. Capital commitments are made to these types of investments and funds are invested through a call down structure. The fair value of the partnership interest is based on NAV provided by the General Partner. The partnership's financial statements are audited annually as of December 31 and the NAV is adjusted quarterly by additional contributions to and distributions from the partnership, the net earnings and losses, and unrealized gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value, as determined by the General Partner.

Hedge Funds: This represents investments in two Hedge FOF managers. Each FOF manager invests in underlying hedge funds to provide a broadly diversified portfolio. One invests with 10-20 underlying managers/funds to execute its global market strategy. The other invests in 20-40 underlying managers/funds in a relative value mandate. The hedge fund strategy is designed to diversify by manager/fund to reduce single manager/fund risk while offering portfolio diversification and provide a return profile that is uncorrelated to the rest of the assets in the portfolio. The fair values of the investments are determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the investments. These funds have liquidity restrictions of 3 to 6 months.

Real Assets Strategies: This represents funds that invest in Private Real Estate and Private Real Assets. The objective of the portfolio seeks to provide portfolio diversification, current income, and protection against unanticipated inflation. Real Estate investments are often classified by core or non-core (value-added or opportunistic). The Real Estate strategies deployed include a U.S. focused property strategy (core/core plus) and a global Fund of Funds (FOF) strategy. The global FOF manager invests across Directs, Primaries, and Secondaries. Within Private Real assets, the natural resources

investments are deployed through a FOF strategy and may invest in 10-25 underlying relationships as they build a diversified portfolio with exposure to oil, natural gas, agriculture, timber, and other natural resources. The infrastructure managers will invest in direct portfolio companies in communications, transportations, and energy transition sectors. Capital commitments are made to these types of investments and funds are invested through a call down structure. These funds have liquidity restrictions for the life of the investment, 7-10 years. Options for exit are limited to sale on the secondary market. The fair value of the partnership interest is based on NAV provided by the General Partner. The partnership's financial statements are audited annually as of December 31 and the NAV is adjusted quarterly by additional contributions to and distributions from the partnership, the net earnings and losses, and unrealized gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value, as determined by the General Partner.

International Developed Equity Funds: This represents investments primarily in equity securities of international developed markets (non-U.S. issuers) with the objective of achieving a long-term return above a passive benchmark (MSCI EAFE). The managers implemented are complimentary as one focuses on growth-oriented companies and the other has a value focus. Foreign securities are valued based on quotations from the primary market in which they are traded and translated at each valuation date from the local currency into U.S. dollars using current exchange rates. The Funds may enter forward foreign currency exchange contracts primarily to hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on its non-U.S. dollar-denominated investment securities.

International Emerging Equities (Commingled Fund): This represents investments within international markets to further diversify the developed market segments by investing in developing markets that have lower correlations with developed economies. The managers implemented are complimentary as one focuses on growth-oriented companies and the other has a value focus. Foreign securities are valued based on quotations from the primary market in which they are traded and translated at each valuation date from the local currency into U.S. dollars using current exchange rates. The Funds may enter forward foreign currency exchange contracts primarily to hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on its non-U.S. dollar-denominated investment securities. The objective of the international emerging equity portfolio is to achieve a long-term return above a passive benchmark (MSCI EM Index).

Emerging Market Debt Strategy (Commingled Fund): This represents investments primarily in a globally diversified portfolio of high-quality sovereign bonds and currencies in emerging markets (non-U.S. issuers). The objective of this fund is to generate income, preserve capital, and enhance principal above a passive benchmark (JP Morgan GBI-EM Global Diversified Index). NAV for the Fund is only calculated twice a month on the last business day and the 15th (or next business day if the 15th is a non-business day). The ownership interest is only in the units of the Fund, not the underlying holding or securities of the Fund.

Core Fixed Income Strategies (Commingled Funds): This represents investments within US Investment Grade Fixed Income. The primary role of this portfolio is intended to provide income and downside protection to the portfolio in periods of financial market stress. Core fixed income is made up of US Treasuries and liquid credit. The primary role of the U.S. Treasuries portfolio is to provide capital preservation, liquidity, and to increase the diversification of the Plan as a whole. Treasuries and TIPS are passively managed. The primary role of the Liquid Credit strategy is to generate added yield compared to Treasuries over a full market cycle and provide diversification for the Plan. This manager will be well diversified, and may include, but is not limited to, investment grade and non-investment grade corporate debt, emerging market debt, and asset-backed securities. The objective of the Core Fixed Income portfolio is to achieve a long-term return above a passive benchmark (Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index).

C. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Trust Funds' Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The County's OPEB Trust funds have an investment policy that is designed to provide benefits as anticipated through a carefully planned and executed investment program that achieves a reasonable long-term total return consistent with the level of risk assumed. To help achieve this return, professional investment managers are employed by the Plans to manage the Plans' assets. The Trust employs U.S. Bank as the custodian of its assets.

Investments. The Plans' investment policy includes an asset allocation plan for investments:

Asset Class	Minimum Allocation	Target	Maximum Allocation
Equities	1.0%	60.0%	59.0%
Fixed income	10.0%	30.0%	50.0%
Alternative investments		10.0%	20.0%
Investment type		Fair Val	ue/Amortized Cost
Investment type		Fair Val	ue/Amortized Cost
Cash		\$	148,659
Mutual funds			325,454,376
Money market funds			7,480,394
Alternative Investments			10,946,993
Total		\$	344,030,422

Credit Risk: The Maryland Local Government Investment Pool, included in Money Market Funds in the above schedule, is rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. The money market funds used by U.S. Bank are unrated, as are the mutual funds used by the Plans.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Trust Funds' Fair Value Measurement

The Plan categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. It has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2025:

			Fair Value Measurement Using					
	Total		(Level 1)			(Level 2)		(Level 3)
Investments by fair value level:						_		_
Mutual funds:								
Mutual funds - equity	\$	211,102,811	\$	211,102,811	\$		\$	
Mutual funds - fixed Income		114,351,565		114,351,565				
Alternative Investments		10,946,993				<u> </u>		10,946,993
Total investments		336,401,369		325,454,376				10,946,993
Total investment by fair value level *	\$	336,401,369	\$	325,454,376	\$		\$	10,946,993

^{*}Does not include cash and money market funds totaling \$7,629,053 which represents securities that have remaining maturities of less than one year and may be measured at amortized cost.

3. Receivables

Receivables at fiscal year-end of the County's major individual funds and other aggregate remaining funds (including non-major governmental funds, non-major proprietary funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds), including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General Fund	C	General Capital Project Fund	re & Rescue eserve Fund	Prot	atershed ection and storation	Water and Sewer	Fiduciary Funds	Non-Major and Other Funds	Total
Receivables:										
Property taxes	\$ 15,199,948	\$	_	\$ 1,848,906	\$	36,300	\$ 279,519	\$ 395,728	\$ 298,948	\$ 18,059,349
Housing loans	_	-	_	_		_	_	_	18,137,744	18,137,744
Economic development loans	_	-	_	_			_	_	466,563	466,563
Other	1,751,501		76,978	4,021,872		_	1,047,074	5,243,427	18,895,159	31,036,011
Lease Receivables	586,873	;	_	_		_	_	_	15,276,899	15,863,772
Due from component units	7,176,073	;	49,391,715	_		_	_	_	9,353,631	65,921,419
Due from other governments	357,643,511		5,160,743	_		_	_	_	14,819,835	377,624,089
Service billings	_	-	_	_		_	16,114,792	_	198,029	16,312,821
Water and sewer assessments	_	-	_	_		_	8,903,642	_	_	8,903,642
Gross receivables	382,357,906	5	54,629,436	5,870,778		36,300	26,345,027	5,639,155	77,446,808	552,325,410
Less: Allowance for uncollectibles	(2,991,212	2)	_					_		(2,991,212)
Total Receivables	\$ 379,366,694	\$	54,629,436	\$ 5,870,778	\$	36,300	\$ 26,345,027	\$ 5,639,155	\$ 77,446,808	\$ 549,334,198

Property tax, services billings and water and sewer assessments receivables in the proprietary funds are liens on real property that will be sold via the annual tax sale process if not paid; therefore, an allowance has not been established. Due from other governments consists of uncollected tax and grant revenues from Federal and State governments.

Amounts other than leases receivable are (net of allowance for doubtful accounts).

4. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund Receivables and Payables:

The composition of interfund balances (Due to/from other funds) at fiscal year-end is as follows:

Due from other funds	Due to other funds	Amount				
General Fund	Special Recreation Facility	\$	1,302,522			
Recreation Program Fund	Special Recreation Facility		422,000			
Total Inter-fund Receivable/Payable		\$	1,724,522			

The balances are cash deficits related to normal operations.

Transfers:Interfund transfers for the year consisted of the following:

					Non-Majo	r Governmer	ntal Funds			
Fund	General Fund	General Capital Projects Fund	Enterprise Major Funds	Fire and Rescue Reserve Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Enterprise Non-Major Funds	Internal Service Funds	*Total Transfer In
Major Funds										
General Fund	\$ —	\$5,471,239	\$ —	\$ 8,621,089	\$ 5,362,309 \$	585,835	\$ 21,493,786	\$ 22,472	\$ 910,075	\$ 42,466,805
General Capital Projects Fund	92,325,428	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	92,325,428
Non-Major Funds										
Special Revenue	10,251,836	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	10,251,836
Debt Service	1,835,379	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,835,379
Capital Projects	23,564,818	_	8,000,000	950,000	_	_	_	_	_	32,514,818
Enterprise Non-Major Funds	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	800,000	800,000
Internal Service Funds	6,000,000			730,336		_				6,730,336
*Total Transfer Out	\$ 133,977,461	\$5,471,239	\$8,000,000	\$ 10,301,425	\$ 5,362,309 \$	585,835	\$ 21,493,786	\$ 22,472	\$ 1,710,075	\$ 186,924,602

^{*} Note: Variances may exist due to rounding

The transfers from the General Fund are the disbursement of pay-as-you-go funding to various capital projects, funding of bond anticipation note, debt service expenditures in excess of interest income, and interest allocation to various funds. Transfer tax revenue is dedicated to various functions in the Capital Projects and Non-Major Special Revenue Funds. Part of that revenue is then transferred to the General Fund to cover each function's share of debt service costs for the year. Transfers from the Enterprise Funds are to pay for highway and storm management related capital projects.

The chart above does not reflect a \$15,747,480 interfund transfer between the General Fund and Health Fund, which is reported with the General Fund.

5. Property Tax and Transfer Tax

The County's real property tax is levied each July 1 on the assessed value certified as of that date for all taxable real property located in the County. Assessed values are established by the Maryland State Department of Assessments and Taxation at 100% of estimated market value. The State uses January 1 as the date of finality and processes additions, deletions and corrections throughout the year. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed every three years. County taxes are due and payable, and become a lien on the property, on July 1 of each fiscal year. A discount of ½ % is allowed if payment is made in July. Property taxes are billed and payable semi-annually on properties designated as "principal residence" unless a taxpayer makes an election to pay annually. The first installment is due by September 30 while the second installment is due December 31. If delinquent, taxes are charged a penalty and interest 1.5% each month that they remain unpaid. If the annual payment election is made, taxes become delinquent October 1 and are charged a penalty and interest 1.5% each month that taxes remain unpaid. Tax lien certificates are sold at a public auction in May or June for properties with delinquent taxes. Property taxes levied during the current year are recorded as receivables and revenue, net of estimated uncollectible amounts of personal property tax. The net receivables uncollected 60 days after year-end are recorded as deferred inflows of resources as described in Note 3.

The Howard County Code imposes a transfer tax on every instrument of writing conveying title to real or leasehold property offered for sale in Howard County. The Code specifies that the proceeds should be distributed to the School Site Acquisition and Construction Fund 25.0%, The Park Land Watershed Facilities Fund 25.0%, and the remainder in the General Fund of the County, with the stipulation that the County Council shall budget this remainder as follows: Agricultural Land Preservation Fund 50.0% plus interest; Community Renewal Fund 25.0%; and Fire Service Building and Equipment Fund 25.0%. An additional tax increase in 2019 distributed proceeds to the General Fund to be used for capital projects for Howard County Public System 25.0%; capital projects for Department of Recreation and Parks 25.0%; community improvement and housing 25.0%; and acquisition or leasing of land for new fire house sites and training facilities, the acquisition and maintenance of fire equipment, and supplementation of financial needs of fire companies.

6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the fiscal year was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases *	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance						
Capital assets not being depreciated:											
Land and land improvements	\$ 676,367,387	\$ 21,719,664	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 698,087,051						
Construction in progress	105,607,039	159,099,965	76,355,093		188,351,911						
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	781,974,426	180,819,629	76,355,093		886,438,962						
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:											
Buildings	643,820,994	7,383,835	107,819	_	651,097,010						
Improvements other than buildings	341,154,808	4,190,100		_	345,344,908						
Machinery and equipment	264,556,139	33,673,983	8,727,819	30,140	289,502,303						
Infrastructure	658,222,035	10,309,572	_		668,531,607						
Intangible right-to-use buildings and equipment	105,825,089	_	896,310	_	104,928,779						
Intangible right-to-use subscriptions	36,323,246	1,651,447	1,028,497	_	36,946,196						
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	2,049,902,311	57,208,937	10,760,445	30,140	2,096,350,803						
Less accumulated depreciation/amortiz	ation for:										
Buildings	175,342,174	15,174,908	27,494	_	190,489,588						
Improvements other than buildings	208,878,778	19,406,752		_	228,285,530						
Machinery and equipment	176,855,861	18,827,670	8,400,025	(1,758)	187,285,264						
Infrastructure	339,024,692	19,339,249	_	_	358,363,941						
Intangible right-to-use buildings and equipment	18,280,906	6,570,440	896,288	_	23,955,058						
Intangible right-to-use subscriptions	8,654,987	8,677,899	525,227	_	16,807,659						
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	927,037,398	87,996,918	9,849,034	(1,758)	1,005,187,040						
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	1,122,864,913	(30,787,981)	911,411	28,382	1,091,163,763						
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$1,904,839,339	\$150,031,648	\$ 77,266,504	\$ 28,382	\$1,977,602,725						

^{*}Increases include:

(continued)

^{\$624,520} contributed to the Technology and Communications Fund by the Grant Fund and Capital Fund.

^{\$2,005,999} contributed from the Paygo and Water and Sewer funds to the Fleet Fund.

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities:	Amount
General government	\$ 17,162,345
Public safety	11,931,496
Public facilities	46,996,820
Legislative and judicial	267,049
Community services	548,193
Recreation and parks	8,449,035
Education	 2,641,980
Total depreciation/amortization expense - governmental activities	\$ 87,996,918

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the fiscal year was as follows:

Business-type Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases *	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land and land improvements	\$ 12,593,115	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 12,593,115
Construction in progress	71,274,950	24,308,670	28,229,501		67,354,119
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	83,868,065	24,308,670	28,229,501		79,947,234
Capital assets being depreciated/a	amortized:				
Buildings	238,250,441	_			238,250,441
Improvements other than buildings	101,200,256	2,061,746	_	_	103,262,002
Machinery and Equipment	20,979,658	231,811	103,373	(30,140)	21,077,956
Infrastructure	1,088,262,516	23,712,070			1,111,974,586
Intangible right-to-use buildings and equipment	2,615,710	3,816,833	_	_	6,432,543
Intangible right-to-use subscriptions		608,281			608,281
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	1,451,308,581	30,430,741	103,373	(30,140)	1,481,605,809
Less accumulated depreciation/ar	nortization for:				
Buildings	116,057,962	4,623,488			120,681,450
Improvements other than buildings	69,327,139	3,776,737	_	_	73,103,876
Machinery and Equipment	14,703,468	1,265,616	100,209	1,758	15,867,117
Infrastructure	431,479,031	23,793,785			455,272,816
Intangible right-to-use buildings and equipment	574,180	375,092	_	_	949,272
Intangible right-to-use subscriptions		127,767			127,767
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	632,141,780	33,962,485	100,209	1,758	666,002,298
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	819,166,801	(3,531,744)	3,164	(28,382)	815,603,511
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 903,034,866	\$ 20,776,926	\$ 28,232,665	\$ (28,382)	\$ 895,550,745

^{*}Increases include:

^{\$1,676,800} contributed to the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund by various entities and developers for water and sewer lines.

^{\$5,780,231} contributed from various Capital Project Funds to the Watershed Fund.

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of business-type activities as follows:

Business-type activities:	
Water and sewer system	\$ 31,177,297
Golf course	136,884
Inter-County Broadband	948,998
Watershed	 1,699,306
Total depreciation/amortization expense - business-type activities	\$ 33,962,485

7. Long-Term Obligations

A. Primary Government

The changes in long-term obligations for the primary government for the fiscal year are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:						
Consolidated public improvement	¢ 1.160.047.520	Ф 100 501 072	e 110 (75 240	¢ 1 141 074 054	¢ 04.025.100	
bonds	\$ 1,160,047,530	\$ 100,501,873	\$ 118,675,349	\$ 1,141,874,054	\$ 94,925,188	
Tax increment financing bonds	62,980,000	30,105,261	1,060,000	61,920,000	1,160,000	
Ellicott City safe & sound loans Lease liability	02 520 745	30,103,201	5,189,379	30,105,261	6 152 576	
-	92,529,745 26,637,235	1,651,447	8,246,924	87,340,366	6,153,576	
Subscription liability			8,240,924	20,041,758	8,245,894	
Compensated absences* Long-term financed purchase	67,390,418	6,644,365	250 511	74,034,783	908,730	
HUD Section 108 loan	2,596,511	5 949 000	359,511	2,237,000	283,000	
	07.425.226	5,848,000	1 725 126	5,848,000	1 024 052	
Availability payment arrangement	97,435,336	_	1,735,126	95,700,210	1,824,953	
Certificate of participation	10,125,000	272.000	2,880,000	7,245,000	2,230,000	
Landfill closure obligation	27,138,000	373,000	_	27,511,000	7,302,864	
Agricultural land preservation	45 217 427	2 614 960	2 071 192	12 961 115	4 706 507	
program Deferred refunding promium	45,217,437 124,264,355	2,614,860	3,971,182 11,327,952	43,861,115	4,706,507	
Deferred refunding premium		8,947,793		121,884,196	0.250.004	
Unpaid Claims	25,350,659	2,716,767	840,097	27,227,329	9,350,904	
Length of service award program liability	26,180,348		2,325,191	23,855,157	877,866	
Net OPEB liability	235,052,252	_	2,525,191	213,426,543	877,800	
Net pension liability	207,564,825	38,170,367	42,490,027	203,245,165	_	
Other noncurrent liability	7,528,411	36,170,307	460,092	7,068,319	_	
Other honcurrent hability	7,328,411	_	400,092	7,008,319	_	
Total governmental activities	2,218,038,062	197,573,733	221,186,539	2,194,425,256	137,969,482	
Business-type Activities:						
Consolidated public improvement bonds - Watershed Protection	27,105,094	3,003,128	1,056,002	29,052,220	1,193,911	
Consolidated public improvement bonds - Broadband	3,147,377	_	128,650	3,018,727	125,900	
Metropolitan district bonds	400,170,000	21,705,000	14,985,000	406,890,000	15,885,000	
Deferred refunding premium	30,539,270	1,137,814	1,578,881	30,098,203	_	
Certificates of participation - water						
meter	1,575,000	_	255,000	1,320,000	270,000	
State water quality revolving loan	1,555,752	_	242,057	1,313,695	245,272	
MDE Loan	786,677	_	169,056	617,621	174,058	
Major water and sewer agreements	585,424	_	314,089	271,335	49,794	
Lease liability	2,156,842	3,816,832	150,326	5,823,348	338,810	
Subscription liability	_	608,281	203,093	405,189	197,239	
Net pension liability	4,740,084	706,244	_	5,446,328	_	
Net OPEB liability	15,605,575	_	2,890,535	12,715,040	_	
Compensated absences*	2,396,712	350,457		2,747,169	498,978	
Total business-type activities	490,363,807	31,327,756	21,972,689	499,718,875	18,978,962	
Total long-term obligations	\$ 2,708,401,869	\$ 228,901,489	\$ 243,159,228	\$ 2,694,144,131	\$ 156,948,444	

^{*}Beginning balances have been restated to reflect changes in accounting principles related to GASB 101 implementation.

The County is subject to State and County law which limits the amount of applicable General County debt outstanding to 4.8% of the assessed value of real property and personal property located in the County. At fiscal year-end the statutory debt limit was \$3,249,954,488 providing a debt margin of \$2,004,607,488. The authorized, unissued General County Bonds, Metropolitan District Bonds and Tax Increment Finance Bonds at fiscal year-end were \$366,696,728, \$217,367,382 and \$41,775,000, respectively. It is the County's intent to use such unissued bonds to fund future capital projects. There is no overlapping municipal bonded debt in the County and the County is in compliance with debt agreement provisions.

Funding Source for Other Non-debt Related Liabilities

Net other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liabilities are liquidated with Employee Benefit Fund resources. Net pension liabilities (assets) are liquidated with General Fund resources. Compensated absences are liquidated by the governmental funds that incurred the associated personnel cost.

Metropolitan District bonds and their related interest charges are being financed from front foot benefit assessment charges, ad valorem taxes and in-aid-of-construction charges. In the event such revenues and charges are insufficient to finance the debt service, the full faith and credit and unlimited taxing power of the County are irrevocably pledged to the payment of the principal and interest of these bonds.

On April 23, 2025, the County issued \$80,640,000 in Consolidated Public Improvement Project Bonds 2025 Series A, and \$21,705,000 in Metropolitan District Project Bonds Series B. The true interest costs were 3.58%, and 3.98% for the Series A and B respectively. The County issued these bonds to pay off \$84,464,813 of outstanding Consolidated Public Improvement Bond Anticipation Notes, 2023 Series (BANs), reimburse the County for costs related to capital projects, and to pay bond issuance costs.

On April 9, 2025, the County issued \$22,865,000 in Consolidated Public Improvement Refunding Bonds 2025 Series C, with a true interest cost of 3.28%. The County issued these bonds to refund \$23,630,000 of Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds and to pay bond issuance costs. The savings or aggregate difference in debt service from refunding Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds was \$13,030. The economic gain or net present value of savings from refunding Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds was \$7,229.

The County issues debt to finance the construction of certain capital facilities of its component units and to finance major water and sewer projects done in conjunction with the City of Baltimore (the "City") and Baltimore County, which affects the "unrestricted" net position component in the statement of net position.

The following summarizes these situations in which the County is reporting the debt in its financial statements, while the corresponding assets are reported by the other reporting entity.

- The Board of Education (Public School System) and the Community College have no authority to issue bonded debt. The authority rests with the County subject to approval of the Council. The County had approximately \$528,155,770 of its net Consolidated Public Improvement general obligation bonds outstanding that are related to capital facilities of the component units at fiscal year end.
- The Metropolitan District Act requires Baltimore City to provide water to the County's Metropolitan District. The City also treats sewage from the Metropolitan District at cost. The County has agreed to pay the City on a pro rata basis for construction of certain City-owned water and sewer capital projects that serve the Metropolitan District. Since 2004, the County has contributed approximately \$95.5 million toward these City-owned facilities that are funded primarily with bond proceeds. The County estimates 4.01% of its net Metropolitan District general obligation bonds outstanding or \$16.3 million is related to these facilities at fiscal year-end.

Since 1993, the County has participated in the State Water Quality Revolving Loan Program. Under this program, the State makes loans to local governments with interest rates that are below the market rate for tax exempt financing. As of fiscal year-end, the County has borrowed \$91,255,779, of which \$77,045,779 was borrowed by the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund to expand the County's water reclamation. The outstanding balances of these loans are \$1,313,695.

Industrial revenue bonds issued by the County for the benefit of private businesses in the County are neither debt of nor charges against the general credit or taxing power of the County. These amounts are not included in general long-term debt (see Note 9).

In prior years, the County defeased certain Consolidated Public Improvement and Metropolitan District bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included as long-term obligations of the County. At fiscal year-end, \$86,450,000 of Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds and \$43,185,000 of Metropolitan District Bonds were considered defeased.

Under its Agricultural Land Preservation Program, the County acquires development rights on a parcel of agricultural property by entering into an installment purchase agreement with the property owner. The County acquires the development rights to the land in perpetuity. Historically, under the terms of the agreement, the County paid the property owner semiannual interest payments for 30 years and minimal portions of the installment purchase price until maturity. The remaining amount of the purchase price was paid at the end of 30 years with a balloon payment. Upon execution of an agreement, the County purchased stripped-coupon U.S. Treasury obligations in amounts sufficient to equal the balloon payment in 30 years (see Note 2). Under the current program, the County pays five or ten percent of the purchase price at closing, with equal annual principal payments over 15 or 20 years with interest.

Direct Placements

The County issues tax-exempt bond anticipation notes (BANs) in order to provide interim financing for a portion of the costs of on-going capital projects. On April 23, 2025 the County entered a Credit Agreement for a \$150,000,000 Line of Credit which is repaid annually with the proceeds of General Obligation bonds. The outstanding amount of such notes as of June 30, 2025 was \$32,537,339. The agreement will expire on April 23, 2027 and the County intends to pay off prior to the expiration date.

On November 20, 2018, the County borrowed \$1,646,000 from Sandy Spring Bank to fund a portion of the cost of a storm water restoration project located at 1960 Daisy Road in Woodbine, Maryland. The loan was made through the Maryland Department of the Environment (the "MDE") Linked Deposit Water Quality Program. MDE has placed \$1,646,000 on deposit with Sandy Spring Bank for the ten-year term of the loan. The interest earned on the funds on deposit will be used to offset the market interest rate.

Ellicott City Safe and Sound Plan

The County's Ellicott City Safe and Sound Plan is a major improvement program which seeks to implement long-term flood mitigation in the Tiber Branch watershed. Flash flooding in 2016 and 2018 caused exceptional damage and resulted in fatalities.

The County has entered into loan agreements with Federal and State programs to aid in its mitigation efforts with below market interest rates. The County closed on a \$75,000,000 Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (WIFIA) in May 2022. In 2025, the County entered into two additional agreements with the State of Maryland. The first agreement was through the Maryland Water Infrastructure Financing Administration (MWIFA) in the amount of \$23,500,000. The County was also awarded a \$10,000,000 loan through the Maryland Department of Emergency Management (MDEM).

Both the WIFIA and MWIFA programs are drawdown programs during the construction period. The County has drawn down \$20,105,263 through these programs. The total debt outstanding related to the improvement plan was \$30,105,261 through fiscal year 2025.

A summary of debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for certain long-term obligations at fiscal year-end are below:

Debt service requirements of governmental activities:

Year ending	ng General County Bonds			Agricultural Land Program				
June 30:		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2026	\$	94,925,188	\$	44,637,506	\$	4,706,507	\$	1,245,442
2027		92,423,720		40,992,765		9,370,507		946,785
2028		90,274,127		36,828,893		6,283,507		671,969
2029		87,506,747		32,640,021		4,125,507		436,507
2030		86,019,694		28,745,979		3,711,807		343,335
2031-2035		369,884,245		93,114,677		9,942,506		843,390
2036-2040		238,620,351		35,676,631		4,722,903		218,396
2041-2045		82,219,982		6,098,723		997,871		11,864
Total	\$	1,141,874,054	\$	318,735,195	\$	43,861,115	\$	4,717,688

Year ending	Long-term Financed Purchase				Certificates of Participation			
June 30:	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2026	\$ 283,000	\$	34,664	\$	2,230,000	\$	306,500	
2027	287,000		30,120		1,335,000		217,375	
2028	292,000		25,512		1,450,000		147,750	
2029	297,000		20,816		1,140,000		83,000	
2030	301,000		16,048		1,090,000		27,250	
2031-2035	777,000		18,768					
Total	\$ 2,237,000 (1) \$	145,928	(1) \$	7,245,000	\$	781,875	

⁽¹⁾ Reflects amortization of final approved contracts whereas the financial statements reflect the actual drawn amounts.

Year ending	Metro District Bonds			Water Quality Bonds					Watershed Protection				
June 30:		Principal	Interest			Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest*	
2026	\$	15,885,000	\$	14,299,162	\$	245,272	\$	28,795	\$	1,193,911	\$	1,226,216	
2027		16,335,000		13,631,820		248,538		25,529		1,241,069		1,178,725	
2028		16,225,000		12,871,655		251,856		22,211		1,304,791		1,115,079	
2029		16,965,000		12,111,211		242,153		18,842		1,371,300		1,048,176	
2030		15,770,000		11,396,664		190,132		12,345		1,441,792		977,849	
2031-2035		85,565,000		47,147,646		135,743		10,444		8,350,118		3,748,717	
2036-2040		88,075,000		32,450,098		_		_		10,125,253		1,811,188	
2041-2045		77,200,000		19,155,122		_		_		4,023,986		304,260	
2046-2050		58,100,000		7,559,450		_		_		_		_	
2051-2055		16,770,000		1,258,675		_				_			
Total	\$	406,890,000	\$	171,881,503	\$	1,313,694	\$	118,166	\$	29,052,220	\$	11,410,210	

Year ending	Broadband					М		Certificates of Participation Water Meter				
June 30:		Principal		Interest *	F	Principal	I	nterest *		Principal		Interest *
2026	\$	125,900	\$	120,260	\$	174,058	\$	16,213	\$	270,000	\$	59,250
2027		130,211		115,972		179,336		10,935		285,000		45,375
2028		136,082		111,412		184,762		5,509		300,000		30,750
2029		141,953		106,541		79,465		647		310,000		15,500
2030		143,514		101,505		_		_		155,000		3,875
2031-2035		805,637		422,876		_		_		_		_
2036-2040		979,395		247,561		_		_		_		_
2041-2045		556,035		58,584				_		_		
Total	\$	3,018,727	\$	1,284,711	\$	617,621	\$	33,304	\$	1,320,000	\$	154,750

^{*}Includes administrative fees.

Special Obligation Bonds

March 11, 2014, the County issued its first Special Obligation Bonds (Annapolis Junction Town Center) 2014 Series in the amount of \$17 million, with an overall true interest cost of 6.148%. The proceeds were used to construct a 704-space parking garage on 12.73 acres of land dedicated for commuter rail patrons. The County had previously designated the 12.73 acres as a Development District, at the site of the MARC Savage Commuter Rail Station. The land is state-owned, thus no real property taxes were paid to the County for this property. However, County management anticipates opportunities for local economic development by putting tax-exempt property on the local tax roll while improving transportation infrastructure. The outstanding bonds in the amount of \$16,145,000 were refunded on June 27, 2024 with an overall true interest cost of 4.704%.

A companion special taxing district was created as a backup for the Special Obligation bonds. Special taxes will be imposed on property owners located within the special taxing district in any year where the tax increment collections are lower than the next year's debt service obligation and TIF District expenses. The special taxes are also to be pledged for the repayment of the Special Obligation bonds.

These bonds are not general obligation bonds of the County; rather they are special obligations of the County payable solely from the incremental real property taxes collected within the Development District, any special taxes imposed and collected from the companion Special Tax District, and any Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Zone Grant awarded by the State of Maryland. The project was approved for designation as a BRAC Zone in June 2009. The total amount of pledged revenue is \$22,883,750. A reserve fund in the amount of \$1,564,500 was established as part of the refunding debt issuance. This reserve will not be available for other purposes until the final maturity of the bonds in fiscal year 2044. Additionally, as of fiscal year end, \$27,018 is being held by an escrow agent for fiscal year 2026 debt service. Pledged revenues of \$1,423,414 were recognized in fiscal year 2025. The outstanding debt of \$15,045,000 is included in the primary government's long-term debt on the Statement of Net Position.

The bond offering is part of an overall Public Private Partnership (P3) development project known as Annapolis Junction Town Center. When completed, the entire development project will be a comprehensive mixed-use State Transit-Oriented Development (TOD) and will include 100,000 square feet of Class A office space, 416 luxury apartment units, a 150-room hotel, 17,250 square feet of retail space and the 700-space parking garage (financed by the general obligations bonds). The project will also include two additional parking garages, to be funded privately, to separately support parking needs for businesses and residents.

On October 19, 2017, the County issued \$48,225,000 of Special Obligation Bonds (Downtown Columbia Project) Series 2017 A, with an overall true interest cost of 4.48%. The development project consists of the re-development of a portion of the downtown area in the unincorporated master-planned community of Columbia, Maryland, one of the first master-planned communities in the United States. Howard Research and Development Corporation intends to develop the downtown area in multiple phases over approximately 15 to 20 years. The Development District is comprised of approximately 148.6 acres within Downtown Columbia excluding The Mall and Merriweather-Symphony Woods neighborhoods. The Special Taxing District consists of an approximately 65-acre parcel located within the Crescent neighborhood of the Development District. Special taxes will be imposed on property owners located within the special taxing district in any year where the tax increment revenues are lower than the next year's debt service obligation and District expenses.

The bond proceeds are being used to finance the construction of roads, intersections, related water, sewer and storm water improvements and an EMT/Quick Strike Facility in the Special Taxing District and to pay bond issuance costs. These bonds are not general obligation bonds of the County; rather they are special obligations of the County payable solely from the incremental real property taxes collected on the Phase One properties and any special taxes imposed and collected within the Crescent Special Taxing District. The Phase One properties include The Metropolitan, m.flats, TEN.M, One Merriweather, Two Merriweather, Area One Parking garage, Project 3 Office A, Project 3 Multifamily B, Project 3 Multifamily C, Project 3 Office B, Project # Retail and Area Three Parking garage.

The total amount of pledged revenue is \$71,391,780. A reserve fund in the amount of \$3,921,283 was established as part of the debt issuance. This reserve will not be available for other purposes until the final maturity of the bonds in fiscal year 2047. Additionally, as of fiscal year end, \$67,033 is being held by an escrow agent for fiscal year 2026 debt service. Pledged revenues of \$4,837,589 were recognized in fiscal year 2025. The outstanding debt of \$46,875,000 is included in the primary government's long-term debt on the Statement of Net Position.

A summary of debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for the TIF governmental activities at fiscal year-end are below.

Debt service requirements of TIF governmental activities:

Year ending		Tax	ment Financing Bo	nds			
June 30:	Principal			Interest	Annual Debt Service		
2026	\$	1,160,000	\$	2,800,469	\$	3,960,469	
2027		1,425,000		2,751,219		4,176,219	
2028		1,540,000		2,690,969		4,230,969	
2029		1,660,000		2,625,719		4,285,719	
2030		1,780,000		2,553,656		4,333,656	
2031-2035		10,945,000		11,488,469		22,433,469	
2036-2040		16,205,000		8,654,813		24,859,813	
2041-2045		23,405,000		4,098,250		27,503,250	
2046-2050		3,800,000		177,749		3,977,749	
Total	\$	61,920,000	\$	37,841,313	\$	99,761,313	

Availability Payment Arrangement

On July 27, 2018, the Howard County Council adopted CB54-2018 approving a multi-year Project Agreement between Howard County, Maryland and a special purpose entity formed by Edgemoor-Star America Judicial Partners ("ESJP" or the Project Company) for the design, construction, partial financing, operation and maintenance of a new Courthouse and related Parking Structure to be located on the Project Site located at 9250 Judicial Way (formerly known as 9240 and 9250 Bendix Road) in Ellicott City. The County reached commercial and financial close with ESJP on October 16, 2018. Council Bill 41-2017 authorized the issuance of General Obligation bonds to finance the milestone payment. The County paid ESJP \$78 million upon occupancy in July 2021.

The County makes monthly payments consisting of capital and facilities management charges, meeting GASB Statement No. 94's definition of an Availability Payment Arrangement. The County has recognized \$100,653,579 at an imputed discount rate of 5.07%, and will continue to make monthly payments to the Project Company through 2051, or the "expiration date." The fixed capital charge is for the design, build and construction of the Courthouse. The facilities management charge is index-linked and related to the Project Company's performance in operating and maintaining the Courthouse. The facilities management charges are recognized as outflows on the financial statements. The Project Company is responsible for obtaining and repaying all construction and other financing necessary for the Project at its own cost and risk and without recourse to the County and, exclusively bears the risk of any changes in the interest rate, payment provisions or the other terms and conditions of its financing.

A summary of the fixed capital charges required to maturity, including principal and interest, for the long-term obligations at fiscal year-end are below:

Year ending	Courthouse Availability Payment									
June 30:	Principal			Interest	Annual Debt Service					
2026	\$	1,824,953	\$	4,798,595	\$	6,623,548				
2027		1,919,429		4,704,119		6,623,548				
2028		2,018,796		4,604,752		6,623,548				
2029		2,123,308		4,500,240		6,623,548				
2030		2,233,230		4,390,318		6,623,548				
2031-2035		13,024,786		20,092,954		33,117,740				
2036-2040		16,763,814		16,353,926		33,117,740				
2041-2045		21,576,207		11,541,533		33,117,740				
2046-2050		27,770,093		5,347,647		33,117,740				
2051-2055		6,445,594		177,955		6,623,549				
Total	\$	95,700,210	\$	76,512,039	\$	172,212,249				

HUD Section 108 Loan

With the passage of CB3-2025 the County entered into a multi-year loan agreement with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to receive funding under the Section 108 Loan Guarantee Assistance program and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, on September 24, 2024. The loan includes the guarantee of notes or other obligations in the principal amount of \$5,848,000 plus interest, which shall be used to finance the Waverly Winds and Ranleagh Court redevelopment projects.

The Variable/Fixed Rate Notes, referred to as Note No. B-23-UC-24-0012 in the Maximum Commitment Amount of \$5,848,000.00, were executed by the County on February 7, 2025 and are payable to the order of the Registered Holder thereof, and to be guaranteed by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") under section 108 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 5308 ("Section 108"). The Note was initially issued to the interim lender, which will make advances to Borrower in the amount requested by the Borrower under the Note. HUD's guarantee of the Note will be governed by the Contract for Loan Guarantee Assistance under Section 108 between the Borrower and HUD (the "Contract"), in which the Borrower pledges Community Development Block Grants pursuant to 24 CFR 570.705(b)(2), as well as any other security specified therein, as security for HUD's guarantee. It is anticipated that the Note, as authorized by the Contract, will be included in a future trust created by HUD (together with other Section 108 Notes issued by other borrowers), and participation certificates based on the trust will ultimately be sold in a future public offering by the underwriters selected by HUD.

A summary of debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for the long-term obligations at fiscal year-end are below:

Year ending		HUI	D Section 8 Loan			
June 30:	Principal		Interest	Annual Debt Service		
2026	\$ 	\$	260,236	\$	260,236	
2027			260,236		260,236	
2028	209,000		260,236		469,236	
2029	221,000		250,936		471,936	
2030	235,000		241,101		476,101	
2031-2035	1,399,000		1,035,737		2,434,737	
2036-2040	1,860,000		685,968		2,545,968	
2041-2044	 1,924,000		220,275		2,144,275	
Total	\$ 5,848,000	\$	3,214,725	\$	9,062,725	

B. Component Units

The changes in long-term obligations for the component units for the fiscal year are as follows:

Component Unit		Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	
Community College:						
Compensated absences, net OPEB liability and net pension liability (asset)	\$	34,638,157	\$ (3,021,657)	\$ 7,723,186	\$ 23,893,314	
Housing:*						
Loans, compensated absences and net pension liability**		276,777,827	73,971,443	4,557,074	346,192,196	
Library:						
Compensated absences and net OPEB liability		13,434,463	75,741	2,517,467	10,992,737	
Public School System:						
Long-term financed purchase, workers						
compensation, compensated absences, net OPEB liability and net pension liability (asset)		871,907,122	87,258,690	7,656,726	951,509,086	
Total	\$	1,196,757,569	\$ 158,284,217	\$22,454,453	\$1,332,587,333	

^{*}Financial statements for the Housing Commission are reported on a calendar year basis ** The beginning balance has been restated.

8. Short-Term Debt

The changes in short-term debt for the primary government for the fiscal year are as follows:

Туре	Beginning Balance	Issued	 Retired	Ending Balance
Bond Anticipation Notes	\$ 37,731,427	\$ 79,270,725	\$ 84,464,813	\$ 32,537,339

Bond anticipation notes (BANS) are issued to finance expenditures of certain capital projects and will be repaid from the proceeds when the County issues debt.

The County issues tax-exempt bond anticipation notes (BANs) in order to provide interim financing for a portion of the costs of on-going capital projects. On April 23, 2025 the County entered a Credit Agreement for a \$150,000,000 Line of Credit which is repaid annually with the proceeds of General Obligation bonds. The outstanding amount of such notes as of June 30, 2025 was \$32,537,339. The agreement will expire on April 23, 2027 and the County intends to pay-off prior to the expiration date.

9. Conduit Debt

From time-to-time, the County has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds, Economic Revenue Development Bonds, Retirement Community Revenue Bonds, and Recovery Zone Facility Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the County, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof, is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

At fiscal year-end, there were 13 series of conduit debt outstanding. The aggregate principal amount outstanding for the 9 series issued after July 1, 1996 was \$68,813,333. The aggregate principal amount outstanding for the 4 series issued prior to June 30, 1996 could not be determined; however, their original issue amounts totaled \$23,880,000.

10. Leases and Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

Leases

County as Lessee

The County has entered into various lease agreements as lessee primarily for office space and office equipment. Leases have initial terms from 4 to 26 years with an average length of 13 years, and contain one or more renewals at the County's option, most commonly for five-year periods and others at one or three-year periods. The County has generally included these renewal periods in the lease term when it is reasonably certain that the County will exercise the renewal option. The County's leases generally do not include termination options for either party to the lease or restrictive financial or other covenants. Certain real estate leases require additional payments for common area maintenance, real estate taxes, and insurance, which are expensed as incurred as variable lease payments. For office space leases that include variable payments, those include payments for the County's proportionate share of the building's property taxes, insurance, and common area maintenance. The County's lease arrangements do not contain any material residual value guarantees. As the interest rate implicit in the County's leases is not readily determinable, the County utilizes its incremental borrowing rate to discount the lease payments. These rates range from 0.4170% to 3.3980%.

This year the County entered into a new 186 month lease for office space. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$3,816,832. As of June 30, 2025, the value of the lease liability is \$3,833,662. Howard County, MD is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$19,325. The lease has an interest rate of 3.2570%. The value of the right-to-use-asset as of June 30, 2025 of \$3,816,832 with accumulated amortization of \$183,698 is included with Buildings in the table below. The County has two extension options, each for 60 months.

At June 30, 2025, the statement of net position included the following amounts relating to leases:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Intangible right-to-use assets being amortized:					
Buildings	\$	100,404,974	\$	6,432,543	\$ 106,837,517
Equipment		4,523,805			 4,523,805
Total intangible right-to-use assets being amortized		104,928,779		6,432,543	111,361,322
Less accumulated amortization for:					
Buildings		22,985,671		949,272	23,934,943
Equipment		969,387			 969,387
Total accumulated amortization		23,955,058		949,272	24,904,330
Intangible right-to-use assets being amortized, net:					
Buildings		77,419,303		5,483,271	82,902,574
Equipment		3,554,418			 3,554,418
Total intangible right-to-use assets, being amortized, net	\$	80,973,721	\$	5,483,271	\$ 86,456,992
Lease liability:					
Current	\$	6,153,576	\$	338,810	\$ 6,492,386
Noncurrent		81,186,790		5,484,538	 86,671,328
Total Lease liability	\$	87,340,366	\$	5,823,348	\$ 93,163,714

The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2025, were as follows:

		Governmental Activities										
Fiscal Year	Princ	cipal Payments	Inte	rest Payments	Total Payments							
2026	\$	6,153,576	\$	1,822,416	\$	7,975,992						
2027		5,505,596		1,719,035		7,224,631						
2028		5,129,018		1,610,616		6,739,634						
2029		5,294,354		1,499,252		6,793,606						
2030		5,423,211		1,384,842		6,808,053						
Thereafter		59,834,611		8,830,537		68,665,148						
Total	\$	87,340,366	\$	16,866,698	\$	104,207,064						

The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2025, were as follows:

	Business-Type Activities									
Fiscal Year	Princ	ipal Payments	Inter	est Payments	Total Payments					
2026	\$	338,810	\$	156,897	\$	495,707				
2027		358,504		148,176		506,680				
2028		378,986		138,927		517,913				
2029		400,194		129,129		529,323				
2030		420,361		118,767		539,128				
Thereafter		3,926,492		556,429		4,482,921				
Total	\$	5,823,347	\$	1,248,325	\$	7,071,672				

County as Lessor

The County leases out some of its buildings, infrastructure, and land. Most leases have initial terms from 2 to 24 years with an average length of 11 years and contain one to four more renewals at the County's option for typically five-year periods. The County has included these renewal periods in the lease term when they are both noncancellable and reasonably certain to be exercised. The County's lease arrangements do not contain any material residual value guarantees. As the interest rate implicit in the County's leases is not readily determinable, the County utilizes its incremental borrowing rate to discount the lease payments. These rates range from 0.4170% to 3.1130%. Although the County is exposed to changes in the residual value at the end of the current leases, the County typically enters into new operating leases and therefore will not immediately realize any reduction in residual value at the end of these leases.

The County entered into a 144 month lease this year for the use of Infrastructure. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$745,208. As of June 30, 2025, the value of the lease receivable is \$704,292. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$6,151. The lease has an interest rate of 2.9920%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2025 was \$698,632, and the County recognized lease revenue of \$46,575 during the fiscal year. The lessee has one extension option for 60 months.

Additionally, the County entered into a 24 month lease as Lessor for the use of Columbia Center for Theatrical Arts Phase I. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$99,221. As of June 30, 2025, the value of the lease receivable is \$75,079. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$4,167. The lease has an interest rate of 2.3630%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2025 was \$74,416, and the County recognized lease revenue of \$24,805 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option for 12 months.

The total amount of inflows of resources relating to leases recognized in the current fiscal year are as follows:

	G	overnmental Activities	 Business-Type Activities	Total		
Revenues						
Lease Revenue	\$	1,107,642	\$ 363,044	\$	1,470,686	
Interest Revenue		226,890	98,382		325,272	
Total Revenue	\$	1,334,532	\$ 461,426	\$	1,795,958	

At June 30, 2025, the principal and interest requirements to maturity for the lease receivable are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal Payments	Interest Payments	Total Payments
2026	\$ 1,073,365	\$ 215,150	\$ 1,288,515
2027	1,003,665	198,714	1,202,379
2028	756,282	183,977	940,259
2029	670,684	170,401	841,085
2030	641,227	157,484	798,711
Thereafter	7,107,605	819,521	7,927,126
Total	\$ 11,252,828	\$ 1,745,247	\$ 12,998,075

	Business-Type Activities						
Fiscal Year	Princi	Principal Payments		rest Payments	Total Payments		
2026	\$	381,668	\$	96,714	\$	478,382	
2027		389,483		88,898		478,381	
2028		376,444		80,937		457,381	
2029		320,806		73,575		394,381	
2030		327,970		66,411		394,381	
Thereafter		2,814,573		265,582		3,080,155	
Total	\$	4,610,944	\$	672,117	\$	5,283,061	

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The County has entered into various subscription agreements that convey control of the right-to-use another entity's combination of IT software and tangible capital assets, for a variety of governmental purpose ranging from payroll to computer software. Subscriptions have initial terms from 1 to 10 years with an average length of four years and contain none or more renewals at the county's option, most commonly for 1-year periods and others at 5 years. The County has generally included these renewal periods in the subscription term when it is reasonably certain that the County will exercise the renewal option. The County's subscriptions generally do not include termination options for either party to the subscription or restrictive financial or other covenants. As the interest rate implicit in the County's subscription is not readily determinable, the County utilizes its incremental borrowing rate to discount the subscription payments. The following agreements were entered into during FY 2025 and are included in the Subscription class activities in the chart below:

On 07/01/2024, Howard County, MD entered into a 120 month subscription for the use of Everbridge Inc. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$612,900. As of 06/30/2025, the value of the subscription liability is \$543,459. Howard County, MD is required to make annual fixed payments of \$69,441. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.8900%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2025 of \$612,900 with accumulated amortization of \$61,290 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below. Howard County, MD has 15 extension option(s), each for 12 months.

On 07/01/2024, Howard County, MD entered into a 48 month subscription for the use of Kronos Services - Fire. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$202,583. As of 06/30/2025, the value of the subscription liability is \$153,822. Howard County, MD is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$4,475. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.0270%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2025 of \$202,583 with accumulated amortization of \$50,646 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below. Howard County, MD has 3 extension option(s), each for 12 months.

On 07/01/2024, Howard County, MD entered into a 36 month subscription for the use of Magnet Forensics, LLC. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$332,483. As of 06/30/2025, the value of the subscription liability is \$223,708. Howard County, MD is required to make annual fixed payments of \$108,775. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.0670%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2025 of \$332,483 with accumulated amortization of \$110,828 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below. Howard County, MD has 2 extension option(s), each for 12 months.

On 09/14/2024, Howard County, MD entered into a 36 month subscription for the use of Sign in Enterprise Inc. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$129,429. As of 06/30/2025, the value of the subscription liability is \$84,977. Howard County, MD is required to make annual fixed payments of \$44,453. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.0670%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2025 of \$129,429 with accumulated amortization of \$34,395 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below. Howard County, MD has 2 extension option(s), each for 12 months.

On 09/30/2024, Howard County, MD entered into a 36 month subscription for the use of Shi International Corp. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$313,163. As of 06/30/2025, the value of the subscription liability is \$210,709. Howard County, MD is required to make annual fixed payments of \$102,454. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.0670%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2025 of \$313,163 with accumulated amortization of \$78,581 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below. Howard County, MD has 2 extension option(s), each for 12 months.

On 01/01/2025, Howard County, MD entered into a 36 month subscription for the use of Infor Public Sector Inc. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$295,118. As of 06/30/2025, the value of the subscription liability is \$194,480. Howard County, MD is required to make annual fixed payments of \$100,638. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.3210%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2025 of \$295,118 with accumulated amortization of \$49,186 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below. Howard County, MD has 2 extension option(s), each for 12 months.

At June 30, 2025, the statement of net position included the following amounts relating to subscription:

	 Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total
Intangible right-to-use subscription assets being amortized:				
Software	\$ 36,946,193	\$ 606,281	\$	37,552,474
Total intangible right-to-use subscription assets being amortized	36,946,193	606,281		37,552,474
Less accumulated amortization for:				
Software	16,807,659	127,767		16,935,426
Total accumulated amortization	16,807,659	127,767		16,935,426
Intangible right-to-use subscription assets being amortized, net:				
Software	20,138,534	478,514		20,617,048
Total intangible right-to-use subscription assets, being amortized, net	\$ 20,138,534	\$ 478,514	\$	20,617,048
Subscription liability:				
Current	\$ 8,245,894	\$ 197,239	\$	8,443,133
Noncurrent	11,795,864	207,950		12,003,814
Total Subscription liability	\$ 20,041,758	\$ 405,189	\$	20,446,947

The future principal and interest subscription payments as of June 30, 2025 were as follows:

	Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities								
		Principal Payments		Inter	est Payments	Total Payments				
	2026	\$	8,245,894	\$	575,918	\$	8,821,812			
	2027		5,854,000		350,298		6,204,298			
	2028		4,794,925		177,417		4,972,342			
	2029		272,912		30,164		303,076			
	2030		280,227		22,849		303,076			
	2031-2034		593,800		28,773		622,573			
	Total	\$	20,041,758	\$	1,185,419	\$	21,227,177			
			I	Business-	Type Activities					
	Fiscal Year	Princ	cipal Payments	Inter	est Payments	То	otal Payments			
	2026	\$	197,239	\$	10,976	\$	208,215			
	2027		207,950		5,644		213,594			
	Total	\$	405,189	\$	16,620	\$	421,809			

11. Restricted Assets

Federal and State grants, water and sewer assessments, user charges, in-aid-of-construction charges, developer contributions, and bond and loan proceeds for purposes of construction of the water and sewer system are restricted. The cumulative amounts of other non-operating revenues are available for construction activities and reflected as restricted net position. Assets and liabilities arising from the construction and operation of the County's publicly owned golf course are restricted in the Special Recreation Facility Fund. Restricted assets also include funds that are legally restricted for special purposes such as public housing projects.

12. Fund Equity

The governmental fund balances at June 30, 2025 are composed of the following:

	General Fund	General Capital Projects Funds	Fire and Rescue Reserve Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable:					
Materials and supplies	\$ 960,254	_	\$ 591,653	\$ 163,178	\$ 1,715,085
Prepaid items	9,939	_	_	1,416,363	1,426,302
Long-term receivable:					
Due from component units	7,176,073				7,176,073
Total nonspendable	8,146,266		591,653	1,579,541	10,317,460
Restricted for:					
3M Settlement	_	_	_	184,210	184,210
Catalyst loan program	_	_	_	1,579,847	1,579,847
Community reinvestment and repair	_	_	_	3,035,766	3,035,766
Disposable plastics reduction	_	_	_	625,428	625,428
Economic development initiative	_	_	_	663,033	663,033
Fire & rescue services	_	_	151,840,495	_	151,840,495
Forest conservation	_	_	_	1,362,407	1,362,407
Housing opportunity trust fund	_	_	_	7,619,473	7,619,473
Middle Patuxent environmental area program	_	_	_	208,277	208,277
MIHU Fee-in-Lieu	_	_	_	5,366,760	5,366,760
Open space	_	_	_	719,506	719,506
Opioid abatement	_	_	_	7,557,861	7,557,861
Parkland watershed facilities	_	_	_	19,538,673	19,538,673
Permanent public improvement contribution	_	1,686,346	_	_	1,686,346
Program revenue	_	_	_	346,045	346,045
Public road facilities	_	_	_	57,701,246	57,701,246
Public school facilities	_	68,322,562	_	_	68,322,562
Speed enforcement	_	_	_	951,078	951,078
Tax increment financing project	_	_	_	21,631,226	21,631,226
Transit services	_	_	_	584,682	584,682
Vaping	<u> </u>			1,246,474	1,246,474
Total restricted		70,008,908	151,840,495	130,921,992	352,771,395
Committed for:					
Budget stabilization account	89,894,205	_	_	_	89,894,205
Agricultural land preservation	_	_	_	28,417,498	28,417,498
Citizen's election	2,220,209		_	_	2,220,209
Community renewal programs	_	_	_	43,582,130	43,582,130
Environmental services	_	_	_	28,497,154	28,497,154
Firehouse & training facilities	_	_	_	23,573,212	23,573,212
Program revenue	<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	244,416	244,416
Total committed	92,114,414			124,314,410	216,428,824

(continued)

	General Fund	General Capital Projects Funds	Fire and Rescue Reserve Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Assigned for:					
Capital projects	_	_	_	14,775,586	14,775,586
FY2027 capital projects	15,000,000	_	_	_	15,000,000
FY2027 one-time operating initiatives	5,000,000	_	_	_	5,000,000
Educator loan assistance program	600,000	_	_	_	600,000
FY2026 budgeted PAYGO Operating	22,005,408	_	_	_	22,005,408
FY2026 budgeted PAYGO contribution to capital projects	73,760,000	_	_	_	73,760,000
FY2026 HCPSS one-time initiatives	1,505,000	_	_	_	1,505,000
FY2026 HCPSS operating (emergency legislation CB45-2025)	14,500,000	_	_	_	14,500,000
School capital projects	20,000,000	_	_	_	20,000,000
Other Post-Employment Benefits	2,500,000	_	_	_	2,500,000
Elkridge community center	20,000,000	_	_	_	20,000,000
HC Medical center-emergency dept expansion	5,000,000	_	_	_	5,000,000
Policy reserve	43,705,132	_	_	_	43,705,132
Purchase commitments	18,924,984	_	_	_	18,924,984
Subsequent year's budget stabilization account	12,084,435				12,084,435
Total assigned	254,584,959			14,775,586	269,360,545
Unassigned	37,992,467	* (4,851,427)		(42,868,360)	(9,727,320)
Total fund balance	\$ 392,838,106	\$ 65,157,481	\$ 152,432,148	\$ 228,723,169	\$ 839,150,904

^{*}Of this amount, \$7.1 million is for the Health Department Fund.

13. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Cost

State and Federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover cap on closed cells at the currently operating Alpha Ridge Landfill and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for a minimum period of 30 years after closure. The County recognizes a portion of these costs in each operating period based on landfill capacity used as of each fiscal year-end. Closure and post-closure care costs are paid after each cell is filled to capacity. The closure cap for a 70-acre inactive landfill cell was completed in fiscal year 2000. A separate active lined landfill cell is projected to close no earlier than 2050 if current operating conditions continue and will be capped at that time. In addition, the County has constructed closure caps and groundwater treatment systems at two older closed landfills, and the post-closure operating cost are included in the Environmental Services Fund budget. The long-term liability for these older landfills has been removed from long-term debt. Future total closure and post-closure care costs for the Alpha Ridge Landfill as determined through engineering studies will approximate \$34,813,864. Actual costs may differ due to inflation or future design changes. The County ceased using the Alpha Ridge Landfill as its primary disposal site as of March 1997, and thus it is not expected to use the landfill to its full capacity in the foreseeable future. The County is exporting waste to a regional landfill in Virginia. The remaining capacity at the landfill will be held for backup or future use. At fiscal year-end, the County has recognized \$27,511,000 of these costs. This cumulative amount reported to date is based on the use of 70.78% of the existing cell and 100% of the closed cell. The total current cost of closure and postclosure care to be recognized in future years is \$7,302,864. The County intends to finance these costs through the proceeds of bonds and through its annual operating budget. The General Fund has been used in prior years to liquidate the liability.

14. Tax Abatements

As of June 30, 2025 the County provides tax abatements through the Pilot Program and Commercial or Industrial Business Program.

PILOT (Payment in Lieu of Taxes)

Nixon Farm

In accordance with Howard County Council Resolution No. 11-2018, the County approved the terms and conditions of a Payment in Lieu of Taxes Agreement with the owners of 2800 Nixon's Farm Lane, LLC, regarding the construction and operation of an alternative and renewable energy project. Pursuant to Section 7-514 of the Tax-Property Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland, the County permits the owners to make payments in lieu of County real property taxes. The code provides, among other things, that real property may be exempt from County property tax and to induce the development of sustainable energy projects, the County agrees to abate County real property taxes for the property on a sliding scale as follows:

- a) For years 1 through 7 from the effective date, all Howard County real property taxes for the Property shall be abated and the owners shall pay to the County in lieu of such taxes, \$1 each year;
- b) For years 8 through 14 from the effective date, the owners shall receive a thirty percent (30.0%) abatement of all Howard County real property taxes for the property;
- c) For years 15 through 20 from the Effective Date, the owners shall receive a twenty percent (20.0%) abatement of all Howard County real property taxes for the property.

No other commitments were made by the County as part of this agreement.

Housing

In accordance with Howard County Code Sec. 13.1320. Property of Commission tax-exempt; exemption of property from levy and execution, the property of the Commission is declared to be used for essential public and governmental purposes and the Commission and its property are exempt from all taxes and special assessments of the County or the State. The Housing Commission which is a separate legal entity serves as the Public Housing Authority for the purpose of developing and managing housing resources for low and moderate income residents of Howard County. The Commission also owns and manages residential property, maintains these properties, develops affordable housing opportunities for the citizens of Howard County through partnerships with developers or land acquisition for development, and operates the Housing Choice Voucher. In lieu of County taxes and special assessments, the Commission makes payments to the County in an amount set by mutual agreement between the Commission and the County; provided, however, that the sum to be paid to the County does not exceed an amount equal to the regular taxes levied upon similar property.

By virtue of this agreement, all real property of the Commission is exempt from levy and sale and no execution or other judicial process shall issue against the same, nor shall any judgment against the Commission be a charge or lien upon its real property. The provisions shall not limit a right to foreclose or otherwise enforce:

- (1) Any mortgage or deed of trust recorded against any property of the Commission; or
- (2) Any pledge or lien given by the Commission on its rents, fees, or revenues.
- (3) May not deprive the County of its right to collect any service charge agreed upon in lieu of taxes in the same manner as all such taxes are now, or may hereafter be, collectible under the laws of this State and of the County.

No other commitments were made by the County as part of these agreements.

Commercial or Industrial Business

In accordance with § 9-315(a)(3) of the Tax-Property Article, Annotated Code of Maryland, there is a Howard County property tax credit against the tax on real property owned or occupied by a commercial or industrial business that engaged in an activity identified in the Howard County Economic Development Strategic Plan as a target for the County's business attraction and retention efforts.

A commercial or industrial business qualifies for a tax credit under this section if the business:

- (1) Applies for the credit under procedures of Howard County Code Sec. 20.123-Commerical or industrial business
- (2) (i) Owns real property in Howard County that is new construction, or an improvement to an existing facility; or (ii) Subject to the provisions of subsection (f)(2) of this section, rents or leases real property in Howard County that is new construction or an improvement to an existing facility;
- (3) Is currently or will be doing business in Howard County;
- (4) Will employ at least 12 additional full-time local employees by the second year in which the credit is allowed, not including an employee filling a job created when a job function is shifted from an existing location in the State to Howard County; and
- (5) Makes a substantial investment in Howard County which includes the acquisition of a building, land, or equipment that totals at least \$2,000,000; or the creation of ten positions with salaries greater than the current average wage in Howard County.

The tax credit under this section shall be granted annually for a term not to exceed ten years beginning with the first tax year in which the real property tax would increase as a result of an increase in assessment due to new construction or an improvement to an existing facility. The tax credit under this section may not exceed the amount of the County property tax imposed on the property that is a result of an increase in assessment due to the new construction or improvement. Because taxes are abated after the qualifying spending has taken place, there are no provisions for recapturing abated taxes. No other commitments were made by the County as part of these agreements.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the County abated taxes totaling \$2,979,048 including the following tax abatement agreements that exceeds 10.0% of the total amount abated:

Tax Abatement Program	Amount o	f Taxes Abated
PILOT (Payment in Lieu of Taxes)	\$	1,881,342

15. Pension Plans

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Howard County Retirement Plan (HCRP) and Police and Fire Employees' Plan (PFEP) and additions to/deductions from the two plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by each plan as of the June 30, 2024 measurement date. The financial statements of the Plans were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed and expenses, benefits, and refunds are recorded when the corresponding liabilities are incurred, regardless of when payment is made. Investments were reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plans

The Howard County Retirement Plan ("Retirement Plan") and the Howard County Police and Fire Plan ("Police and Fire Plan") are single-employer defined benefit public employee retirement plans administered by Howard County, Maryland, which provide retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and cost-of-living adjustments.

The Plans were established and operate under the provisions of the Howard County Code, Sections 1.400, 1.401 to 1.478, and 1.401A to 1.478A. Essentially all the County full-time benefited and part-time benefited employees are eligible to participate in one of the Retirement Plans, except for certain exceptions provided for in Howard County Code Section 1.406.

Responsibilities for administration and operation of the Retirement Plan and Police and Fire Plan vest in Retirement Committees with seven members each ("Committees"). The Committees have authority to establish and amend the respective benefit and contribution provisions.

Generally, the majority of employees of the primary government, except certain police officers and fire personnel, participate in the Retirement Plan, which was established July 1, 1995. As of that date, approximately 73 percent of the County employees participating in the Maryland State Retirement Systems, described below, transferred to the Retirement Plan. Police officers and fire personnel participate in the Police and Fire Plan, which was established July 1, 1990. The remaining employees of the primary government participate in the State Employees Retirement System ("Retirement System") established October 1, 1941, and the State Employees' Pension System ("Pension System") established January 1, 1980. These cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit systems administered by the Maryland State Retirement Systems were established under the provisions of Article 73B of the Annotated Code of Maryland. Responsibility for administration and operation of the systems vests in a 14-member Board of Trustees ("Trustees"). The respective costs and related pension liability of the Retirement Plan are not significant.

Both the Retirement Plan and the Police and Fire Plan issue separate audited financial reports which may be obtained by writing to: Howard County, Maryland, Director of Finance, 3430 Court House Drive, Ellicott City, Maryland 21043, or by accessing the reports online at www.howardcountymd.gov.

A. Howard County Retirement Plan:

Under the Retirement Plan, participants become vested after five years of eligibility service and are entitled to a benefit beginning at age 62. If an employee leaves employment or dies before five years of eligibility service, accumulated employee contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee or designated beneficiary.

A participant who becomes totally and permanently disabled may retire prior to normal retirement and receive a benefit. Both disability and death benefits vary if incurred in the line of duty.

Participating general employees with 30 years of eligibility service, regardless of age, or who attain the age of 62 and older, with two to five years of eligibility service (for a total of 67 years), are entitled to a normal retirement benefit. For creditable service earned prior to June 30, 2012, the benefit is 1.55% of the participant's average compensation times the participant's creditable service; for creditable service after July 1, 2012, the multiplier is 1.66%. The Plan permits early retirement for participants who attain the age of 55 with at least 15 years of Eligibility Service or have 25 years of eligibility service, regardless of age. For early retirement, the benefit is reduced by 0.5% for each month that the benefit begins prior to normal retirement date.

For participating AFSCME Local 3085, the benefit is 1.66% of the participant's average compensation times all years of creditable service.

Participating Corrections employees are entitled to receive a normal retirement benefit of 2.5% of average compensation multiplied by years of creditable service (up to 20 years) plus 1.0% of average compensation multiplied by creditable service greater than 20 years but less than 30 years (excluding sick leave, which is always credited at 1.0% of average compensation). Normal retirement is the attainment of age 62 and older, with two to five years of eligibility service (for a total of 67 years), or the completion of 20 years of eligibility service regardless of age.

Annually, the retirement benefits are adjusted for cost of living adjustment ("COLA"). The Plan uses the Consumer Price Index ("CPI-U") for the Baltimore/Columbia/Towson area as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to calculate the change in retiree allowances each July. The Maximum annual COLA is 3.0%. A retiree must be in pay status 12 or more months to be awarded a COLA.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At July 1, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,095	
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	266	
Active employees	1,938	
Total	3,299	

Deferred Retirement Option Program: As of fiscal year 2025, the Plan offers a program called Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) to Corrections employees. This is a voluntary benefit program which offers qualified active Participants, who would be entitled to retire and receive benefits, the option to continue working. An individual DROP record is created and is credited with the monthly retirement benefits that would have been paid during the DROP period had the participant actually retired. The record is also credited with interest. The DROP record is paid to the employee, in addition to the benefit payment entitled under the defined benefit plan based on the earlier years of service, when the employee eventually retires. Participating members may elect distribution as one lump sum payment, a rollover or in monthly payments. The balance held by the Plan as of June 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$1,021,120 and \$666,523, respectfully.

Contributions: The Plan is authorized to establish or amend the obligation to make contributions under the provisions of Sections 1.423 and 1.465 of the Howard County Code. The Plan's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarial determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate adequate assets to pay benefits when due. Participant contributions are 8.5% of base pay for participating Corrections participants with less than 20 years of creditable service, 0.0% for Corrections participants with greater than 20 years of creditable service, and, effective January 1, 2014, 3.0% of base pay for other participants. The County funds the remainder of the cost of its employees' participation in the Retirement Plan which was 13.10% of covered payroll in fiscal year 2025 and 12.30% of covered payroll in fiscal year 2024. Expenses incurred in the administration and operation of the Plan are funded by the Plan.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The County's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023 rolled forward to June 30, 2024.

Actuarial Assumption: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023 rolled forward to June 30, 2024 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	Varies by service, Corrections 3.75% to 6.25% and all other employees from 3.75% to 6.30%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.15%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Mortality	Corrections and deputy sheriff employees: Pub-2010 Safety Employees/Retirees/Disabled/Contingent Survivors Amount-Weighted Mortality with generational projection from the 2010 base year using scale MP-2021All other employees: Pub-2010 General Employees/Retirees/Disabled/Contingent Survivors Amount-Weighted Mortality with generational projection from the 2010 base year using scale MP-2021

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2023 valuation were based on the 2022 Experience Study covering the period of July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2022.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Equities	42.0%	4.87%
Fixed income	26.0%	3.06%
Alternative investments	24.5%	6.75%
Real assets	7.5%	4.35%
Total	100.0%	N/A

For the measurement year ended June 30, 2024 the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of the pension plan investment expense, was 9.75%.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the total actuarial determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payment of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability(Asset) (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 676,364,352	\$	604,277,977	\$	72,086,375
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	19,383,278		_		19,383,278
Interest	47,938,476		_		47,938,476
Changes of benefit terms					
Differences between expected and actual experience	19,864,031				19,864,031
Changes of assumptions	8,924,483				8,924,483
Contributions - employer			20,246,420		(20,246,420)
Contributions - member			6,050,873		(6,050,873)
Net investment income			58,542,946		(58,542,946)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(30,288,011)		(30,288,011)		_
Administrative expense			(627,912)		627,912
Net changes	65,822,257		53,924,316		11,897,941
Balance as of June 30, 2024	\$ 742,186,609	\$	658,202,293	\$	83,984,316

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County and the component units participating in the General Employees Plan (Economic Development Authority (1) and Housing Commission), calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the County's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.15%)	I	Current Discount Rate (7.15%)	1% Increase (8.15%)
County's net pension liability (asset)	\$ 176,772,075	\$	81,791,516	\$ 2,621,618
Economic Development Authority ¹	2,361,202		1,092,515	35,017
Housing Commission	2,377,994		1,100,285	35,267
Total	\$ 181,511,271	\$	83,984,316	\$ 2,691,902

¹Economic Development Authority statements are not included in the County's ACFR due to immateriality.

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports for both Plans.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the County and the participating component units recognized pension expense of \$25,566,930 and \$659,268 respectively. The County's share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension is reported below. The portions allocated to the component units are not reported due to immateriality for Economic Development Authority and a different fiscal year end for Housing:

	_	erred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	30,800,508	\$	5,472,464		
Changes of assumptions		15,161,041		_		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		6,268,072		_		
Changes in proportion		75,596		13,890		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		21,202,061		_		
Total	\$	73,507,278	\$	5,486,354		

Deferred outflows of resources reported \$21,202,061, related to the pensions resulting from the County contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability but before the end of the reporting period will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal period rather than in the current fiscal period.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2026	\$ 4,097,523
2027	22,573,464
2028	3,204,601
2029	5,196,099
2030	7,733,185
Thereafter	 4,013,991
Total	\$ 46,818,863

B. Police and Fire Plan:

All of the County's full-time career police and fire officers hired on or after July 1, 1990 must enroll in the Police and Fire Plan. The Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and cost-of-living adjustment.

Participants become vested after five years of eligibility service and are entitled to a benefit beginning at age 62. Terminated vested employees with less than 20 years of service will receive a benefit equal to 2.5% of average compensation times the number of years of creditable service, payable at age 62. If an employee leaves employment or dies before five years of eligibility service, accumulated employee contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee or the designated beneficiary. A participant who becomes totally and permanently disabled may retire prior to normal retirement and receive a benefit. Both disability and death benefits vary if incurred in the line of duty.

Employees who attain the age of 62 with at least five years of eligibility service and employees who have completed 20 years of eligibility service, if at least 10 years were served as a covered employee, are entitled to a normal retirement benefit. The amount will vary, based on the number of years of creditable service, from 50% (with 20 years of service) to 80% (with 30 years of service) of average compensation for police, and from 50% (with 20 years of service) to 70% (with 30 years of service) of average compensation for firefighters.

Annually, the retirement benefits are adjusted for COLA. The Plan uses the CPI-U for the Baltimore/Columbia/Towson area as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to calculate the change in retiree allowances each July. The maximum annual COLA is 2%. A retiree must be in pay status 12 or more months to be awarded a COLA.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At July 1, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

nactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving penefits	548
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	28
Active employees	1,011
otal	1,587

Deferred Retirement Option Program: The Plan offers a program called Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). This is a voluntary benefit program which offers qualified active participants, who would be entitled to retire and receive benefits, the option to continue working. An individual DROP record is created and is credited with the monthly retirement benefits that would have been paid during the DROP period had the participant actually retired. The record is also credited with the required employee contributions and interest. The payment is made to the employee, in addition to the benefit payment entitled under the defined benefit plan based on the earlier years of service, when the employee eventually retires. Participating members may elect distribution as one lump sum payment, a rollover or in monthly payments. Balance held by the plan as of June 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$14,846,518 and \$13,378,542, respectively.

Contributions: The Plan is authorized to establish or amend the obligations to make contributions under the provisions of the Howard County Code, Sections 1.423A and 1.465A. The Plan's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. For employees with less than 30 years of service, participant contributions are 11.6% of pay for participating Police Department Employees and 7.7% of pay for participating Fire Department Employees. Employees with 30 or more years pay no participant contributions. The County funds the remainder of the cost of its employees' participation in the Police and Fire Plan, which was 36.00% and 35.30% of covered payroll in fiscal years 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The County's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023 rolled forward to June 30, 2024.

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2024 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	Varies by service; Police: 4.00% to 7.25% and Fire: 4.00% to 10.00%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.15%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Mortality	Pub- 2010 Safety Employees/Retirees/Disabled/ Contingent Survivors Amount-Weighted Mortality with generational projection from the 2010 base year using scale MP 2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2023 valuation were based on the 2022 Experience Study covering the period of July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2022.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Equities	42.0%	4.87%
Fixed income	26.0%	3.06%
Alternative investments	24.5%	6.75%
Real assets	7.5%	4.35%
Total	100.0%	N/A

For the measurement year ended June 30, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of the pension plan investment expense, was 9.89%.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the total actuarial determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability	
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 958,519,607	\$ 816,272,093	\$ 142,247,514	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	28,071,891	_	28,071,891	
Interest	67,953,506	_	67,953,506	
Changes of benefit terms		_	_	
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,948,980	_	1,948,980	
Changes of assumptions	12,853,708	_	12,853,708	
Contributions - employer		36,750,837	(36,750,837)	
Contributions - member		9,944,756	(9,944,756)	
Net investment income		80,086,024	(80,086,024)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(42,459,762)	(42,459,762)		
Administrative expense		(605,995)	605,995	
Net changes	68,368,323	83,715,860	(15,347,537)	
Balance as of June 30, 2024	\$1,026,887,930	\$ 899,987,953	\$ 126,899,977	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.15)%	(7.15)%	(8.15)%
County's net pension liability	\$ 259,098,309	\$ 126,899,977	\$ 11,773,388

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports for both Plans.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024 the County recognized pension expense of \$39,266,187. The County reported outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	18,744,306		\$	8,557,949		
Changes of assumptions		32,724,952			_		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		9,152,703			_		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		40,462,550					
Total	\$	101,084,511		\$	8,557,949		

Deferred outflows of resources reported \$40,462,550 related to the pensions resulting from the County contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability but before the end of the reporting period will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal period rather than in the current fiscal period.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2026	\$ 14,195,466
2027	8,485,652
2028	31,785,500
2029	2,649,480
2030	4,085,505
Thereafter	 8,725,296
Total	\$ 69,926,899

C. Employer Aggregate Pension Disclosure:

	Howard County Retirement Plan		Police & Fire Plan		Total
Balance as of June 30, 2024:					
Total net pension liabilities (asset)	\$	81,791,516	\$	126,899,977	\$ 208,691,493
Total deferred outflows of resources from pension	\$	73,507,278	\$	101,084,511	\$ 174,591,789
Total deferred inflows of resources from pension	\$	5,486,354	\$	8,557,949	\$ 14,044,303
For the year ended June 30, 2024					
Total pension expense	\$	25,566,930	\$	39,266,187	\$ 64,833,117

Note: Excludes component units. EDA is not included in the ACFR due to immateriality; Housing Commission has a different fiscal year end; Public Schools, Community College and Library participate in the Maryland State Retirement Plans.

The aggregate amount of the pension expenses for the HCRP, the PFEP, and the LOSAP is \$ 65,300,479.

D. Component Units:

Generally, all employees of three of the component units (Board of Education, Howard Community College and Library) are covered by the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (the System), which is a cost-sharing, multi-employer defined benefit pension plan. The System was established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to State employees, teachers and employees of participating governmental units. The plans are administered by the State Retirement Agency.

As of June 30, 2025, the Howard County School System and Howard County Community College proportions for the System were 0.288% and 0.0139%, respectively. Howard County School System and Howard County Community College reported net pension liabilities of \$75,806,450 and \$3,651,765, respectively. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. For the year ended June 30, 2025, Howard County School System and Howard County Community College recognized pension expense of \$12,163,565 and \$408,384 (related to the employee's system only and does not include amounts that may be included in the state paid benefits), respectively. Howard County Library has no expense for pension costs, is not responsible for unfunded pension obligation and did not report any net pension liability due to a special funding situation.

16. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Howard County OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the plan as of June 30, 2024 which is the measurement date. The financial statements of the Plan were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures are recognized on the accrual basis as retirees' insurance costs are incurred. The Plan's insurance costs are paid by the retirees, the County and its component units through the County's self-insurance fund (internal service fund).

Plan Description

The County's OPEB plan is a Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Healthcare Plan. Per Section 1.406B of Howard County Bill No. 14-2008, the County established an irrevocable trust for administering the plan assets and paying healthcare costs on behalf of the participants. The Plan includes the County (consisting of the County government and Howard County Soil Conservation District) and its component units: Howard Community College, Howard County Public School System, and Howard County Library. The Plan is administered and overseen by a Board of Trustees comprised of the Chief Administrative Officer, the Director of Finance, and Budget Administrator.

The County provides a post-employment health insurance program in addition to the pension benefits described in Note 15. These post-employment benefits are subject to change at any time. All employees who retire from the County may participate in the program. To be eligible, the retiree must have a minimum of 15 years of County service and immediately begin receiving a monthly retirement plan benefit. Effective December 1, 2019, the retiree health policy was changed to provide that an eligible retiree does not have to be enrolled in the health insurance plan immediately preceding retirement to enroll at a future date. The County will pay a percentage of the retiree's health insurance premium based upon these criteria. This percentage varies with the number of years of service attained by the employee. Other retirees who do not meet the eligibility criteria are permitted to participate in the retirees' health insurance program by paying the full premium at the group rate.

The component units provide medical benefits to eligible employees who retire from employment with the entity. The eligibility requirements vary among different entities. Each entity pays a percentage of the health insurance premium based on certain criteria. In addition to medical benefits, the school system offers life insurance benefits to eligible retirees who have provided 10 years of service with the school system and have retired from the Howard County Public School System.

Plan membership per the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2024 consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	4,454
Active plan members	10,719
Total	15,173

There are no separate financial statements for the Plan.

Funding Policies and Funded Progress from Employer's Perspective under GASB Statement No. 75

The Plan's funding policy provides for the County to contribute to the trust as determined by the County budget. During the fiscal year, the County's proportionate share of the collective net other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability is 20.64% of the \$13,500,000 contributed to the trust by the County, or \$2,786,436. The County budget for fiscal year 2025 included funding for pay-as-you-go OPEB costs as well as \$13,500,000 to the trust.

Based on the most recent actuarial valuation, which was prepared as of January 1, 2024 and rolled forward to June 30, 2024, the actuarially calculated proportionate share of total OPEB liability as of the measurement date of June 30, 2024 was \$286,620,474 and there was \$60,478,891 of actuarial plan assets; therefore, the net OPEB liability for the County was \$226,141,583. The plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability was 21.10%.

Actuarial Assumptions: The collective total OPEB liability for the June 30, 2024 measurement date was determined by actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2024, with update procedures used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to June 30,

2024. The actuarial methods and significant assumptions used by the actuary are summarized on the next page to conform to the disclosure requirements for GASB Statement 75.

A summary of the assumptions included in the June 30, 2025 report are as follows:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Projected cash flows	Discount rate of 4.80% applied to investments in fiscal years 2024 through 2044.
Municipal bond rate	4.21% as of 6/30/24 based on S&P's Municipal Bond 20-year high-grade rate index
Interest assumption	Equivalent single discount rate of 4.80% as of 6/30/24
Inflation	2.65%
Long-term expected real rate of return, based on geometric means	4.85% for Equity investments (based on 45% target allocation), 2.46% for Fixed Income investments (based on 23% target allocation), 6.21% for Alternative investments (based on 26% target allocation), and 4.33% for Real Asset investments (based on 6% target allocation), or a total of 4.60%
Healthcare cost trend rate	4.09%

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

For the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 13.65%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts invested.

In measuring the total liability and determining the discount rate, the actuary projected cash flows by assuming that the County will continue to make the current contribution levels increasing 3% per annum. These contributions were first allocated to the normal cost for future hires. The present value of payments through 2044 was determined using the expected rate of return of assets of 7.25% and using the bond rate of 4.21% for benefit payments after 2044. The equivalent single rate is 4.80%. Based on these assumptions, the plan is expected to become insolvent in 2044.

The end-of-year net OPEB liability for the County is calculated below:

		Increase (Decrease)					
	Total OPEB Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net OPEB Liability		
		(a)	(b)			(a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$	272,786,074	\$	50,645,881	\$	222,140,193	
Changes for the year:							
Service Cost		10,397,266				10,397,266	
Interest		12,881,199				12,881,199	
Experience loss/(gain)		13,164,959				13,164,959	
Contributions - Employer				9,049,858		(9,049,858)	
Net investment income		_		7,105,277		(7,105,277)	
Changes in assumptions		(16,294,459)		_		(16,294,459)	
Benefit payments		(6,314,565)		(6,314,565)			
Administrative expenses		_		(7,560)		7,560	
Net Changes		13,834,400		9,833,010		4,001,390	
Balances at June 30, 2025	\$	286,620,474	\$	60,478,891	\$	226,141,583	

The following presents what the County's Total and Net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

Discount Rate Sensitivity	1% Decrease 3.80%	Γ	Discount Rate 4.80%	1% Increase 5.80%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 339,327,086	\$	286,620,474	\$ 244,746,405
Net OPEB liability	\$ 278,848,200	\$	226,141,583	\$ 184,267,519

The following presents what the County's Total and Net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

Trend Sensitivity Year 2075	1% Decrease 3.09%	M	Medical Trend	1% Increase 5.09%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 243,484,647	\$	286,620,474	\$ 342,884,574
Net OPEB liability	\$ 183,005,762	\$	226,141,583	\$ 282,405,688

For the year-ended June 30, 2025, the County recognized OPEB income of \$(25,359,027). At June 30, 2025, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Def	erred Outflows	De	eferred Inflows
	0	f Resources		of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	13,233,118	\$	50,003,995
Changes of assumptions		54,423,833		110,389,472
Changes in proportion		5,111,415		107,007,620
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		_		355,204
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		10,921,012		<u> </u>
Total	\$	83,689,378	\$	267,756,291

Deferred outflows of resources reported \$10,921,012 related to the OPEB liability resulting the County contributions made after the measurement date of the net OPEB liability but before the end of the reporting period will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal period rather than in the current fiscal period.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2026 \$ (31,785,530) 2027 (30,281,766) 2028 (29,092,975) 2029 (30,862,394) 2030 (32,351,373) Thereafter (40,613,890) Total \$ (194,987,928)		
2028 (29,092,975) 2029 (30,862,394) 2030 (32,351,373) Thereafter (40,613,890)	2026	\$ (31,785,530)
2029 (30,862,394) 2030 (32,351,373) Thereafter (40,613,890)	2027	(30,281,766)
2030 (32,351,373) Thereafter (40,613,890)	2028	(29,092,975)
Thereafter (40,613,890)	2029	(30,862,394)
	2030	(32,351,373)
Total \$ (194,987,928)	Thereafter	 (40,613,890)
	Total	\$ (194,987,928)

	* Howard County Government	Howard County Public Schools	Howard Community College	Howard County Library	**Howard County Housing Commission	**Howard County Economic Development Authority (EDA)	Total
Balance as of June 30,	2025:						
Total proportion of net OPEB liabilities	\$ 226,141,587	\$ 842,237,563	\$ 17,328,502	\$ 9,644,120	\$ 223,345	\$ 57,832	\$ 1,095,632,949
Total proportion of OPEB net position	\$ 60,478,886	\$ 225,246,450	\$ 4,634,302	\$ 2,579,206	\$ 59,731	\$ 15,466	\$ 293,014,041
Total deferred outflows of resources from OPEB	\$ 83,689,378	\$ 418,633,532	\$ 6,021,176	\$ 3,576,908	\$ 115,245	\$ 57,734	\$ 512,093,973
Total deferred inflows of resources from OPEB	\$ 267,756,291	\$ 603,695,578	\$ 24,632,342	\$ 12,418,562	\$ 1,217,565	\$ 482,346	\$ 910,202,684
For the year ended Jun	ne 30, 2025:						
Total OPEB expense	\$ (25,359,027)	\$ 51,535,237	\$ (6,656,952)	\$ (1,849,096)	\$ (442,133)	\$ (218,903)	\$ 17,009,126

^{*} Enterprise Fund share of net OPEB liability, OPEB assets, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows is \$12,715,043, \$3,400,487, \$5,547,340, and 15,518,911, respectively. The portion allocated to the Howard County Soil Conservation District for net OPEB liability, OPEB assets, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows is \$8,087, \$2,163, \$70,398, and \$376,259, respectively.

Plan Perspective under GASB Statement No. 74

The OPEB plan is presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 74, "Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans," which supersedes Statement No. 43. A separate actuarial valuation report was prepared using January 1, 2024 census data from the County, Community College, Public Schools, rolled forward to June 30, 2025.

Plan membership per the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2024 consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	4,454
Active plan members	10,719_
Total	15,173

^{**} EDA is not included in the ACFR due to immateriality and the Housing Commission has a different fiscal year end.

A summary of the assumptions included in the June 30, 2025 report are as follows:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Interest assumption	Discount rate of 5.40% as of 6/30/25
Inflation	2.65%
imation	
Municipal bond rate	4.81% as of 6/30/25 based on S&P's municipal bond 20-year high-grade rate index
Projected cash flows	Long-term expected rate of return was applied to fiscal years 2025 through 2048
Long-term expected real rate of return, based on geometric means	2.82% for Equity investments (based on 60% target allocation), 0.74% for Fixed Income investments (based on 30% target allocation), and 0.59% for Alternative investments (based on 10% target allocation), or a total of 4.15%
Mortality	SOA RPH-2014 Combined Healthy tables with generational projection from 2006 base year using MP-2017 Mortality Improvement Scale

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

For the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2025, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 12.41%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

In measuring the total liability and determining the discount rate, the actuary projected cash flows by assuming that the County will continue to make the current contribution levels increasing 3.00% per annum. These contributions were first allocated to the normal cost for future hires. The present value of payments through calendar year-end 2048 was determined using the expected rate of return on assets of 7.25%. For calendar years after 2048, the present value of benefit payments was ascertained by using the expected rate of return on assets of 12.33% and using the bond rate of 4.81%. The equivalent single rate is 5.40%.

Based on the aforementioned methods and assumptions, the components of the County's Net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2025 were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,338,066,812
Plan fiduciary net position	342,912,853
County's net OPEB liability	\$ 995,153,959
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	25.63%

The following presents what the County's Total and Net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Discount Rate Sensitivity	 4.40%	5.40%	 6.40%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,588,479,527	\$ 1,338,066,812	\$ 1,138,956,765
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,245,566,674	\$ 995,153,959	\$ 796,043,912

The following presents what the County's Total and Net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase
Trend Sensitivity Year 2075	 3.09%	4.09%	_	5.09%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,134,692,206	\$ 1,338,066,812	\$	1,602,338,594
Net OPEB liability	\$ 791,779,353	\$ 995,153,959	\$	1,259,425,741

Financial Statements

Summary financial information for the Other Post-Employment Benefits trust is presented below:

Statement of Net Position		
Assets		
Receivables:	¢	09.296
Interest and dividends	\$	98,286
Investments, at fair value:		1.40.650
Cash		148,659
Equities		3,145,325
Mutual funds		325,454,376
Money market funds		7,480,394
Fixed income securities		4,915,336
Real assets		2,886,332
Total assets		344,128,708
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		56,772
Other		1,159,083
Total liabilities		1,215,855
Net position held in trust for other post-employment benefits	\$	342,912,853
Statement of Changes in Net Position		
Additions		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	52,911,190
Total contributions	Ψ	52,911,190
Investment income (expense):		32,911,190
Net change in fair value of investments		20 657 556
Interest		28,657,556
Dividends		202,110
		8,132,115
Investment expense		(322,460)
Net investment income		36,669,321
Total additions		89,580,511
Deductions		
Benefits		39,886,601
Administrative expenses		33,860
Total deductions		39,920,461
Change in net position		49,660,050
Net position - beginning of year		293,252,803
Net position - end of year	\$	342,912,853

17. Length of Service Award Program

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Howard County Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP) have been determined on the full accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

General Information about the Pension Plans

The Howard County Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP) is a single-employer defined benefit retirement plan administered by Howard County, Maryland. The LOSAP provides retirement and death benefits to volunteer firefighting and emergency medical service personnel who donate their time and services to one of the six volunteer fire corporations in the County.

The LOSAP was established and operates under the provisions of the Howard County Code, Sections 17.102 and 17.103. It was established in 1991 and last amended effective January 1, 2015. Separate financial statements for the program are not issued.

Under the LOSAP, participants become vested after 25 years of eligible service beginning at age 50. No benefit is paid if service is less than 25 years.

There are no disability benefits. A death benefit equal to the total of six months LOSAP payment is paid to the designated beneficiary. In addition, \$5,000 is paid to the designated beneficiary for burial expenses.

Participants aged 50 years with 25 years of eligibility service are entitled to a normal retirement benefit. Effective January 1, 2015, a monthly benefit is equal to 1.00% of the current annual starting salary of a trainee in the Department of Fire and Rescue Services (which was \$603 as of January 1, 2024), plus \$10 for each full year of certified active service over 25 years. The monthly amount representing 1.00% of the current starting salary of a trainee cannot exceed \$1,925.64 based on limitations presented in the County Code.

All benefits are paid from the Fire and Rescue Reserve Fund as they become due. This is an unfunded program; therefore, there are no assets in the program.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At January 1, 2024 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	100	
Active employees	184	
Total	284	

Net Pension Liability

The County's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2024 rolled forward to June 30, 2024.

Actuarial Assumption: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2024 rolled forward to June 30, 2024 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 %
Salary increases	Not applicable
Interest	3.97% compounded annually
Investment rate of return	3.97%
Mortality	Pub-2010 Safety Headcount-Weighted Mortality Table, with generational projection from the 2010 base year using Scale MP-2021

Discount rate: The 20-year general obligation bond discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.97%.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability	
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 26,180,348	\$ —	\$ 26,180,348	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	604,730	_	604,730	
Interest	1,016,024	_	1,016,024	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(2,333,192)	_	(2,333,192)	
Changes of assumptions	(686,351)	_	(686,351)	
Contributions - employer		926,402	(926,402)	
Benefit payments	(926,402)	(926,402)		
Net changes	(2,325,191)	_	(2,325,191)	
Balance as of June 30, 2024	\$ 23,855,157	\$	\$ 23,855,157	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the County LOSAP, calculated using the discount rate of 3.97%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (2.97%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.97%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.97%)	Current Discount Rate (3.97%)		1% Increase (4.97%)
County's net pension liability	\$ 28,313,952	\$	23,855,157	\$ 20,396,021

Pension plan fiduciary net position: There are no separately issued financial reports for the LOSAP.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the County recognized pension expense of \$467,362. The County reported outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,391,456	\$	5,729,615	
Changes of assumptions		3,944,576		7,735,128	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		936,446		<u> </u>	
Total	\$	6,272,478	\$	13,464,743	

Deferred outflows of resources reported \$936,446 related to the OPEB liability resulting the County contributions made after the measurement date of the net OPEB liability but before the end of the reporting period will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal period rather than in the current fiscal period.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2026	\$	(1,153,390)	
2027		(943,350)	
2028		(2,395,249)	
2029		(3,021,286)	
2030		(615,436)	
Thereaf	ter	<u> </u>	
Total	\$	(8,128,711)	

18. Deferred Compensation Plan

Deferred compensation plans are available to all County employees. The plans were established in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. A deferred compensation plan offers employees an opportunity to defer a portion of their salary along with the related Federal and State income taxes until future years. The deferred compensation funds are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The County does not report those assets and liabilities in the financial statements of the County.

19. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The reporting entity, excluding the Howard County Public School System, has established two internal service funds to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. The reporting entity's risk financing techniques include a combination of risk retention through self-insurance and risk transfer using a risk pool. The Employee Benefits Self-Insurance Fund provides full coverage for employee benefits and closed grandfathered long-term disability claims. The Risk Management Self-Insurance Fund provides coverage up to a maximum of \$1,000,000 for each automobile liability claim, \$1,000,000 for each general liability claim, \$100,000 for each property damage claim, and unlimited coverage for each workers' compensation claim.

The reporting entity belongs to the Maryland Local Government Insurance Trust ("LGIT"), which provides insurance for claims in excess of coverage for the entity's property, general, and automobile liability coverages. LGIT consists of various counties and local municipalities. It was created to provide broader insurance coverages than those available from commercial insurers, as well as loss control and risk management services. The County pays an annual premium to LGIT for this coverage.

In the past five years, one liability claim was settled by the County for \$1.25 million. It exceeded the Risk Management Fund's \$1,000,000 self-insured retention that resulted in a trigger payment by LGIT covering the excess of \$250,000; however, the County has not incurred a property claim that exceeds the \$100,000 self-insured retention. All funds and component units of the reporting entity, excluding the Howard County Public School System, participate in the risk management program and make payments to the internal service funds based on a combination of actuarial estimates and historical cost information. These amounts are needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for future claims and/or catastrophic losses. The Howard County Public School System has its own risk management programs.

At fiscal year-end, the combined Net Position for the two self-insurance internal service funds was a net deficit of \$(1,505,677). The combined claims liability of the two funds, \$27,227,329, is based on generally accepted accounting principles, which require that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

The changes in the combined self-insurance funds' unpaid claims liability in fiscal years 2025 and 2024 are presented below:

	Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claims Payments	End of Year	Expected Amount Due Within One Year
2025	\$25,350,659	\$85,587,382	\$(83,710,712)	\$27,227,329	\$9,350,904
2024	\$23,261,188	\$76,327,335	\$(74,237,864)	\$25,350,659	\$9,358,490

The current portion is included in the noncurrent liabilities - due within one year and the noncurrent portion is included in noncurrent liabilities - due in more than one year, on the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

20. Fund Disclosure

The Grants Fund, a non-major fund, will eliminate its deficit of \$(229,359) through receipt of future grant revenues.

The Recreation Program Fund, a non-major fund, plan to eliminate its deficit fund balance of \$(1,111,295) through receipt of future revenues.

21. Restatement of Beginning Net Position and Fund Balance

During fiscal year 2025, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. This statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized when the benefits are earned rather than when they are taken. The implementation of this standard resulted in a one-time adjustment to the County's beginning net position and fund balance to reflect the cumulative effect of applying the new accounting guidance.

The effects of these restatements on beginning net position and fund balance are summarized as follows:

	une 30, 2024 as viously reported	Changes in Accounting Principles or Estimates	June 30, 2024 as restated
Primary Government			
Governmental Activities	\$ 892,059,325	(33,403,078)	858,656,247
Business-Type Activities	638,719,118	(1,226,967)	637,492,151
Total Primary Government	\$ 1,530,778,443	(34,630,045)	1,496,148,398
	une 30, 2024 as	Changes in Accounting Principles or Estimates	June 30, 2024 as restated
Proprietary Funds			
Major Funds:			
Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 530,523,241	(1,070,566)	529,452,675
Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund	80,610,237	(74,125)	80,536,112
Internal Services Funds	69,494,335	(1,667,823)	67,826,513
Other Non-major Funds	22,913,524	(82,276)	22,831,248
Total Proprietary Funds	\$ 703,541,337	(2,894,790)	700,646,547

22. Commitments and Contingencies

A. Grants

The County receives grant funds, principally from the U.S. Government, for various County programs. Expenditures from certain of these funds are subject to audit by the grantor, and the County is contingently liable to refund amounts received in excess of allowable expenditures. In the opinion of County management, no material refunds will be required as a result of expenditures disallowed by the grantors.

B. Construction

The County had \$940,827,130 authorized, but unobligated capital project appropriations at fiscal year-end.

Construction Commitments:

Total construction encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end were \$284,195,565:

\$ 6,171,149
35,894,284
186,468,508
1,675,391
227,425
20,952,576
15,290,272
26,762,206
 (9,246,246)
\$ 284,195,565
\$

C. Encumbrances

The County uses "encumbrances" to control expenditure commitments for the year. Encumbrances represent commitments related to contracts executed, but not yet performed, and purchase orders not yet fulfilled. Commitments for such expenditure of monies are encumbered to reserve applicable appropriations. Encumbrance accounting is employed as part of the budgetary integration for all governmental funds. As of June 30 2025, certain amounts which were available for specific purposes have been encumbered in the governmental funds.

Encumbrances are included in the County's governmental fund balances as follows:

Major Governmental Funds	
General Fund	\$ 18,924,985
Fire and Rescue Reserve Fund	16,593,700
Non-Major Governmental Funds	 60,952,245
Total	\$ 96,470,930

D. Litigation

The County participates in various federal grant programs, the principal of which are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit Act as amended. Accordingly, the County's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the County's anticipates such amounts, if any, will be immaterial. In addition to those suits in which claims for liability are adequately covered by insurance, the County may be a defendant in various suits involving tort claims, violations of civil rights, breach of contract, inverse condemnation, and other suits arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the County Attorney, the estimated liability of the County in the resolution of these cases is \$0, as the County's liability on these claims is determined to be not probable.



Flash Bus Announcement

On May 5, 2025, Howard County Executive Calvin Ball was joined by Montgomery County Executive Marc Elrich for an announcement formalizing a groundbreaking partnership between the two counties to launch the U.S. 29 Flash Bus Rapid (BRT) Service Extension project. This will mark Howard County's first ever BRT service, which will connect transit riders to activity and employment centers within Howard and Montgomery Counties. Through this partnership with Montgomery County, the existing Flash service that runs from Silver Spring to Burtonsville will be extended into Howard County, with new bus stops in Maple Lawn, Downtown Columbia, and the Johns Hopkins Applied Physics Laboratory (APL) campus in Laurel. This extended BRT service in Howard County will launch as a peak hour service, meaning the buses will run between Downtown Columbia and Silver Spring during rush hour times in the morning and afternoon from Monday to Friday to accommodate employees. Morning service will run from 5:00 a.m. to 9:30 a.m., while afternoon service will run from 3:30 p.m. to 8:00 p.m. Service will run on a 30-minute headway.





Howard County Retirement Plan

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Last 10 Fiscal Years

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

				(Donar amo	unts in thousar	ius)				
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Total pension liability *										
Service cost	\$ 24,111	\$ 19,383	\$ 19,785	\$ 19,363	\$ 19,359	\$ 18,342	\$ 17,330	\$ 16,919	\$ 15,861	\$ 15.093
Interest	51,905	47,939	43,540	40,899	39,129	37,417	34,964	32,786	30,959	29.046
Changes of benefit terms	3,609	_	_	(384)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Differences between expected and actual experience	12,034	19,864	19,699	926	(5,043)	(9,115)	(5,973)	379	(6,369)	(4.093)
Changes of assumptions	_	8,924	7,037	1,718	785	743	9,529	_	_	_
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(32,500)	(30,288)	(28,502)	(23,694)	(21,238)	(20,067)	(19,013)	(16,809)	(15,379)	(13.7)
Net change in total pension liability	59,159	65,822	61,559	38,828	32,992	27,320	36,837	33,275	25,072	26.346
Total pension liability - beginning	742,186	676,364	614,805	575,977	542,985	515,665	478,828	445,553	394,135	394.135
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$801,345	\$742,186	\$676,364	\$ 614,805	\$ 575,977	\$542,985	\$515,665	\$478,828	\$419,207	\$ 420.481
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	23,822	20,246	16,094	16,347	15,889	15,034	14,155	14,841	14.179	13.428
Contributions - member	6,712	6,051	5,244	4,897	4,857	4,749	4,378	4,156	3.904	3.757
Net investment income/ (loss) Benefit payments, including refunds	64,937	58,543	47,814	(60,064)	133,778	16,691	31,355	35,808	45.447	4.743
of member contributions ** Administrative	(32,500)	(30,288)	(28,502)	(23,695)	(21,238)	(20,067)	(19,012)	(16,809)	(15.379)	(13.7)
expense	(692)	(628)	(509)	(417)	(424)	(397)	(439)	(351)	(0.336)	(0.341)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	62,279	53,924	40,141	(62,932)	132,862	16,010	30,437	37,645	47,815	7.887
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	658,202	604,278	564,137	627,069	494,207	478,197	447,760	410,115	354,413	354.413
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	720,481	658,202	604,278	564,137	627,069	494,207	478,197	447,760	402,228	362.3
County's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 80,864	\$ 83,984	\$ 72,086	\$ 50,668	\$(51,092)	\$48,778	\$ 37,468	\$ 31,068	\$ 16,979	\$ 58,181
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	89.91%	88.68%	89.34%	91.76%	108.87%	91.02%	92.73%	93.51%	95.95%	86.16%

Howard County Retirement Plan

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Last 10 Fiscal Years

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Covered payroll	\$181,846	\$164,605	\$149,016	\$ 138,538	\$ 134,649	\$129,605	\$123,090	\$119,686	\$114,349	\$ 108.292
County's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	44.47%	51.02%	48.37%	36.57%	(37.94)%	37.64%	30.44%	25.96%	14.85%	53.73%
Expected average remaining service years of all participants	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

^{*} The measurement date for the pension liability is as of June 30 of the fiscal year stated.

Note to Schedule:

Benefit changes: The service requirement for normal retirement eligibility, the benefit accrual percentages, and the employee contribution rate were updated for Participating Dispatchers.

Change of assumptions: In conjunction with the plan change, the retirement rates for Participating Dispatchers were updated to reflect their new retirement eligibility and accrual rates. The impact of this change is included in the line item labeled 'Changes of benefit terms'.

Howard County, Maryland Howard County Retirement Plan Required Supplementary Information Schedule of County Contributions

Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			(
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Actuarially determined contribution (ADC)	\$ 23,822	\$ 17,284	\$16,208	\$ 16,209	\$15,889	\$15,034	\$ 14,155	\$14,003	\$ 13,428	\$13,428
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	23,822	20,246	16,094	16,347	15,889	15,034	14,155	14,841	13,428	13,428
Contribution deficiency/ (excess)	<u>\$</u>	\$ (1.639)	\$ 114	\$ (138)	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	\$ (838)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Covered payroll	\$ 181,846	\$ 164,605	\$149,016	\$138,538	\$134,649	\$129,605	\$123,090	\$119,685	\$114,349	\$108,292
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.10%	12.30%	10.80%	11.80%	11.80%	11.60%	11.50%	12.40%	11.74%	12.40%
Actuarially determined contribution (ADC)	13.10%	10.50%	10.88%	11.70%	11.80%	11.60%	11.50%	11.70%	11.74%	12.40%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:

Mortality

Actuarially determined contribution (ADC) amounts are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year (July 1) for the fiscal year immediately following the current fiscal year. Actuarial valuations are performed every year. The assumptions shown below are those used in the 7/1/2022 actuarial valuation to calculate the FY 2024 ADC. Assumptions used to determine contributions in the past may not have been the same.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Credit

Open amortization for surplus using level percent Amortization method of pay, increasing 2.75% per year

Remaining amortization period Surplus amortization base is 30 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed fair value

Inflation 2.50%

all other employees - Corrections 3.75% to 6.25%, including inflation. All others: 3.75% to 6.30%, Salary increases including inflation.

7.15%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation Investment rate of return

Retirement age Rates vary by participant age and service

> Corrections and deputy sheriff employees: Pub-2010b Safety Employees/Retirees/Disabled/ Contingent Survivors Amount-Weighted Mortality with generational projection from the 2010 base year using scale MP-2021. All other employees: Pub-2010 General Employees/Retirees/Disabled/ Contingent Survivors Amount-Weighted Mortality with generational projection from the 2010 base

Varies by service for Corrections employees and

year using scale MP-2021

Cost-of-living increases 2.50%

Howard County, Maryland Howard County Police and Fire Employees' Retirement Plan

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

						-					
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017		2016
Total pension liability*		2021						2010	2017		2010
Service cost	\$ 31,902	\$ 28,072	\$ 26,091	\$ 25,875	\$ 24,446	\$ 23,123	\$22,278	\$21,109	\$ 19,163	\$	18.974
Interest	71,740	67,954	62,588	58,775	56,037	53,578	50,713	46,900	43,426		39.998
Changes of benefit terms	_	_	636	_	_	_	_	_	_		(1.705)
Differences between expected and actual experience	22,360	1,949	16,760	(3,780)	(2,382)	(8,607)	(2,667)	13,530	6,319		7.599
Changes of assumptions	_	12,854	10,706	10,802	5,066	4,770	3,936	_	_		_
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(47,058)	(42,460)	(43,061)	(35,133)	(34,634)	(34,320)	(27,572)	(24,755)	(20,422)		(17.89)
Net change in total pension liability	78,944	68,369	73,720	56,539	48,533	38,544	46,688	56,784	48.486		46.976
,	76,944	00,309	13,720	30,339	40,333	30,344	40,088	30,784	40.400	_	40.970
Total pension liability - beginning	1,026,889	958,520	884,800	828,261	779,728	741,184	694,496	637,712	542,250		542.25
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$1,105,833	\$1,026,889	\$ 958,520	\$ 884,800	\$828,261	\$779,728	\$741,184	\$694,496	\$590,736	\$	589.226
Plan fiduciary net position											
Contributions - employer	40,463	36,751	33,885	33,226	31,923	31,105	27,720	26,337	21,636		21,636
Contributions - member	10,706	9,945	9,287	8,749	8,374	8,184	8,125	7,859	7,041		7,041
Net investment income/ (loss)	90,586	80,086	62,546	(78,059)	171,695	24,964	39,639	46,560	55,956		6,459
Benefit payments, including refunds of member											
contributions	(47,058)	(42,460)	(43,061)	(35,134)	(34,634)	(34,321)	(27,571)	(24,755)	(20,421)		(17,889)
Administrative expense	(766)	(606)	(542)	(459)	(401)	(413)	(457)	(355)	(327)		(368)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	93,931	83,716	62,115	(71,677)	176,957	29,519	47,456	55,646	63,885		22,126
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	899,988	816,272	754,157	825,834	648,877	619,358	571,902	516,256	432,029		432,029
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	993,919	899,988	816,272	754,157	825,834	648,877	619,358	571,902	495,914		454,155
County's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 111,914	\$ 126,901	\$ 142,248	\$ 130,643	\$ 2,427	\$130,851	\$121,826	\$122,594	\$ 94,822	\$	135,071

Howard County Police and Fire Employees' Retirement Plan

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Last 10 Fiscal Years

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2.016
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	89.88%	87.64%	85.16%	85.23%	99.71%	83.22%	83.56%	82.35%	83.95%	77.08%
Covered payroll	\$112,396	\$104,110	\$97,370	\$92,810	\$90,179	\$87,868	\$83,746	\$81,037	\$80,814	\$72.121
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	99.57%	121.89%	146.09%	140.76%	2.69%	148.92%	145.47%	151.28%	117.33%	187.28%
Expected average remaining service years of all participants	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	10

st The measurement date for the pension liability is as of June 30 of the fiscal year stated.

Note to Schedule:

Benefit changes: No changes.

Howard County, Maryland Howard County Police and Fire Employees' Retirement Plan Schedule of County Contributions

Last 10 Fiscal Years

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2.016
Actuarially determined contribution	\$40,463	\$33.419	\$33,300	\$33,226	\$30,841	\$31,105	\$ 27,720	\$26,337	\$24,729	\$21,636
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	40,463	36.751	33,885	33,226	31,923	31,105	27,720	26,337	24,729	21,636
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u> —	\$(3.332)	\$(585)	<u>\$</u> —	\$(1,082)	<u>\$</u> —	<u>\$—</u>	<u>\$</u> —	<u>\$</u> —	<u>\$</u> —
Covered payroll	\$112.396	\$104.11	\$97,370	\$92,810	\$90,179	\$87,868	\$81,037	\$81,037	\$80,814	\$72,121
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	36.00%	35.30%	34.80%	35.80%	34.20%	35.40%	34.21%	32.50%	30.60%	30.00%
Actuarially determined contribution (ADC)	36.00%	32.10%	34.20%	35.80%	34.20%	35.40%	34.21%	32.50%	30.60%	30.00%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year (July 1) for the year immediately following the fiscal year. Actuarial valuations are performed every year. The assumptions shown below are those used in the 7/1/2021 actuarial valuation to calculate the FY 2023 ADC. Assumptions used to determine contributions in the past may not have been the

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Credit

Amortization method Level percentage of pay increasing 2.75% per year

Remaining amortization period Remaining Amortization periods range from 1 to 15 years.

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed fair value

Inflation 2.50%

Varies by service; Police: 4.00% to 7.25% and Fire: 4.00% to Salary increases

10.00%, including inflation

7.15%, net of pension plan investment expense, including Investment rate of return

inflation

Rates vary by participant age and service. Retirement age

Pub-2010 Safety Employees/Retirees/Disabled/Contingent Mortality

Survivors Amount-Weighted Mortality with generational projection from the 2010 base year using scale MP-2021

2.00% Cost-of-living increases

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Fund

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability

Last 10 Fiscal Years

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	***
Total OPEB liability*	1								
Employer's proportion of the net OPEB liability	20.64 %	23.29%	23.29%	29.39%	29.39%	32.09%	32.09%	30.75%	
Employer's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$226,142	\$250,658	\$245,069	\$541,917	\$478,006	\$430,355	\$376,331	\$339,983	
Covered-employee payroll**	\$313,878	\$264,603	\$243,608	\$228,015	\$211,936	\$193,828	\$193,828	\$184,681	
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	138.80%	105.56%	99.40%	42.08%	44.34%	45.04%	51.50%	54.32%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	21.10 %	18.57%	16.92%	11.43%	9.81%	10.31%	9.94%	8.62%	

^{*} The measurement date for the OPEB liability is as of June 30 of the fiscal year stated.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years.

However, until a full 10-year trend is completed, governments should present information for which information is available.

^{**} OPEB does not require contributions from plan members.

^{***} Information for FY 2017 and earlier is not available

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Fund

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the OPEB Trust's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last 10 Fiscal Years

(Dollar amounts in thousands)												
	2025	2024	2023	2022		2021		2020		2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB liability *												
Service cost	\$ 48,801	\$ 50,374	\$ 50,031	\$ 109,288	\$	92,226	\$	70,433	\$	60,150	\$ 55,049	\$ 64,957
Interest	68,040	62,408	57,287	49,775		50,782		52,729		51,309	47,145	40,906
Differences between expected and actual experience	859	63,783	(21,728)	(302,354)		(4,981)		14,834		(3,241)	(65,034)	_
Changes of assumptions	(128,394)	(78,945)	(1,756)	(646,133)		165,906		195,487		107,691	77,712	(162,653)
Benefit payments	(39,887)	(30,593)	(28,305)	(26,230)		(25,561)		(25,425)		(22,755)	(22,627)	(23,244)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(50,581)	67,027	55,529	(815,654)		278,372		308,058		193,154	92,245	(80,034)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	1,388,648	1,321,621	1,266,092	2,081,746		1,803,374		1,495,316		1,302,162	1,209,916	1,289,950
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 1,338,067	\$ 1,388,648	\$ 1,321,621	\$ 1,266,092	\$	2,081,746	\$	1,803,374	\$	1,495,316	\$ 1,302,161	\$1,209,916
Plan fiduciary net position												
Contributions - employer	52,911	43,846	39,372	37,269		36,649		38,425		38,381	38,627	36,324
Net investment income/ (loss)	36,908	34,424	20,134	(34,642)		49,841		9,789		9,285	9,200	9,912
Benefit payments	(39,886)	(30,593)	(28,305)	(26,230)		(25,561)		(25,425)		(22,755)	(22,627)	(23,244)
Administrative expense	(34)	(37)	(48)	(41)		(15)		(68)	_	(106)	(56)	(3)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	49,899	47,640	31,153	(23,644)		60,914		22,721		24,805	25,144	22,989
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	293,014	245,374	214,221	237,865		176,951		154,230		129,425	104,281	\$ 81,292
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	342,913	293,014	245,374	214,221		237,865		176,951		154,230	129,425	104,281
County's net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 995,154	\$ 1,095,634	\$ 1,076,247	\$ 1,051,871	\$	1,843,881	\$	1,626,423	\$	1,341,086	\$ 1,172,736	\$1,105,635
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	25.63%	21.10%	18.57%	16.92%		11.43%		9.81%		10.31%	9.94%	8.62%
Covered employee payroll***	1,105,134	1,022,904	924,196	887,767		874,754		852,067		803,587	799,202	760,006

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Fund

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the OPEB Trust's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last 10 Fiscal Years

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

			(Bona	amounts in ti	io asarras)				
-	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
County's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	90.05%	107.11%	116.45%	118.49%	210.79%	190.88%	166.89%	146.74%	145.48%
Expected average remaining service years of all participants	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10

^{*} The measurement date for the OPEB liability is as of June 30 of the fiscal year stated.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes: None

Changes of assumptions. Discount rate at 6/30/24 is 4.80% and at 6/30/25 is 5.40%.

Information for FY 2016 and earlier is not available.

^{**} OPEB does not require contributions from plan members.

^{***} In FY 2025, Total Covered payroll updated to agree with the previous year's payroll reported by Howard County Library System and the same was done in FY 2022 for the Public School System.

Howard County, Maryland Other Postemployment Benefits Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Year ending June 30:	Annual money- weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses
2025	12.41%
2024	13.65%
2023	9.29%
2022	(14.16)%
2021	27.76%
2020	6.37%
2019	7.07%
2018	8.53%
2017	11.65%
2016	2.02%

Length of Service Award Program

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Last 10 Fiscal Years

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	 2024		2023	2022	2021	 2020	2019	2018	2017	_	2016
Total Pension liability											
Service cost	\$ 605	\$	752	\$ 1,314	\$ 1,465	\$ 676	\$ 727	\$ 837	\$ 1,026	\$	1,027
Interest	1,015		975	817	901	776	806	823	714		655
Changes of benefit terms	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Differences between expected and actual experience	(2,334)		_	(6,314)	_	4,870	_	(1,417)	_		_
Changes of assumptions	(686)		(785)	(10,527)	4,383	5,644	1,815	(263)	(2,771)		_
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(926)		(866)	(843)	(798)	(756)	(759)	(721)	(669)		(610)
Net change in total pension liability	(2,326)		76	(15,553)	5,951	11,210	2,589	(741)	(1,700)		1,072
Total pension liability - beginning	26,181	_	26,105	41,658	35,707	24,497	21,908	22,649	24,349		23,277
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 23.855	\$	26,181	\$ 26,105	\$ 41,658	\$ 35,707	\$ 24,497	\$ 21,908	\$ 22,649	\$	24,349
Plan fiduciary net position											
Net investment income	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Administrative expense	_						_	_			_
Net change in plan fiduciary net position											
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning											
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)			_			_	_	_			_
County's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 23,855	\$	26,181	\$ 26,105	\$ 41,658	\$ 35,707	\$ 24,497	\$ 21,908	\$ 22,649	\$	24,349
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	— %		— %	— %	— %	%	%	%	_%		%
Covered-employee payroll*	n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		n/a
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		n/a
Expected average remaining service years of all participants	6		7	7	7	7	8	8	10		10

^{*} OPEB does not require contributions from plan members.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes: None

Changes of assumptions: Discount rate changed from 3.86% to 3.97%.

Assets: There are no assets accumulated in a trust to pay related benefits. All benefits are paid on a pay-as-you-go basis.



10th Annual Veterans Day Parade

Howard County Executive Calvin Ball joins Howard County Veterans and Military families for the 10th Annual Veterans Day Parade and Celebration. As the home to more than 20,000 veterans, Howard County knows the sacrifice of veterans is often felt by those closest to them. This annual parade is a recognition for the sacrifice and service for all of Howard County's veterans and their families.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



General Fund



Schedule of Revenues and Appropriations from Fund Balances - Budgetary Basis General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Buc	get A	mou	ints		Vai	riance with
	Original			Final	Revenues	Fir	nal Budget
Property taxes:							
Real, personal and corporate	\$ 696,283,	000	\$	696,283,000	\$ 700,307,083	\$	4,024,083
Payment in lieu of taxes	2,530,	000		2,530,000	2,481,598		(48,402)
Additions and abatements	(800,	000)		(800,000)	(1,192,415)		(392,415)
Interest on taxes	800,	000		800,000	354,511		(445,489)
Total property taxes	698,813,	000		698,813,000	701,950,777		3,137,777
Other local taxes:							
Heavy equipment	800,	000		800,000	971,304		171,304
Local income tax surcharge	635,858,	057		635,858,057	693,577,319		57,719,262
Admission tax	3,300,	000		3,300,000	3,911,628		611,628
Local recordation tax	19,300,	000		19,300,000	20,240,235		940,235
Room rental tax	5,800,	000		5,800,000	6,092,885		292,885
Total other local taxes	665,058,	057		665,058,057	724,793,371		59,735,314
State shared taxes:							
Highway	5,584,	000		5,584,000	5,339,061		(244,939)
Total state shared taxes	5,584,	000		5,584,000	5,339,061		(244,939)
Revenues from other governments	10,007,	000		10,007,000	14,089,867		4,082,867
Charges for services:							
Boarding prisoners	1,275,	000		1,275,000	951,445		(323,555)
Cable TV franchise fees	4,400,	000		4,400,000	4,193,806		(206,194)
Civil marriage	11,	000		11,000	15,770		4,770
Developer - water and sewer overhead	241,	000		241,000	94,511		(146,489)
Development - review fees	1,043,	000		1,043,000	1,156,363		113,363
Extension development agreement fees	20,	000		20,000	14,400		(5,600)
House type revision fees	80,	000		80,000	265,744		185,744
Master in chancery fees		_		_	414		414
Other charges for services	30,	000		30,000	371,165		341,165
Parking meters	20,	000		20,000	1,030		(18,970)
Planning and zoning fees	522,	000		522,000	683,501		161,501
Police records check discovery fee	50,	000		50,000	61,288		11,288
Recreation and parks	55,	000		55,000	53,076		(1,924)
Rental housing inspection fees	1,600,	000		1,600,000	1,439,187		(160,813)
Sale of maps and publications	38,	000		38,000	42,120		4,120
Sheriff fees	300,	000		300,000	324,409		24,409
Tax certificates	350,	000		350,000	316,270		(33,730)
Weekender inmate fees	6,	000		6,000	6,481		481
Food and beverage	85,	000		85,000	131,234		46,234
Total charges for services	10,126,	000		10,126,000	10,122,214		(3,786)
Interest on investments	10,500,	000		10,500,000	40,574,474		30,074,474

Howard County, Maryland Schedule of Revenues and Appropriations from Fund Balances - Budgetary Basis General Fund

For the Yea	r Ended June	: 30, 2025
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	Budget A	Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Revenues	Final Budget
Licenses and permits:	55,000	55,000	44.720	(12.271
Animal licenses	57,000	57,000	44,729	(12,271)
Beer, wine and liquor	326,000	326,000	343,797	17,797
Building	4,056,221	4,056,221	2,822,391	(1,233,830
Concert/special event permit fees	40,000	40,000	66,703	26,703
Electrical	1,050,000	1,050,000	1,052,131	2,131
Marriage licenses	_	_	17,190	17,190
Marriage license surcharge	80,000	80,000	94,995	14,995
Mobile home park	_	_	6,450	6,450
Other		_	108	108
Peddlers and solicitors	13,000	13,000	20,850	7,850
Plumbing	750,000	750,000	712,615	(37,385
Signs	40,000	40,000	29,150	(10,850
Traders	400,000	400,000	420,943	20,943
Total licenses and permits	6,812,221	6,812,221	5,632,052	(1,180,169
Recoveries for interfund services:				
Agricultural land preservation fund	384,414	384,414	384,414	_
Fire and rescue fund	8,114,665	8,114,665	8,114,665	_
Forest conservation pro rata share	32,178	32,178	32,178	
General County capital projects pro rata share	710,000	710,000	710,000	
Housing and community development	801,818	801,818	801,818	_
Office of law - self insurance	600,400	600,400	600,400	_
				92 (46
Pension plan	749,981	749,981	832,629	82,648
Public works operations - utility	6,536,122	6,536,122	6,536,122	(120.00)
Public works - water & sewer capital projects pro rata share	360,000	360,000	240,000	(120,000
Recreation and parks	2,144,377	2,144,377	2,144,377	
Streetlight districts	10,000	10,000	2,200	(7,800
Waste management pro rata share	2,266,010	2,266,010	2,266,010	_
Watershed pro rata share	667,222	667,222	667,221	(1
Total recoveries for interfund services	23,377,187	23,377,187	23,332,034	(45,153
Fines and forfeitures	3,100,000	3,100,000	3,059,037	(40,963
Component units return of funding:				
Community college	296,460	296,460	296,458	(2
Economic development authority	71,710	71,710	71,708	(2
Total component units return of funding	368,170	368,170	368,166	(4
Miscellaneous revenues:				
Citizen election contribution	_	_	183	183
Commissions, rents and concessions	500,000	500,000	838,108	338,108
Miscellaneous program revenue	596,000	596,000	464,812	(131,188
Other revenue	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,695,065	445,065
Sale of property and equipment			53,451	53,451
Total miscellaneous revenue	2,346,000	2,346,000	3,051,619	705,619
Total revenues	1,436,091,635	1,436,091,635	1,532,312,672	96,221,037
041 6				
Other financing sources:				
T				
	144.020	144.020	144014	
Community renewal program fund - debt	144,920	144,920	144,914	,
Community renewal program fund - debt Fire and rescue reserve fund - debt	3,172,460	3,172,460	3,172,449	(1)
Community renewal program fund - debt Fire and rescue reserve fund - debt Recreation program fund - debt	3,172,460 7,183,500	3,172,460 7,183,500	3,172,449 7,183,486	(11 (14
Community renewal program fund - debt Fire and rescue reserve fund - debt Recreation program fund - debt Excise tax - debt	3,172,460 7,183,500 8,797,770	3,172,460 7,183,500 8,797,770	3,172,449 7,183,486 8,797,756	(11 (14 (14
Community renewal program fund - debt Fire and rescue reserve fund - debt Recreation program fund - debt Excise tax - debt Public school system - debt	3,172,460 7,183,500 8,797,770 3,845,720	3,172,460 7,183,500 8,797,770 3,845,720	3,172,449 7,183,486 8,797,756 3,845,705	(1) (14 (14 (15)
Community renewal program fund - debt Fire and rescue reserve fund - debt Recreation program fund - debt Excise tax - debt	3,172,460 7,183,500 8,797,770	3,172,460 7,183,500 8,797,770	3,172,449 7,183,486 8,797,756	(1) (14 (14 (15)
Community renewal program fund - debt Fire and rescue reserve fund - debt Recreation program fund - debt Excise tax - debt Public school system - debt	3,172,460 7,183,500 8,797,770 3,845,720	3,172,460 7,183,500 8,797,770 3,845,720	3,172,449 7,183,486 8,797,756 3,845,705	(11 (12 (12 (13 (11)
Fire and rescue reserve fund - debt Recreation program fund - debt Excise tax - debt Public school system - debt Environmental services fund	3,172,460 7,183,500 8,797,770 3,845,720 1,452,740	3,172,460 7,183,500 8,797,770 3,845,720 1,452,740	3,172,449 7,183,486 8,797,756 3,845,705 1,452,729	(6 (11 (14 (14 (15 (11 (6 (77
Community renewal program fund - debt Fire and rescue reserve fund - debt Recreation program fund - debt Excise tax - debt Public school system - debt Environmental services fund Master lease debt service reimbursement	3,172,460 7,183,500 8,797,770 3,845,720 1,452,740 81,130	3,172,460 7,183,500 8,797,770 3,845,720 1,452,740 81,130	3,172,449 7,183,486 8,797,756 3,845,705 1,452,729 81,124	(11 (14 (14 (15 (11

Howard County, Maryland Schedule of Expenditures and Encumbrances - Budgetary Basis General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

					Expenditures	
		Amounts		ъ.	and	Variance with
	Original	Final	Expenditures	Encumbrances	Encumbrances	Final Budget
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Office of the County Executive	\$ 3,035,512	\$ 3,035,512	\$ 2,927,340	\$ 8,864	\$ 2,936,204	\$ 99,308
Office of the County Administrator: Bureau of staff services:						
Staff services	3,267,031	3,417,031	3,206,550	53,799	3,260,349	156,682
Environmental sustainability	994,897	994,897	959,329	4,866	964,195	30,702
Office of human rights	2,060,559	2,060,559	1,826,939	16,266	1,843,205	217,354
Office of consumer protection	787,489	664,489	622,763	_	622,763	41,726
Workforce development	1,261,845	1,261,845	1,206,841	55,004	1,261,845	
Total bureau of staff services	8,371,821	8,398,821	7,822,422	129,935	7,952,357	446,464
Bureau of management services:						
Budget division	1,813,564	1,813,564	1,796,549	6,099	1,802,648	10,916
Human resources	3,534,257	3,507,257	3,117,163	159,917	3,277,080	230,177
Purchasing division	2,363,879	2,363,879	2,203,181	1,036	2,204,217	159,662
Central services	859,845	859,845	820,818	_	820,818	39,027
Public information	1,450,538	1,450,538	1,371,107	2,303	1,373,410	77,128
Total bureau of management services	10,022,083	9,995,083	9,308,818	169,355	9,478,173	516,910
Total Office of the County Administrator	18,393,904	18,393,904	17,131,240	299,290	17,430,530	963,374
Department of Economic Development	3,391,752	3,391,752	3,391,752		3,391,752	
Department of Finance:						
Office of the director	2,510,656	2,642,656	2,602,355	35,266	2,637,621	5,035
Office of the controller	3,503,014	3,197,713	3,099,199	89,947	3,189,146	8,567
Office of business management and customer service	3,102,312	3,029,812	2,758,512	257,258	3,015,770	14,042
Bureau of recordation and banking services	1,049,924	970,924	966,272	_	966,272	4,652
Bureau of disbursements	1,173,406	1,363,905	1,262,485	99,593	1,362,078	1,827
Total Department of Finance	11,339,312	11,205,010	10,688,823	482,064	11,170,887	34,123
Office of Law	6,536,785	6,490,417	6,371,517	1,266	6,372,783	117,634
Technology and Communication services	643,994	643,994	439,044	164,489	603,533	40,461
General fund contingency	2,000,000					
Non-departmental expenses	13,091,160	76,478,460	65,800,745	6,680,038	72,480,783	3,997,677
Total General Government	58,432,419	119,639,049	106,750,461	7,636,011	114,386,472	5,252,577
LEGISLATIVE AND JUDICIAL						
Legislative:						
County council	4,892,409	5,027,468	4,099,378	385,000	4,484,378	543,090
County auditor	2,181,859	2,044,200	1,111,915	194,135	1,306,050	738,150
Board of license commissioners	173,597	173,597	159,944	_	159,944	13,653
Zoning board	105,694	108,294	108,085	_	108,085	209
Board of appeals	109,763	109,763	85,218		85,218	24,545
Total Legislative	7,463,322	7,463,322	5,564,540	579,135	6,143,675	1,319,647

Howard County, Maryland Schedule of Expenditures and Encumbrances - Budgetary Basis General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budget Aı	nounts			Expenditures and	Variance with
_	Original	Final	Expenditures	Encumbrances	Encumbrances	Final Budget
Judicial:		_				
Circuit court	4,462,588	4,462,588	4,172,246	_	4,172,246	290,342
Sheriff's department	12,828,168	12,828,168	12,708,074	96,757	12,804,831	23,337
State attorney's office	13,267,698	13,267,698	12,889,284	_	12,889,284	378,414
Total Judicial	30,558,454	30,558,454	29,769,604	96,757	29,866,361	692,093
Board of election supervisors	3,387,222	3,387,222	2,848,047	899	2,848,946	538,276
Election expense	3,239,648	3,239,648	2,590,979	_	2,590,979	648,669
Total Legislative and Judicial	44,648,646	44,648,646	40,773,170	676,791	41,449,961	3,198,685
PUBLIC WORKS						
Department of Public Works:						
Office of the director	6,286,793	6,370,161	5,949,817	344,226	6,294,043	76,118
Total office of the director	6,286,793	6,370,161	5,949,817	344,226	6,294,043	76,118
Bureau of engineering:						
Administrative management division	375,066	691,066	386,785	300,000	686,785	4,281
Transportation & watershed management	1,693,488	1,755,488	1,745,186	_	1,745,186	10,302
Construction inspection division	4,340,955	3,646,505	3,573,470	_	3,573,470	73,035
Survey and drafting division	1,094,553	1,151,553	1,147,162	_	1,147,162	4,391
Total bureau of engineering	7,504,062	7,244,612	6,852,603	300,000	7,152,603	92,009
-	.,	-,,,			.,,	,
Bureau of highways:	1.051.632	1.011.622	1 955 (52		1 955 (52	55 071
Operations	1,951,623	1,911,623	1,855,652	2 002 212	1,855,652	55,971
Highway maintenance division	21,299,085	23,004,085	19,852,941	3,003,312	22,856,253	147,832
Traffic engineering division	3,072,663	3,072,663	2,132,888	894,228	3,027,116	45,547
Total bureau of highways	26,323,371	27,988,371	23,841,481	3,897,540	27,739,021	249,350
Bureau of facilities:						
Administration	9,491,329	8,611,908	8,606,428	_	8,606,428	5,480
Building and ground maintenance	19,715,137	21,279,411	19,567,127	1,701,984	21,269,111	10,300
Total bureau of facilities	29,206,466	29,891,319	28,173,555	1,701,984	29,875,539	15,780
_						
Bureau of environmental services:						
Stormwater management	1,462,679	1,524,679	1,505,352		1,505,352	19,327
Total bureau of environmental services	1,462,679	1,524,679	1,505,352		1,505,352	19,327
Total Department of Public Works	70,783,371	73,019,142	66,322,808	6,243,750	72,566,558	452,584
Department of Inspections, Licenses and Permits:						
Operations division	3,307,714	3,130,058	2,971,272	124,188	3,095,460	34,598
Inspection and enforcement division	4,420,852	4,380,852	4,156,304	_	4,156,304	224,548
Plan review division	1,897,808	1,897,808	1,880,123	_	1,880,123	17,685
Licenses and permits division	1,157,291	1,157,291	1,083,110		1,083,110	74,181
Total Department of Inspections, Licenses and Permits	10,783,665	10,566,009	10,090,809	124,188	10,214,997	351,012

Schedule of Expenditures and Encumbrances - Budgetary Basis General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budget A	mounts			Expenditures and	Variance with
	Original	Final	Expenditures	Encumbrances	Encumbrances	Final Budget
Department of Planning and Zoning:	- '-	_				
Office of the director	1,980,087	2,165,214	1,929,096	144,587	2,073,683	91,531
Division of land development	1,539,587	1,539,587	1,458,656	_	1,458,656	80,931
Division of research	1,164,211	1,080,652	1,068,438	_	1,068,438	12,214
Public service and zoning administration	1,378,765	1,286,717	1,144,741	_	1,144,741	141,976
Environmental and community planning	770,758	671,379	627,725	_	627,725	43,654
Development engineering division	1,476,827	1,476,827	1,352,304	_	1,352,304	124,523
Conservation easements program	762,705	762,705	669,865	_	669,865	92,840
Total Department of Planning and Zoning	9,072,940	8,983,081	8,250,825	144,587	8,395,412	587,669
Soil Conservation District	446,816	446,816	442,492		442,492	4,324
Department of Transportation	14,301,214	14,581,464	14,260,813	181,788	14,442,601	138,863
Total Public Works	105,388,006	107,596,512	99,367,747	6,694,313	106,062,060	1,534,452
PUBLIC SAFETY Police Department:						
Administrative command	1,162,359	1,541,359	1,511,252	6,749	1,518,001	23,358
Animal control division	2,284,507	2,301,207	2,203,704	_	2,203,704	97,503
Command operations	45,042,391	45,294,491	45,231,417	_	45,231,417	63,074
Bureau of criminal investigations	33,368	33,368	33,368	_	33,368	_
Investigation and special operations	337,439	137,439	133,473	_	133,473	3,966
Information and technology bureau	25,108,100	24,302,754	23,548,022	637,217	24,185,239	117,515
Management services bureau	13,287,125	12,930,765	12,903,959	14,291	12,918,250	12,515
Office of the chief	18,988,347	15,747,206	15,660,325	39,963	15,700,288	46,918
Operations support	7,655,449 11,766,985	7,950,449 11,453,831	7,845,953 11,330,623	963 106,126	7,846,916 11,436,749	103,533 17,082
Special operations bureau Investigative support bureau	6,114,210	6,432,034	6,258,615	81,537	6,340,152	91,882
Criminal investigation command	25,918,180	27,063,378	26,992,764	9,527	27,002,291	61,087
Total Police Department	157,698,460	155,188,281	153,653,475	896,373	154,549,848	638,433
Department of Corrections	24,766,736	24,666,852	24,652,468	6,070	24,658,538	8,314
Total Public Safety	182,465,196	179,855,133	178,305,943	902,443	179,208,386	646,747
DECDEATION AND BADIC	:					
RECREATION AND PARKS	21 527 751	21 507 (0/	21 504 727	1 277	21 507 002	11 (02
Department of Recreation and Parks	31,527,751	31,597,696	31,584,727	1,366	31,586,093	11,603
Total Recreation and Parks	31,527,751	31,597,696	31,584,727	1,366	31,586,093	11,603

Howard County, Maryland Schedule of Expenditures and Encumbrances - Budgetary Basis General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Rudget	Amounts			Expenditures and	Variance with
	Original	Final	Expenditures	Encumbrances	Encumbrances	Final Budget
COMMUNITY SERVICES						
Department of social services	871,043	871,043	727,839	_	727,839	143,204
Department of community resources and services	15,088,044	14,727,367	14,045,408	239,918	14,285,326	442,041
Office on aging	4,217,667	4,466,389	4,402,987	_	4,402,987	63,402
Cooperative extension services	563,128	563,128	562,407	_	562,407	721
Health and mental hygiene	2,218,506	_	_	_	_	_
Community services	13,525,807	13,525,807	13,333,914	176,613	13,510,527	15,280
Total Community Services	36,484,195	34,153,734	33,072,555	416,531	33,489,086	664,648
EDUCATION						
Public schools	766,000,000	766,000,000	766,000,000	_	766,000,000	_
Community college	44,500,000	44,500,000	44,500,000	_	44,500,000	_
Library	26,480,000	26,480,000	26,480,000	_	26,480,000	_
Total Education	836,980,000	836,980,000	836,980,000		836,980,000	
DEBT SERVICE *						
Principal payment on debt	102,976,370	105,428,851	105,278,577	149,689	105,428,266	585
Interests payments on debt	52,448,351	52,846,052	52,378,449	404,000	52,782,449	63,603
Total Debt Service	155,424,721	158,274,903	157,657,026	553,689	158,210,715	64,188
		200,211,200				
Total expenditures and encumbrances before transfers out	1,451,350,934	1,512,745,673	1,484,491,629	16,881,144	1,501,372,773	11,372,900
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Health department	11,708,592	13,927,098	13,927,098	_	13,927,098	_
General government	2,455,000	2,299,000	1,766,160	_	1,766,160	532,840
Recreation and parks	255,349	185,404	185,404	_	185,404	_
Paygo - capital	111,705,000	111,705,000	111,705,000	_	111,705,000	_
Paygo - operating	79,387,300	16,000,000	16,000,000		16,000,000	
Total Other Financing Uses	205,511,241	144,116,502	143,583,662		143,583,662	532,840
Total Expenditures, Encumbrances and Other Financing Uses	\$ 1,656,862,175	\$ 1,656,862,175	\$ 1,628,075,291	\$ 16,881,144	\$ 1,644,956,435	\$ 11,905,740

^{*} Debt service includes agency-specific debt allocations

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis Health Department Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budget A	\ mo	ounts		Va	riance with
	Original		Final	Actual	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES						
Revenue from other governments	\$ 1,650,000	\$	1,650,000	\$ 1,407,632	\$	(242,368)
Charges for services	887,000		887,000	75,938		(811,062)
Interest on investments	_			2,315,531		2,315,531
Miscellaneous program revenue	3,289,000		3,289,000	_		(3,289,000)
Total revenue	5,826,000	_	5,826,000	3,799,101		(2,026,899)
EXPENDITURES						
Community services:						
General health services	16,703,098		16,649,325	16,419,724		229,601
Grant programs	3,050,000		3,050,000	851,605		2,198,395
Debt services:						
Principal payment on debt	_		53,093	53,093		_
Interests payments on debt	 		680	679		1
Total expenditures	19,753,098		19,753,098	17,325,101		2,427,997
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (13,927,098)	_	(13,927,098)	(13,526,000)		401,098
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	 13,927,098		13,927,098	13,927,098		_
Total other financing sources (uses)	13,927,098		13,927,098	13,927,098		
Net change in fund balance				401,098		401,098
Plus: Prior year encumbrances lapsed				2,200		
Fund balances - beginning				6,452,288		
Fund balances - ending				\$ 6,855,586		
The ending fund balance is reconciled as follows:						
Budgetary basis, end of the fiscal year				\$ 6,855,586		
Adjustments required under GAAP:						
Elimination of encumbrances outstanding				366,368		
Accruals				(144,810)		
Fund balance, end of the fiscal year				\$ 7,077,144		



Columbia Lakefront Fountain

The Downtown Columbia Plan, a 30-year master plan for the revitalization and redevelopment of Downtown Columbia, includes the addition of 900 affordable housing units and the construction of a new Central Branch Library. Under this plan, the County will acquire a parcel at the Columbia Lakefront for a new Central Branch Library, while the Howard Research and Development Corporation (HRD) will convey a parcel in the Merriweather District for the Howard County Housing Commission (HCHC) to construct affordable housing. The plan also includes a new Performing Arts Center on the site of Toby's Dinner Theater and Artist Flats, another mixed-use and mixed-income housing development.





Howard County, Maryland Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2025

		Special Revenue Funds	Capital Project Funds		Debt Service Funds	Total
ASSETS		runus	 Fullus	_	runus	 10141
Equity in pooled cash and investments Cash with fiscal agents	\$	124,706,230	\$ 97,373,036	\$	16,152,927 5,582,177	\$ 238,232,193 5,582,177
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)		51,969,825	8,702,061		_	60,671,886
Due from other funds		422,000	_		_	422,000
Prepaids		1,416,363	_		_	1,416,363
Material and supplies		163,178				163,178
Total assets		178,677,596	106,075,097		21,735,104	306,487,797
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable / accrued liabilities		7,905,200	9,946,554		75,735	17,927,489
Accrued wages and benefits		1,218,708	19,827		_	1,238,535
Short-term loans and notes payable Deposits and connection fees		1,055,730	7,438,805 209,000		_	7,438,805 1,264,730
Unearned revenue		24,779,288	404,379		28,143	25,211,810
Total liabilities		34,958,926	 18,018,565		103,878	 53,081,369
	-	,	 ,,	_		 ,,,
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable fees		13,794,876	7,949,477			21,744,353
Unavailable lease revenues		8,849			_	8,849
Unavailable grant revenues		2,809,360	120,697		_	2,930,057
Total deferred inflows		16,613,085	8,070,174		_	24,683,259
		, ,	, ,			
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		51,572,011	 26,088,739		103,878	 77,764,628
FUND BALANCES				_	·	
Nonspendable:						
Inventory		163,178	_		_	163,178
Prepaid Items		1,416,363	_		_	1,416,363
Restricted:						
3M Settlement		184,210	_		_	184,210
Catalyst loan program		1,579,847	_		_	1,579,847
Community reinvestment and repair Disposable plastics reduction		3,035,766 625,428	_		_	3,035,766 625,428
•		,	_		_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Economic development initiatives Forest conservation		663,033 1,362,407	_		_	663,033 1,362,407
Housing opportunity trust fund		7,619,473	_		_	7,619,473
Middle Patuxent environmental area program		208,277	_		_	208,277
MIHU Fee-in-lieu		5,366,760	_		_	5,366,760
Open space		· · · —	719,506		_	719,506
Opioid Abatement		7,557,861	_		_	7,557,861
Parkland watershed facilities			19,538,673		_	19,538,673
Program revenue Public road facilities		346,045	57,701,246		_	346,045 57,701,246
Speed enforcement		951,078	37,701,240		_	951,078
Tax incremental financing project			_		21,631,226	21,631,226
Transit services		584,682	_		· · · —	584,682
Vaping		1,246,474	_		_	1,246,474
Committed:		20 415 400				20 415 400
Agricultural land preservation Community renewal programs		28,417,498	_		_	28,417,498
Environmental services		43,582,130 28,497,154	_			43,582,130 28,497,154
Fire house & training facilities		20,157,151	23,573,212		_	23,573,212
Program revenue		244,416			_	244,416
Assigned:		, ,				,
Capital projects		_	14,775,586		_	14,775,586
Unassigned		(6,546,495)	(36,321,865)		_	(42,868,360)
Total fund balances		127,105,585	79,986,358		21,631,226	228,723,169
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	178,677,596	\$ 106,075,097	\$	21,735,104	\$ 306,487,797

Howard County, Maryland Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

DEVENUES		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Project Funds		Debt Service Funds		Total
REVENUES			_					
Property taxes	\$	79,915	\$	_	\$	6,008,733	\$	6,088,648
Other local taxes		14,639,310		22,262,118		_		36,901,428
Revenues from other governments		34,007,050		5,390,045				39,397,095
Charges for services		66,068,337				_		66,068,337
Licenses and permits		_		313,944		_		313,944
Investment income:								
Interest on investments		5,623,025		4,772,185		838,104		11,233,314
Installment interest from housing loans		152,265		5,353		_		157,618
Fines and forfeitures		3,489,360						3,489,360
Developer fees		178,012		1,354,589		_		1,532,601
Miscellaneous program revenue		12,719,961		40,895				12,760,856
Total revenues		136,957,235		34,139,129		6,846,837	_	177,943,201
EXPENDITURES								
Current:		17 100 001				970 924		10.070.025
General government		17,190,001		_		879,834		18,069,835
Legislative and judicial		1,184,582		_		_		1,184,582
Public works		45,849,990		_		_		45,849,990
Public safety		7,223,272		_		_		7,223,272
Recreation and parks		23,994,985		_		_		23,994,985
Community services		29,610,151		(0 (01 494		_		29,610,151
Capital improvements Debt service:		2,916,619		60,691,484		_		63,608,103
Principal payments on debt		4,548,891				1,164,509		5,713,400
Interest payments on debt		1,459,874				4,016,165		5,476,039
Total expenditures		133,978,365	_	60,691,484	_	6,060,508		200,730,357
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		· · ·	_	00,071,404				200,730,337
expenditures		2,978,870		(26,552,355)		786,329	_	(22,787,156)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Bond premium		_		1,140,753		_		1,140,753
Capital-related issuance of debt		_		11,066,748		293,894		11,360,642
Installment purchase agreements issued		2,614,860		_		_		2,614,860
Refunding bond issued		_		1,150,894		212,167		1,363,061
Payment made to escrow agent		_		(1,225,346)				(1,225,346)
Loan proceeds		5,848,000		_		_		5,848,000
Transfers in		10,251,836		32,514,818		1,835,379		44,602,033
Transfers out		(5,362,309)		(21,493,786)		(585,835)		(27,441,930)
Total other financing sources	_	13,352,387		23,154,081	_	1,755,605	_	38,262,073
Net change in fund balances		16,331,257						
_	_			(3,398,274)		2,541,934	_	15,474,917
Fund balances - beginning	_	110,774,328	_	83,384,632	_	19,089,292	_	213,248,252
Fund balances - ending	\$	127,105,585	\$	79,986,358	\$	21,631,226	\$	228,723,169

Howard County, Maryland Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2025

	Agricultural Land Preservation Fund	Community Renewal Program Fund	Disposable Plastics Reduction Fund	Environmental Services Fund	Forest Conservation Fund	Grants Fund	Recreation Program Fund	Settlement Fund	Speed & School Bus Camera Enforcement Fund	Total
ASSETS										
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 28,427,424	\$ 31,997,467	\$ 469,920	\$ 30,572,640	\$ 1,373,481	\$ 13,352,688	\$ 6,297,558	\$ 10,502,326	\$ 1,712,726	\$ 124,706,230
Receivables:										
Property taxes	_	_	_	298,948	_	_	_	_	_	298,948
Lease Receivables	_	_	_	_	_	_	9,132	_	_	9,132
Due from other funds	_	_	_	_	_	_	422,000	_	_	422,000
Due from other governments	_	_	_	_	_	6,220,486	_	108,885	_	6,329,371
Due from component unit	_	9,353,631	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	9,353,631
Housing loans	_	18,137,744	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	18,137,744
Economic development loans	_	_	_	_	_	466,563	_	_	_	466,563
Other	61,582	48,977	178,355	380,644	_	1,919,190	19,359	14,765,169	1,160	17,374,436
Prepaids	_	_	_	_	_	1,416,363	_	_	_	1,416,363
Materials and supplies	_	_	_	_	_	_	163,178	_	_	163,178
Total assets	28,489,006	59,537,819	648,275	31,252,232	1,373,481	23,375,290	6,911,227	25,376,380	1,713,886	178,677,596
LIABILITIES										
Due to other funds	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
Accounts payable / accrued liabilities	36,608	2,863,193	12,860	2,324,340	_	1,430,952	489,995	_	747,252	7,905,200
Accrued wages and benefits	34,900	106,263	9,987	215,653	11,074	189,052	636,223	_	15,556	1,218,708
Deposits and connection fees	_	_	_	_	_	602,355	453,375	_	_	1,055,730
Unearned revenue				215,085		18,130,123	6,434,080			24,779,288
Total liabilities	71,508	2,969,456	22,847	2,755,078	11,074	20,352,482	8,013,673		762,808	34,958,926
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable fees	_	_	_	_	_	442,807	_	13,352,069	_	13,794,876
Unavailable lease revenues	_	_	_	_	_	_	8,849	_	_	8,849
Unavailable grant revenues						2,809,360				2,809,360
Total deferred inflows of resources						3,252,167	8,849	13,352,069		16,613,085
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	71,508	2,969,456	22,847	2,755,078	11,074	23,604,649	8,022,522	13,352,069	762,808	51,572,011

(continued)

Howard County, Maryland Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2025

	Agricultural Land Preservation Fund	Community Renewal Program Fund	Disposable Plastics Reduction Fund	Environmental Services Fund	Forest Conservation Fund	Grants Fund	Recreation Program Fund	Settlement Fund	Speed & School Bus Camera Enforcement Fund	Total
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable:										
Inventory	_	_	_	_	_	_	163,178	_	_	163,178
Prepaid items	_	_	_	_	_	1,416,363	_	_	_	1,416,363
Restricted:										
3M Settlement	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	184,210	_	184,210
Catalyst loan program	_	_	_	_	_	1,579,847	_	_	_	1,579,847
Community reinvestment and repair	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,035,766	_	3,035,766
Disposable Plastics Reduction	_	_	625,428	_	_	_	_	_	_	625,428
Economic development initiatives	_	_	_	_	_	663,033	_	_	_	663,033
Forest conservation	_	_	_	_	1,362,407	_	_	_	_	1,362,407
Housing opportunity trust fund	_	7,619,473	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	7,619,473
Middle Patuxent environmental area program	_	_	_	_	_	208,277	_	_	_	208,277
MIHU Fee-in-lieu	_	5,366,760	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,366,760
Opioid abatement	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	7,557,861	_	7,557,861
Program revenue	_	_	_	_	_	346,045	_	_	_	346,045
Speed enforcement	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	951,078	951,078
Transit services	_	_	_	_	_	584,682	_	_	_	584,682
Vaping settlement	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,246,474	_	1,246,474
Committed:										
Agricultural land preservation	28,417,498	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	28,417,498
Community renewal programs	_	43,582,130	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	43,582,130
Environmental services	_	_	_	28,497,154	_	_	_	_	_	28,497,154
Program revenue	_	_	_	_	_	244,416	_	_	_	244,416
Unassigned	_	_	_	_	_	(5,272,022)	(1,274,473)	_	_	(6,546,495)
Total fund balances (deficits)	28,417,498	56,568,363	625,428	28,497,154	1,362,407	(229,359)	(1,111,295)	12,024,311	951,078	127,105,585
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 28,489,006	\$ 59,537,819	\$ 648,275	\$ 31,252,232	\$ 1,373,481	\$ 23,375,290	\$ 6,911,227	\$ 25,376,380	\$ 1,713,886	\$ 178,677,596

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Agricultural Land Preservation Fund	Community Renewal Program Fund	Disposable Plastics Reduction Fund	Environmental Services Fund	Forest Conservation Fund	Grants Fund	Recreation Program Fund	Settlement Fund	Speed & School Bus Camera Enforcement Fund	Total
REVENUES										
Property taxes	s —	s —	s —	\$ 79,915	\$	s —	\$	s —	s —	\$ 79,915
Other local taxes	8,387,914	6,251,396	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	14,639,310
Revenues from other governments	_	_	_	198,965	_	32,482,717	6,433	1,318,935	_	34,007,050
Charges for services	_	_	_	40,077,358	_	2,227,178	23,763,801	_	_	66,068,337
Investment income:										
Interest on investments	1,380,002	1,130,136	25,992	1,810,448	67,781	545,464	203,647	394,827	64,728	5,623,025
Installment interest	_	129,712	_	_	_	22,553	_	_	_	152,265
Fines and forfeitures Developer fees	_ _	_ _	1,749	210 —	4,128 178,012	1,300	20,839	_ _	3,461,134	3,489,360 178,012
Miscellaneous program revenue	13,040	1,951,348	765,197	284,278		5,505,286	275,467	3,896,937	28,408	12,719,961
Total revenues	9,780,956	9,462,592	792,938	42,451,174	249,921	40,784,498	24,270,187	5,610,699	3,554,270	136,957,235
EXPENDITURES										
General government	2,256,316	_	912,125	_	_	13,935,561	_	85,999	_	17,190,001
Legislative and judicial	_	_	_	_	_	1,184,582	_	_	_	1,184,582
Public works	2,680,767	_	_	35,913,883	_	7,255,340	_	_	_	45,849,990
Public safety	_	_	_	_	_	4,333,350	_	_	2,889,922	7,223,272
Recreation and parks	_	_	_	_	420,242	42,053	23,532,690	_	_	23,994,985
Community services	64,136	19,490,448	_	_	_	10,055,567	_	_	_	29,610,151
Capital improvements	2,916,619	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,916,619
Debt service:										
Principal payments on debt	3,971,183	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	577,708	4,548,891
Interest payments on debt	1,282,310	_	_	_	_	94,799	_	_	82,765	1,459,874
Total expenditures	13,171,331	19,490,448	912,125	35,913,883	420,242	36,901,252	23,532,690	85,999	3,550,395	133,978,365
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(3,390,375)	(10,027,856)	(119,187)	6,537,291	(170,321)	3,883,246	737,497	5,524,700	3,875	2,978,870

(continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

	gricultural Land reservation Fund	Community Renewal Program Fund	Disposal Plastic Reducti Fund	S	Environmental Services Fund	C	Forest onservation Fund	Grants Fund	Recreation Program Fund	Settlement Fund	Speed & Scl Bus Came Enforceme Fund	ra	Total
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													_
Installment purchase agreements issued	2,614,860	_		_	_		_	_	_	_		_	2,614,860
Loan proceeds	_	5,848,000		_	_		_	_	_	_		_	5,848,000
Transfers in	_	10,000,000		_	_		6,973	_	185,404	59,459		_	10,251,836
Transfers out	 	(1,275,049)	(25,	992)	(3,263,177)			(529,715)	(203,647)		(64,	729)	(5,362,309)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,614,860	14,572,951	(25,	992)	(3,263,177)	_	6,973	(529,715)	(18,243)	59,459	(64,	729)	13,352,387
Net change in fund balances	(775,515)	4,545,095	(145,	179)	3,274,114		(163,348)	3,353,531	719,254	5,584,159	(60,	854)	16,331,257
Fund balances - beginning	29,193,013	52,023,268	770,	507	25,223,040		1,525,755	(3,582,890)	(1,830,549)	6,440,152	1,011,	932	110,774,328
Fund balances - ending	\$ 28,417,498	\$ 56,568,363	\$ 625,	128	\$ 28,497,154	\$	1,362,407	\$ (229,359)	\$ (1,111,295)	\$ 12,024,311	\$ 951,	078	\$ 127,105,585

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis Agricultural Land Preservation Fund

	Budget A	\ mo	unts	_		Variance with		
	Original		Final		Actual	_ F	inal Budget	
REVENUES								
Local taxes	\$ 7,200,000	\$	7,200,000	\$	8,387,913	\$	1,187,913	
Investment income	250,000		250,000		1,380,003		1,130,003	
Miscellaneous program revenue	 15,557,000		15,557,000		13,040		(15,543,960)	
Total revenues	 23,007,000		23,007,000		9,780,956		(13,226,044)	
EXPENDITURES								
Public works:								
General Government	1,383,104		2,383,104		2,253,957		129,147	
Administrative	17,904,523		17,904,523		2,680,767		15,223,756	
Capital improvements			_		2,916,619		(2,916,619)	
Community Services	64,136		64,136		64,136		_	
Debt service:								
Principal payments on debt	4,196,960		4,196,960		3,971,183		225,777	
Interest payments on debt	 1,338,730		1,338,730		1,282,310		56,420	
Total expenditures	 24,887,453		25,887,453		13,168,972		12,718,481	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,880,453)		(2,880,453)		(3,388,016)		(507,563)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Appropriation from fund balance	1,880,453		2,880,453		773,156		(2,107,297)	
Installment purchase agreements issued			_		2,614,860		2,614,860	
Total other financing sources	1,880,453	_	2,880,453		3,388,016		507,563	
Net change in fund balance	_		_		_		_	
Plus prior year encumbrances lapsed		_			_			
Less appropriation from fund balance					(773,156)			
Fund balance - beginning					29,351,083			
Fund balance - ending				\$	28,577,927			
The analysis found belongs in an english of the								
The ending fund balance is reconciled as follows:				ø	20 577 027			
Budgetary basis, end of the fiscal year				Þ	28,577,927			
Adjustments required under GAAP:					(2.250)			
Accruals Credit adjustments					(2,359)			
Credit adjustments Fund balance, end of the fiscal year				•	$\frac{(158,070)}{28,417,498}$			
i and barance, the of the fiscal year				Φ	20,717,770			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis Community Renewal Program Fund

	Budget Amounts				Var	iance with		
	Orig	ginal	I	inal		Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES								
Local taxes	\$ 5,	400,000	\$ 5	,400,000	\$	6,251,396	\$	851,396
Installment interest from housing loans		_		_		129,712		129,712
Miscellaneous program revenue	2,	500,000	2	,500,000		1,951,348		(548,652)
Total revenues	7,	900,000	7	,900,000		8,332,456		432,456
EXPENDITURES								
Community services:								
Revolving loan program income	:	200,000		200,000		_		200,000
Housing initiatives	12,	535,000	12	,457,000		8,674,781		3,782,219
Housing and community development administration	12,	572,777	12	,830,777		11,465,244		1,365,533
Homeless Services	1,	393,058	1	,213,058		750,978		462,080
Total expenditures	26,	700,835	26	,700,835		20,891,003		5,809,832
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(18,	800,835)	(18	,800,835)		(12,558,547)		6,242,288
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Appropriation from fund balance	8,	945,755	8	,945,755		8,945,755		_
Net Proceeds Loan-HUD		_		_		5,848,000		5,848,000
Transfers in	10,	000,000	10	,000,000		10,000,000		_
Transfers out		144,920)		(144,920)		(144,914)		6
Total other financing sources (uses)	18,	800,835	18	,800,835		24,648,841		5,848,006
Net change in fund balance					_	12,090,294		12,090,294
Plus: Prior year encumbrance lapsed						929,072		
Less appropriation from fund balance						(8,945,755)		
Fund balance - beginning						29,457,235		
Fund balance - ending					\$	33,530,846		
The ending fund balance is reconciled as follows:								
Budgetary basis, end of the fiscal year					\$	33,530,846		
Adjustments required under GAAP:								
Elimination of encumbrances outstanding						6,171,149		
Cumulative housing loans expenditures						17,943,318		
Cumulative bad debt expense						(1,076,950)		
Fund balance, end of the fiscal year					\$	56,568,363		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis Disposable Plastics Reduction Fund

	Budget Amounts						Variance with		
	0	riginal	F	inal		Actual	Fina	al Budget	
REVENUES									
Fines and forfeitures	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	1,749	\$	(251)	
Miscellaneous program revenue		640,000		640,000		765,198		125,198	
Total revenues		642,000		642,000		766,947		124,947	
EXPENDITURES									
General Government:									
Administrative		1,156,235	1	,156,235		941,111		215,124	
Total expenditures		1,156,235	1.	,156,235		941,111		215,124	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(514,235)		(514,235)		(174,164)		340,071	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Appropriation from fund balance		514,235		514,235		174,164		(340,071)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		514,235		514,235		174,164		(340,071)	
Net change in fund balance						_			
Plus: prior year encumbrances lapsed						10,580			
Less appropriation from fund balance						(174,164)			
Fund balance - beginning						702,439			
Fund balance - ending					\$	538,855			
The ending fund balance is reconciled as follows:									
Budgetary basis, end of the fiscal year					\$	538,855			
Adjustments required under GAAP:					-	,			
Elimination of encumbrances outstanding						88,060			
Cumulative bad debt expense						(1,487)			
Fund balance, end of the fiscal year					\$	625,428			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis Environmental Services Funds

	Budget A	Amounts			Var	riance with
	 Original	Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ _	\$	\$	79,915	\$	79,915
Revenue from other governments	_	_		198,965		198,965
Charges for services	40,172,993	40,172,993		40,084,391		(88,602)
Fines and forfeitures	_	_		210		210
Miscellaneous program revenue	215,000	215,000		284,278		69,278
Total revenues	40,387,993	40,387,993		40,647,759		259,766
EXPENDITURES						
Public works:						
Administrative	3,509,870	3,509,870		3,450,830		59,040
Operations	18,072,728	18,072,728		17,526,043		546,685
Collections	6,534,375	6,649,375		6,538,150		111,225
Recycling	 10,902,449	10,787,449		10,222,270		565,179
Total expenditures	 39,019,422	39,019,422		37,737,293		1,282,129
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 1,368,571	1,368,571		2,910,466		1,541,895
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Appropriation from fund balance	84,169	84,169		_		(84,169)
Transfers out	 (1,452,740)	(1,452,740)	_	(1,452,729)		11
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,368,571)	(1,368,571)		(1,452,729)		(84,158)
Net change in fund balance	 			1,457,737		1,457,737
Plus: Prior year encumbrance lapsed				512,864		
Fund balance - beginning				24,796,553		
Fund balance - ending			\$	26,767,154		
The ending fund balance is reconciled as follows:						
Budgetary basis, end of the fiscal year			\$	26,767,154		
Adjustments required under GAAP:						
Elimination of encumbrances outstanding				2,585,837		
Accruals				(757,773)		
Cumulative bad debt expense				(98,064)		
Fund balance, end of the fiscal year			\$	28,497,154		

Howard County, Maryland Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis Forest Conservation Fund

	 Budget A	lmou	ınts		Var	iance with
	Original		Final	Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES						
Interest on investments	\$ 25,000	\$	25,000	\$ 67,780	\$	42,780
Fines and forfeitures	15,000		15,000	4,128		(10,872)
Developer fees	 125,000		125,000	178,013		53,013
Total revenues	165,000		165,000	249,921		84,921
EXPENDITURES						
Public Works:						
Forest mitigation	 743,970		743,970	413,269		330,701
Total expenditures	 743,970		743,970	413,269		330,701
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (578,970)		(578,970)	(163,348)		415,622
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Appropriation from fund balance	 578,970		578,970			(578,970)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 578,970		578,970			(578,970)
Net change in fund balance	 _		_	(163,348)		(163,348)
Fund balance - beginning				1,525,755		
Fund balance - ending				\$ 1,362,407		
The ending fund balance is reconciled as follows:						
Budgetary basis, end of the fiscal year				1,362,407		
Fund balance, end of the fiscal year				\$ 1,362,407		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis Grants Fund

	Budge							ariance with
		Original		Final		Actual	F	inal Budget
REVENUES						_		
Revenue from other agencies:								
Grants from federal government	\$	16,308,414	\$ 1	6,308,414	\$	19,873,649	\$	3,565,235
Grants from state government		29,948,837	2	9,948,837		12,432,040		(17,516,797)
Other local grants		2,454,680		2,314,680		177,011		(2,137,669)
Total revenue from other agencies		48,711,931	4	8,571,931		32,482,700		(16,089,231)
Charges for services		1,545,000		1,545,000		1,757,945		212,945
Interest on investments		_		_		38,302		38,302
Fines and forfeitures		_		_		1,300		1,300
Miscellaneous program revenue		29,357,214	2	9,497,214		5,505,286		(23,991,928)
Total revenues		79,614,145	7	9,614,145		39,785,533		(39,828,612)
EXPENDITURES								
General government		43,149,607	4	3,149,607		13,717,095		29,432,512
Legislative & judicial		1,543,601		1,543,601		1,158,852		384,749
Public works		10,180,508	1	0,180,508		10,394,223		(213,715)
Public safety		6,363,161		6,363,161		4,584,642		1,778,519
Recreation & parks		148,500		148,500		42,078		106,422
Community services		18,697,159	1	8,347,159		10,075,867		8,271,292
Debt service:								
Principal payments on debt		29,170		29,170				29,170
Interest payments on debt		11,626		361,626		94,800		266,826
Total expenditures		80,123,332	8	0,123,332		40,067,557		40,055,775
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(509,187)		(509,187)		(282,024)		227,163
Net change in fund balance		(509,187)		(509,187)		(282,024)		227,163
Plus: Prior year encumbrances lapsed						(232,269)		
Fund balances - beginning						(895,498)		
Fund balances - ending					\$	(1,409,791)		
The ending fund balance is reconciled as follows:								
Budgetary basis, end of the fiscal year					\$	(1,409,791)		
Adjustments:						, , ,		
Elimination of encumbrances outstanding						3,999,337		
Accruals						(33,068)		
Cumulative bad debt expense						(588,818)		
•						(19,736)		
Elimination of loan expenses						,		
Credit adjustment for leased asset						(2,177,283)		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis Recreation Program Fund

	Budget A	Amounts			Variance with
	 Original	Final		Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				_	
Revenue from other governments	\$ _	s —	\$	6,433	\$ 6,433
Charges for services	27,307,535	27,307,535		23,765,492	(3,542,043)
Fines and forfeitures	25,000	25,000		20,839	(4,161)
Miscellaneous program revenue	 250,000	250,000		275,467	25,467
Total revenues	27,582,535	27,582,535		24,068,231	(3,514,304)
EXPENDITURES					
Recreation and parks:					
Administrative	 27,837,884	27,837,884		23,569,134	4,268,750
Total expenditures	27,837,884	27,837,884		23,569,134	4,268,750
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(255,349)	(255,349)		499,097	754,446
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	255,349	255,349		185,404	(69,945)
Total other financing sources (uses)	255,349	255,349		185,404	(69,945)
Net change in fund balance	_	_		684,501	684,501
Plus: Prior year encumbrances lapsed			•	18,198	
Fund balance - beginning				(1,690,282)	
Fund balance - ending			\$	(987,583)	
The ending fund balance is reconciled as follows:					
Budgetary basis, end of the fiscal year			\$	(987,583)	
Adjustments required under GAAP:					
Elimination of encumbrances outstanding				29,373	
Accruals				(147,301)	
Cumulative bad debt expense				(5,784)	
Fund balance, end of the fiscal year			\$	(1,111,295)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis Settlement Fund

	Budget A	Amo	unts		Variance with
	Original		Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES					
Other local taxes	\$ 	\$	1,000,000	\$ 1,318,934	\$ 318,934
State Grant	1,750,000		_	_	_
Fines and forfeitures	_		_	394,827	394,827
Miscellaneous program revenue	 		750,000	3,896,938	3,146,938
Total revenues	1,750,000		1,750,000	5,610,699	3,860,699
EXPENDITURES					
General Government:					
Administrative	2,800,000		2,800,000	26,540	2,773,460
Total expenditures	2,800,000		2,800,000	26,540	2,773,460
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (1,050,000)		(1,050,000)	5,584,159	6,634,159
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Appropriation from fund balance	1,050,000		1,050,000	_	(1,050,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,050,000		1,050,000	_	(1,050,000)
Net change in fund balance	 			5,584,159	5,584,159
Fund balance - beginning				6,440,152	
Fund balance - ending			:	\$ 12,024,311	
The ending fund balance is reconciled as follows:					
Budgetary basis, end of the fiscal year				12,024,311	
Fund balance, end of the fiscal year				\$ 12,024,311	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis Speed & School Bus Camera Enforcement Fund

	Budget Amounts						Variance with	
		Original		Final	Actual	F	inal Budget	
REVENUES					_			
Fines and forfeitures	\$	5,008,892	\$	5,008,892	\$ 3,461,134	\$	(1,547,758)	
Miscellaneous program revenue		15,000		15,000	28,408		13,408	
Total revenues		5,023,892		5,023,892	3,489,542		(1,534,350)	
EXPENDITURES								
Public safety:								
Administrative		4,355,353		4,355,353	2,889,922		1,465,431	
Debt services:								
Principal payments on debt		577,708		577,708	577,708		_	
Interest payments on debt		90,831		90,831	 90,831		<u> </u>	
Total expenditures		5,023,892		5,023,892	3,558,461		1,465,431	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures					(68,919)		(68,919)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Net change in fund balance					(68,919)		(68,919)	
Fund balance - beginning					 1,019,986			
Fund balance - ending					\$ 951,067			
The ending fund balance is reconciled as follows:								
Budgetary basis, end of the fiscal year					\$ 951,067			
Adjustments:								
Cumulative bad debt expense					11			
Fund balance, end of the fiscal year					\$ 951,078			

Howard County, Maryland Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Capital Project Funds June 30, 2025

	Fire Service Bldg & Equip Fund			Highway &	Recreation and Parks		
				Fund		Fund	Total
ASSETS							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	38,478,868	\$	49,040,813	\$	9,853,355	\$ 97,373,036
Due from other governments				726,360		7,764,104	8,490,464
Other		97,269		37,350		76,978	211,597
Total assets		38,576,137		49,804,523		17,694,437	106,075,097
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable/accrued liability		164,063		8,264,059		1,518,432	9,946,554
Accrued wages and benefits		12,195		7,632		_	19,827
Short-term loans and notes payable		_		7,184,805		254,000	7,438,805
Deposits and connection fees		_		200,000		9,000	209,000
Unearned revenue		_		404,379		_	404,379
Total liabilities		176,258		16,060,875		1,781,432	18,018,565
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable grant revenues		_		596,275		7,353,202	7,949,477
Unavailable fees		51,081		69,616		_	120,697
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		227,339		16,726,766		9,134,634	26,088,739
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted:							
Open space		_		_		719,506	719,506
Parkland watershed facilities		_		_		19,538,673	19,538,673
Public road facilities		_		57,701,246		_	57,701,246
Committed:							
Firehouse & training facilities		23,573,212		_		_	23,573,212
Assigned:							
Capital projects		14,775,586		_		_	14,775,586
Unassigned		_		(24,623,489)		(11,698,376)	(36,321,865)
Total fund balances		38,348,798		33,077,757		8,559,803	79,986,358
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	38,576,137	\$	49,804,523	\$	17,694,437	\$ 106,075,097

Howard County, Maryland Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Capital Project Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Fire Service Bldg & Equip Fund	Highway & Storm Drainage Fund	Recreation and Parks Fund	<u> Total</u>
REVENUES				
Other local taxes	\$ 6,251,396	\$ 5,591,729	\$ 10,418,993	\$ 22,262,118
Revenues from other governments	_	3,560,915	1,829,130	5,390,045
Interest on investments	1,652,074	2,718,034	402,077	4,772,185
Installment interest	_	5,353	_	5,353
Licenses and permits	_	313,944	_	313,944
Developer contributions	_	1,313,386	41,203	1,354,589
Miscellaneous program revenues	_	29,446	11,449	40,895
Total revenues	7,903,470	13,532,807	12,702,852	34,139,129
EXPENDITURES				
Capital improvements	2,126,127	46,281,141	12,284,216	60,691,484
Total expenditures	2,126,127	46,281,141	12,284,216	60,691,484
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	5,777,343	(32,748,334)	418,636	(26,552,355)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Bond premium	36,618	1,019,732	84,403	1,140,753
Capital related debt issued	_	10,606,418	460,330	11,066,748
Refunding bond issued	549,003	_	601,891	1,150,894
Payment made to escrow agent	(584,518)	_	(640,828)	(1,225,346)
Transfers in	950,000	27,264,818	4,300,000	32,514,818
Transfers out	(4,824,523)	(9,083,700)	(7,585,563)	(21,493,786)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,873,420)	29,807,268	(2,779,767)	23,154,081
Net change in fund balances	1,903,923	(2,941,066)	(2,361,131)	(3,398,274)
Fund balances - beginning	36,444,875	36,018,823	10,920,934	83,384,632
Adjusted fund balance, beginning of year, as restated				
	36,444,875	36,018,823	10,920,934	83,384,632
Fund balances - ending	\$ 38,348,798	\$ 33,077,757	\$ 8,559,803	\$ 79,986,358

Howard County, Maryland Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Debt Service Funds June 30, 2025

ACCETC	Anticij	Bond pation Note Fund		Tax Increment Financing Fund		Total		
ASSETS Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	63,622	\$	16,089,305	\$	16,152,927		
Cash and securities with fiscal agents	y	- 05,022	Ψ	5,582,177	Ψ	5,582,177		
Total assets		63,622		21,671,482		21,735,104		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable / accrued liabilities		63,622		12,113		75,735		
Unearned revenue		_		28,143		28,143		
Total liabilities		63,622		40,256		103,878		
FUND BALANCES Restricted:								
Tax incremental financing project		_		21,631,226		21,631,226		
Total fund balances				21,631,226		21,631,226		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	63,622	\$	21,671,482	\$	21,735,104		

Howard County, Maryland Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Debt Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Bond Anticipation Note Fund	Tax Financing Increment Fund	Total
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$	\$ 6,008,733	\$ 6,008,733
Interest on investments		838,104	838,104
Total revenues		6,846,837	6,846,837
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	782,852	96,982	879,834
Debt service:			
Principal payments on debt	104,509	1,060,000	1,164,509
Interest payments on debt	1,454,079	2,562,086	4,016,165
Total expenditures	2,341,440	3,719,068	6,060,508
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,341,440)	3,127,769	786,329
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Capital related issuance of debt	293,894	_	293,894
Refunding bonds issued	212,167	_	212,167
Transfers in	1,835,379	_	1,835,379
Transfers out		(585,835)	(585,835)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,341,440	(585,835)	1,755,605
Net change in fund balances	_	2,541,934	2,541,934
Fund balances - beginning	<u> </u>	19,089,292	19,089,292
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u>	\$ 21,631,226	\$ 21,631,226

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis Bond Anticipation Notes

		Budget Amounts						Variance with	
	Or	iginal		Final		Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES									
Interest on investments	\$		\$		\$		\$		
Total revenues									
EXPENDITURES									
General government:									
Bond anticipation notes		605,000		360,000		162,989		197,011	
Debt service:									
Issuance costs		350,000		595,000		550,643		44,357	
Principal payments on debt		110,000		107,000		104,509		2,491	
Interest payments on debt	1	,740,000		1,743,000		1,454,079		288,921	
Total expenditures	2	2,805,000		2,805,000		2,272,220		532,780	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2	2,805,000)		(2,805,000)		(2,272,220)		532,780	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Capital related debt issued		350,000		350,000		506,060		156,060	
Transfers in	2	2,455,000		2,455,000		1,766,160		(688,840)	
Total other financing sources	2	2,805,000		2,805,000		2,272,220		(532,780)	
Net change in fund balance						_			
Fund balances - beginning						_			
Fund balances - ending					\$				

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis Tax Increment Financing Fund

	Budget Amounts						Va	riance with
		Original		Final	Actual		Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	6,237,274	\$	6,237,274	\$	6,008,733	\$	(228,541)
Interest on investments		160,000		160,000		252,269		92,269
Total revenues		6,397,274		6,397,274		6,261,002		(136,272)
EXPENDITURES								
General government:								
Tax incremental financing		2,653,924		2,653,924		96,982		2,556,942
Debt Service:								
Principal payments on debt		705,000		1,060,000		1,060,000		_
Interest payments on debt		3,038,350		2,683,350		2,562,086		121,264
Total expenditures		6,397,274		6,397,274		3,719,068		2,678,206
Excess of revenues over expenditures						2,541,934		2,541,934
Net change in fund balance						2,541,934		2,541,934
Fund balances - beginning						19,089,292		
Fund balances - ending					\$	21,631,226		
The ending fund balance is reconciled as follows:								
Budgetary basis, end of the fiscal year						21,631,226		
Fund balance, end of the fiscal year					\$	21,631,226		



Ellicott City Bridge

The North Tunnel, a major component of the Ellicott City Safe and Sound plan, reached a significant milestone with the completion of the vertical Mining Shaft. Horizontal work has commenced, with drill and blast excavation of the ventilation and deaeration chambers underway. This excavation work is required to assemble the Tunnel Boring Machine, affectionally named 'Rocky' by popular vote, which will begin arriving in shipments from Ohio this Fall. Once Rocky has arrived and been assembled, it will begin drilling the mile-long, 18-foot diameter North Tunnel shaft that will run underneath Main Street and connect to the Patapsco River. This project is expected to be completed in Fall 2027.





Howard County, Maryland Combining Statement of Net Position Non-Major Enterprise Funds June 30, 2025

	Broadband	Special Recreation Facility	Watershed Protection & Restoration		Total
ASSETS	Divadband	- Tacinty	- Acstoration	_	Total
Current assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 10,969,317	\$	\$	\$	10,969,317
Receivables:					
Service billings	198,029	_	_		198,029
Lease receivables	153,798	227,870	_		381,668
Other receivables	1,906				1,906
Total current assets	11,323,050	227,870			11,550,920
Noncurrent assets:					
Lease receivables	893,392	3,335,883	_		4,229,275
Restricted assets:					
Other receivables	27,475	_	_		27,475
Capital assets:					
Land and land improvements	_	8,684,896	_		8,684,896
Buildings and improvements, net		361,373	_		361,373
Machinery and equipment, net	739,563	_	_		739,563
Infrastructure, net	6,522,378		_		6,522,378
Improvement Other, net		1,328,130			1,328,130
Total noncurrent assets	8,182,808	13,710,282			21,893,090
Total assets	19,505,858	13,938,152			33,444,010
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources LIABILITIES	19,505,858	13,938,152	_		33,444,010
Current liabilities:					
Due to other funds	_	1,724,522	_		1,724,522
Accounts payable	80,302	_	_		80,302
Accrued wages and benefits	28,989	_	_		28,989
Compensated absences	27,643	_	_		27,643
Unearned revenue		101,708			101,708
Total current liabilities	136,934	1,826,230			1,963,164
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:					
Bond payable	125,900	_			125,900
Interest payable	45,883				45,883
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	171,783	_	_		171,783
Total current liabilities	308,717	1,826,230	_		2,134,947
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences	126,112	_	_		126,112
Bond payable	2,904,960	_	_		2,904,960
Total noncurrent liabilities					
	3,031,072				3,031,072
Total liabilities	3,339,789	1,826,230			5,166,019
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred lease revenues	1,035,171	3,417,142			4,452,313
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,035,171	3,417,142	_		4,452,313
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	4,374,960	5,243,372			9,618,332
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	4,231,081	10,374,399	_		14,605,480
Unrestricted	10,899,817	(1,679,619)	_		9,220,198
Total net position	\$ 15,130,898	\$ 8,694,780	<u> </u>	\$	23,825,678
	,100,370	,-,.50		Ť	

Howard County, Maryland Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Non-Major Enterprise Funds

Decrating revenues S		F	Broadband	Red	pecial creation acility	Pr	Vatershed otection & estoration	Total
Miscellaneous sales and services 15,065 662,975 — 678,040 Total operating revenues 1,866,019 662,975 — 2,528,994 Operating expenses: Salaries and employee benefits 758,738 — 678,738 Contractual services 618,032 — 618,032 Materials and supplies 189,724 — 189,724 Business and travel 1,258 — 20 1,258 Depreciation and amortization expense 948,998 136,885 — 1,085,883 Total operating expenses 2,516,750 136,885 — 2,653,635 Operating income (loss) (650,731) 526,090 — (124,641) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): — 441,860 — 2,653,635 Interest on investments 474,560 (12,698) — 461,862 Interest expense (120,988) — — — 669 — — — 669 Other, net 669 — — — 669 — — — 669 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 354,241 (12,698) — — 800,000 Transfers in 800,000 — — — 669 — — 94,669	Operating revenues:							_
Total operating revenues 1,866,019 662,975 — 2,528,994 Operating expenses: Salaries and employee benefits 758,738 — — 758,738 Contractual services 618,032 — — 618,032 Materials and supplies 189,724 — — 189,724 Business and travel 1,258 — — 1,085,883 Depreciation and amortization expense 948,998 136,885 — 2,653,635 Operating income (loss) (650,731) 526,090 — (124,641) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): — — — 461,862 Interest on investments 474,560 (12,698) — 461,862 Interest expense (120,988) — — (120,988) Other, net 669 — — 669 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 22,424 (12,698) — 216,902 Transfers in 800,000 — — 800,000 Transfers ou	User charges	\$	1,850,954	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 1,850,954
Operating expenses: 758,738 — — 758,738 Contractual services 618,032 — — 618,032 Materials and supplies 189,724 — — 189,724 Business and travel 1,258 — — 1,085,883 Depreciation and amortization expense 948,998 136,885 — 2,653,635 Total operating expenses 2,516,750 136,885 — 2,653,635 Operating income (loss) (650,731) 526,090 — (124,641) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): — — 461,862 Interest on investments 474,560 (12,698) — — 461,862 Interest expense (120,988) — — 669 Other, net 669 — — 669 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 354,241 (12,698) — 341,543 Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers (296,490) 513,392 — 216,902 Transfers in <t< td=""><td>Miscellaneous sales and services</td><td></td><td>15,065</td><td></td><td>662,975</td><td></td><td></td><td>678,040</td></t<>	Miscellaneous sales and services		15,065		662,975			678,040
Salaries and employee benefits 758,738 — 758,738 Contractual services 618,032 — 618,032 Materials and supplies 189,724 — 189,724 Business and travel 1,258 — 1,085,883 Depreciation and amortization expense 948,998 136,885 — 1,085,883 Total operating expenses 2,516,750 136,885 — 2,653,635 Operating income (loss) (650,731) 526,090 — (124,641) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Interest on investments 474,560 (12,698) — 461,862 Interest expense (120,988) — — (120,988) Other, net 669 — — 669 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 354,241 (12,698) — 341,543 Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers (296,490) 513,392 — 216,902 Transfers in 800,000 — — 800,000 Transfers out — (Total operating revenues		1,866,019		662,975			2,528,994
Contractual services 618,032 — 618,032 Materials and supplies 189,724 — 189,724 Business and travel 1,258 — — 1,258 Depreciation and amortization expense 948,998 136,885 — 1,085,883 Total operating expenses 2,516,750 136,885 — 2,653,635 Operating income (loss) (650,731) 526,090 — (124,641) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): — — 461,862 Interest on investments 474,560 (12,698) — 461,862 Interest expense (120,988) — — 669 Other, net 669 — — 669 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 354,241 (12,698) — 341,543 Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers (296,490) 513,392 — 216,902 Transfers out — (22,472) — (22,472) Change in net position 503,510 490,920 — </td <td>Operating expenses:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Operating expenses:							
Materials and supplies 189,724 — — 189,724 Business and travel 1,258 — — 1,258 Depreciation and amortization expense 948,998 136,885 — 1,085,883 Total operating expenses 2,516,750 136,885 — 2,653,635 Operating income (loss) (650,731) 526,090 — (124,641) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): — — 461,862 Interest on investments 474,560 (12,698) — 461,862 Interest expense (120,988) — — 669 Other, net 669 — — 669 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 354,241 (12,698) — 341,543 Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers (296,490) 513,392 — 216,902 Transfers out — (22,472) — (22,472) Change in net position 503,510 490,920 — 994,430 Net position - beginning net position	Salaries and employee benefits		758,738		_		_	758,738
Business and travel 1,258 — — 1,258 Depreciation and amortization expense 948,998 136,885 — 1,085,883 Total operating expenses 2,516,750 136,885 — 2,653,635 Operating income (loss) (650,731) 526,090 — (124,641) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): — — 461,862 Interest on investments 474,560 (12,698) — — 461,862 Interest expense (120,988) — — 669 Other, net 669 — — 669 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 354,241 (12,698) — 341,543 Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers (296,490) 513,392 — 216,902 Transfers in 800,000 — — 800,000 Transfers out — (22,472) — (22,472) Change in net position 503,510 490,920 — 994,430 Net position - beginning as previously	Contractual services		618,032		_		_	618,032
Depreciation and amortization expense 948,998 136,885 — 1,085,883 Total operating expenses 2,516,750 136,885 — 2,653,635 Operating income (loss) (650,731) 526,090 — (124,641) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): — — 461,862 Interest on investments 474,560 (12,698) — 461,862 Interest expense (120,988) — — 669 Other, net 669 — — 669 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 354,241 (12,698) — 341,543 Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers (296,490) 513,392 — 216,902 Transfers in 800,000 — — 800,000 Transfers out — (22,472) — (22,472) Change in net position 503,510 490,920 — 994,430 Net position - beginning as previously reported 14,709,664 8,203,860 80,610,237 103,523,761 C	Materials and supplies		189,724		_		_	189,724
Total operating expenses 2,516,750 136,885 — 2,653,635 Operating income (loss) (650,731) 526,090 — (124,641) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 461,862 Interest on investments 474,560 (12,698) — 461,862 Interest expense (120,988) — — 669 Other, net 669 — — 669 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 354,241 (12,698) — 341,543 Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers (296,490) 513,392 — 216,902 Transfers in 800,000 — — 800,000 Transfers out — (22,472) — (22,472) Change in net position 503,510 490,920 — 994,430 Net position - beginning as previously reported 14,709,664 8,203,860 80,610,237 103,523,761 Adjustments to beginning net position — —	Business and travel		1,258		_		_	1,258
Operating income (loss) (650,731) 526,090 — (124,641) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): — 474,560 (12,698) — 461,862 Interest expense (120,988) — — 669 — — 669 Other, net 669 — — 669 — — 669 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 354,241 (12,698) — 341,543 Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers (296,490) 513,392 — 216,902 Transfers in 800,000 — — 800,000 — 800,000 Transfers out — (22,472) — 994,430 Net position - beginning as previously reported 14,709,664 8,203,860 80,610,237 103,523,761 Adjustments to beginning net position — — (80,610,237) (80,610,237) (80,610,237) Change within financial reporting entity (non-major to major) — — — (80,610,237) (80,610,237) Change in accounting principles GASB 101 (82,276) — — — (82,276) — — — (82,276) Net position - beginning of year, as restated 14,627,388 8,203,860 — 22,831,248	Depreciation and amortization expense		948,998		136,885		_	1,085,883
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Interest on investments	Total operating expenses		2,516,750		136,885		_	2,653,635
Interest on investments	Operating income (loss)		(650,731)		526,090			 (124,641)
Interest expense (120,988) — — (120,988) Other, net 669 — — 669 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 354,241 (12,698) — 341,543 Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers (296,490) 513,392 — 216,902 Transfers in 800,000 — — 800,000 Transfers out — (22,472) — (22,472) Change in net position 503,510 490,920 — 994,430 Net position - beginning as previously reported 14,709,664 8,203,860 80,610,237 103,523,761 Adjustments to beginning net position — — (80,610,237) (80,610,237) Change within financial reporting entity (non-major to major) — — (80,610,237) (80,610,237) Change in accounting principles GASB 101 (82,276) — — (82,276) Net position - beginning of year, as restated 14,627,388 8,203,860 — 22,831,248	Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Other, net 669 — — 669 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 354,241 (12,698) — 341,543 Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers (296,490) 513,392 — 216,902 Transfers in 800,000 — — 800,000 Transfers out — (22,472) — (22,472) Change in net position 503,510 490,920 — 994,430 Net position - beginning as previously reported 14,709,664 8,203,860 80,610,237 103,523,761 Adjustments to beginning net position — — (80,610,237) (80,610,237) Change within financial reporting entity (non-major to major) — — (80,610,237) (80,610,237) Change in accounting principles GASB 101 (82,276) — — (82,276) Net position - beginning of year, as restated 14,627,388 8,203,860 — 22,831,248	Interest on investments		474,560		(12,698)		_	461,862
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 354,241 (12,698) — 341,543 Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers (296,490) 513,392 — 216,902 Transfers in 800,000 — — 800,000 Transfers out — (22,472) — (22,472) Change in net position 503,510 490,920 — 994,430 Net position - beginning as previously reported 14,709,664 8,203,860 80,610,237 103,523,761 Adjustments to beginning net position — — (80,610,237) (80,610,237) Change within financial reporting entity (non-major to major) — — (80,610,237) (80,610,237) Change in accounting principles GASB 101 (82,276) — — (82,276) Net position - beginning of year, as restated 14,627,388 8,203,860 — 22,831,248	Interest expense		(120,988)		_		_	(120,988)
Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers (296,490) 513,392 — 216,902 Transfers in 800,000 — — 800,000 Transfers out — (22,472) — (22,472) Change in net position 503,510 490,920 — 994,430 Net position - beginning as previously reported 14,709,664 8,203,860 80,610,237 103,523,761 Adjustments to beginning net position — — (80,610,237) (80,610,237) Change within financial reporting entity (non-major to major) — — (80,610,237) (80,610,237) Change in accounting principles GASB 101 (82,276) — — (82,276) Net position - beginning of year, as restated 14,627,388 8,203,860 — 22,831,248	Other, net		669		_		_	669
Transfers in Transfers out 800,000 — (22,472) — (22,472) — (22,472) Change in net position 503,510 490,920 — 994,430 Net position - beginning as previously reported 14,709,664 8,203,860 80,610,237 103,523,761 Adjustments to beginning net position — — (80,610,237) (80,610,237) Change within financial reporting entity (non-major to major) — — (80,610,237) (80,610,237) Change in accounting principles GASB 101 (82,276) — — (82,276) Net position - beginning of year, as restated 14,627,388 8,203,860 — 22,831,248	Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		354,241		(12,698)			341,543
Transfers out — (22,472) — (22,472) Change in net position 503,510 490,920 — 994,430 Net position - beginning as previously reported 14,709,664 8,203,860 80,610,237 103,523,761 Adjustments to beginning net position Change within financial reporting entity (non-major to major) — — (80,610,237) (80,610,237) Change in accounting principles GASB 101 (82,276) — — (82,276) Net position - beginning of year, as restated 14,627,388 8,203,860 — 22,831,248	Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(296,490)		513,392			 216,902
Change in net position 503,510 490,920 — 994,430 Net position - beginning as previously reported 14,709,664 8,203,860 80,610,237 103,523,761 Adjustments to beginning net position Change within financial reporting entity (non-major to major) — — (80,610,237) (80,610,237) Change in accounting principles GASB 101 (82,276) — — (82,276) Net position - beginning of year, as restated 14,627,388 8,203,860 — 22,831,248	Transfers in		800,000				_	800,000
Net position - beginning as previously reported 14,709,664 8,203,860 80,610,237 103,523,761 Adjustments to beginning net position Change within financial reporting entity (non-major to major) Change in accounting principles GASB 101 (82,276) Net position - beginning of year, as restated 14,627,388 8,203,860 — 22,831,248	Transfers out				(22,472)			(22,472)
Adjustments to beginning net position Change within financial reporting entity (non-major to major) Change in accounting principles GASB 101 Net position - beginning of year, as restated Adjustments to beginning net position — (80,610,237) (80,610,237) — (82,276) — (82,276) — (82,276) — 22,831,248	Change in net position		503,510		490,920		_	994,430
Change within financial reporting entity (non-major to major) Change in accounting principles GASB 101 Net position - beginning of year, as restated - (80,610,237) (80,610,237) (82,276) - (82,276) - (82,276) - (82,276) - (22,831,248)	Net position - beginning as previously reported		14,709,664		8,203,860		80,610,237	103,523,761
major) — — (80,610,237) (80,610,237) Change in accounting principles GASB 101 (82,276) — — (82,276) Net position - beginning of year, as restated 14,627,388 8,203,860 — 22,831,248	Adjustments to beginning net position							
Net position - beginning of year, as restated 14,627,388 8,203,860 — 22,831,248			_		_		(80,610,237)	(80,610,237)
	Change in accounting principles GASB 101		(82,276)		_		_	(82,276)
Net position - ending <u>\$ 15,130,898</u> <u>\$ 8,694,780</u> <u>\$ — \$ 23,825,678</u>	Net position - beginning of year, as restated		14,627,388		8,203,860		_	22,831,248
	Net position - ending	\$	15,130,898	\$	8,694,780	\$		\$ 23,825,678

Howard County, Maryland Combining Statement of Cash Flows Non-Major Enterprise Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Broadband	Special Recreation Facility	Watershed Protection & Restoration	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,193,540	\$ 886,164	\$	2,079,704
Cash paid to suppliers	57,346	(254,511)	_	(197,165)
Cash paid to / for employees	(646,559)	_	_	(646,559)
Cash paid for interfund services used	(258,365)			(258,365)
Net cash provided by operating activities	345,962	631,653		977,615
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Interfund payable	_	(596,483)	_	(596,483)
Interfund operating transfers in (out)	800,000			800,000
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	800,000	(596,483)		800,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(82,276)	_	_	(82,276)
Payment of long-term debt	(245,852)	_		(245,852)
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	(328,128)			(328,128)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest on investments	478,594	(35,170)		443,424
Net cash provided by investing activities	478,594	(35,170)		443,424
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,296,428	_	_	1,296,428
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	9,672,889	_	_	9,672,889
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	10,969,317			10,969,317

(continued)

Howard County, Maryland Combining Statement of Cash Flows Non-Major Enterprise Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Broadband	Special Recreation Facility	Watershed Protection & Restoration	Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating (loss) income	(650,731)	526,090		(124,641)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash:				
Depreciation and amortization expense	948,998	136,885	_	1,085,883
Effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts and other receivables	(67,126)	_	_	(67,126)
Lease receivables	(605,353)	223,189	_	(382,164)
Accounts payable	6,312	_	_	6,312
Accrued wages and benefits	4,579	_	_	4,579
Compensated absences	109,213	_	_	109,213
Unearned revenue		(1,389)		(1,389)
Deferred lease revenues	600,070	(253,122)		346,948
Total adjustments	996,693	105,563		1,102,256
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 345,962	\$ 631,653	<u> </u>	\$ 977,615

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

Interest on investments does not include unrealized gains or losses required to be reported under GASB Statement No. 31. Only cash interest income received is reflected.





Howard County, Maryland Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Services Funds June 30, 2025

	Employee Benefits Self- Insurance	Fleet Operations	Risk Management Self-Insurance	Technology and Communications	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 2,344,110	\$ 13,578,236	\$ 24,725,839	\$ 6,403,040	\$ 47,051,225
Service billings	935,953	97,591	2,224	21,353	1,057,121
Other receivables	850,212	299,164	62,078	68,291	1,279,745
Lease receivables	_	_	_	819,205	819,205
Prepaids	1,393,857	22,099	450,000	_	1,865,956
Materials and supplies	_	1,757,033	_	84,066	1,841,099
Total current assets	5,524,132	15,754,123	25,240,141	7,395,955	53,914,351
Noncurrent assets:					
Lease receivables	_	_	_	9,837,619	9,837,619
Capital assets:					· · · —
Buildings and improvements, net	_	52,182		_	52,182
Machinery and equipment, net	_	40,063,499 153,574	29,839	12,861,566 390,868	52,954,904 544,442
Infrastructure, net Improvement other, net	_	1,166,545	_	37,745	1,204,290
Intangible right-to-use subscriptions,		1,100,510		07,710	1,201,200
net	_	_	134,124	8,536,500	8,670,624
Total noncurrent assets		41,435,800	163,963	31,664,298	73,264,061
Total assets	5,524,132	57,189,923	25,404,104	39,060,253	127,178,412
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	3,573,331	1,552,730	1,014,262	2,074,778	8,215,101
Accrued interest payable Accrued wages and benefits	300,760	224,907	470 50,891	170,373 593,285	170,843 1,169,843
Compensated absences	300,700	9,642	30,651	20,216	29,858
Deposits and connection fees	_	-,,,,,	_	75,000	75,000
Unpaid insurance claims	4,598,326	_	4,752,578	_	9,350,904
Subscriptions	_	_	102,662	4,300,772	4,403,434
Long-term certificate of participation (COPs)	_	<u></u>		730,000	730,000
Unearned revenue	_	_	_	48,009	48,009
Total current liabilities	8,472,417	1,787,279	5,920,863	8,012,433	24,192,992
Noncurrent liabilities:				•	
Compensated absences	55,966	1,026,950	108,242	2,363,989	3,555,147
Unpaid insurance claims	93,843	_	17,782,582	_	17,876,425
Subscriptions	_	_	_	3,702,765	3,702,765
Long-term certificate of participation (COPs)	_	_	_	18,607	18,607
Total noncurrent liabilities	149,809	1,026,950	17,890,824	6,085,361	25,152,944
Total liabilities	8,622,226	2,814,229	23,811,687	14,097,794	49,345,936
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred lease revenue				9,814,658	9,814,658
Total deferred inflows of resources				9,814,658	9,814,658
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	8,622,226	2,814,229	23,811,687	23,912,452	59,160,594
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	_	41,435,800	61,301	13,074,535	54,571,636
Unrestricted	(3,098,094)		1,531,116	2,073,266	13,446,182
Total net position	\$ (3,098,094)		\$ 1,592,417	\$ 15,147,801	\$ 68,017,818
rotar net position	ψ (3,070,074)	Ψ 3,0,0,13,0,94	ψ 1,3/2, 4 1/	Ψ 13,147,001	φ 00,017,010

Howard County, Maryland Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds

	Employee Benefits Self- Insurance	Fleet Operations	Risk Management Self-Insurance	Technology and Communications	Total
Operating revenues:					
User charges	\$ 73,322,985	\$ 25,651,802	\$ 11,578,475	\$ 35,918,235	\$146,471,497
Insurance recoveries	_	_	1,425,692	_	1,425,692
Miscellaneous sales and services		27,360		1,240,964	1,268,324
Total operating revenues	73,322,985	25,679,162	13,004,167	37,159,199	149,165,513
Operating expenses:					
Salaries and employee benefits	1,006,147	5,595,974	1,904,126	15,277,476	23,783,723
Contractual services	667,608	2,649,472	3,015,240	8,473,159	14,805,479
Materials and supplies	928	3,053,365	27,709	6,966,920	10,048,922
Business and travel		17,347	4,084	471,870	493,301
Vehicle fuels and supplies	_	4,394,646	27,397	90,025	4,512,068
Share of County administrative expenses	31,562	571,758	684,871		1,288,191
Insurance claims	75,482,345	-	10,105,037	_	85,587,382
Other administrative	2,541,276	_	90,185	_	2,631,461
Depreciation and amortization expense	_	7,680,367	114,996	8,591,317	16,386,680
Total operating expenses	79,729,866	23,962,929	15,973,645	39,870,767	159,537,207
Operating income (loss)	(6,406,881)	1,716,233	(2,969,478)	(2,711,568)	(10,371,694)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest on investments	238,555	509,147	1,070,373	162,373	1,980,448
Interest expense	_	_	(3,832)	(105,446)	(109,278)
Gain/(loss) from the sale or disposition of capital assets	_	1,041,050	_	_	1,041,050
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	238,555	1,550,197	1,066,541	56,927	2,912,220
Net income (loss) before contributions and	((1 (9 2 2)	2.266.420	(1.002.025)	(2 (54 (41)	(5.450.454)
transfers	(6,168,326)	3,266,430	(1,902,937)	(2,654,641)	(7,459,474)
Capital contributions	_	2,005,999	_	624,520	2,630,519
Transfers in	_	6,000,000	_	730,336	6,730,336
Transfers out	(238,555)	(509,147)		(962,373)	(1,710,075)
Change in net position	(6,406,881)	10,763,282	(1,902,937)	(2,262,158)	191,306
Net position - beginning	3,321,856	44,193,195	3,565,261	18,414,023	69,494,335
Adjustment to beginning net position	<i>y- y-22</i>	, , , , , ,	, , 	-, ,	, , ,
Change in accounting principles GASB					
101	(13,069)	(580,783)	(69,907)	(1,004,064)	(1,667,823)
Net position - beginning, as restated	3,308,787	43,612,412	3,495,354	17,409,959	67,826,512
Net position - ending	\$ (3,098,094)	\$ 54,375,694	\$ 1,592,417	\$ 15,147,801	\$ 68,017,818

Howard County, Maryland Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Employee Benefits Self- Insurance	Fleet Operations	Risk Management Self-Insurance	Technology and Communications	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received from customers	\$ 72,960,475	\$ 25,655,150	\$ 13,035,132	\$ 38,193,102	\$ 149,843,859
Cash paid to suppliers	(77,940,527)	(6,891,875)	(11,192,211)	(9,274,579)	(105,299,192)
Cash paid to / for employees	(952,892)	(4,929,565)	(1,848,412)	(14,138,143)	(21,869,012)
Cash paid for quasi-external transactions	(48,745)	(2,791,535)	(135,402)	(7,094,117)	(10,069,799)
Other operating cash disbursements			(627,798)	(90,025)	(717,823)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(5,981,689)	11,042,175	(768,691)	7,596,238	11,888,033
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Operating subsidies and transfers to other funds		6,000,000		(69,664)	5,930,336
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities		6,000,000		(69,664)	5,930,336
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(13,069)	(15,289,335)	(69,907)	(2,829,154)	(18,201,465)
Proceeds from the sale or disposition of capital assets	_	1,041,050	_	_	1,041,050
Payment of long-term debt	_	_	_	(1,545,798)	(1,545,798)
Payment of subscriptions			(104,370)	(4,464,642)	(4,569,012)
Net cash (used for) capital and related financing activities	(13,069)	(14,248,285)	(174,277)	(8,839,594)	(23,275,225)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest on investments	_	_	1,070,373	_	1,070,373
Net cash provided by investing activities			1,070,373		1,070,373
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(5,994,758)	2,793,890	127,405	(1,313,020)	(4,386,483)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	8,338,868	10,784,346	24,598,434	7,716,060	51,437,708
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	2,344,110	13,578,236	24,725,839	6,403,040	47,051,225

(continued)

Howard County, Maryland Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Employee Benefits Self- Insurance	Fleet Operations	Risk Management Self-Insurance	Technology and Communications	Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	(6,406,881)	1,716,233	(2,969,478)	(2,711,568)	(10,371,694)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization expense	_	7,680,367	114,996	8,591,317	16,386,680
Effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Accounts and other receivables	(362,509)	(24,014)	30,965	(46,667)	(402,225)
Lease receivables	_	_	_	1,080,571	1,080,571
Materials and supplies	_	(19,763)	_	10,433	(9,330)
Prepaid expenses	(1,393,857)	(4,470)	_	2,101,994	703,667
Accounts payable	2,061,576	1,010,344	91,450	(1,754,154)	1,409,216
Accrued wages and benefits	115,225	46,044	12,533	106,062	279,864
Accrued interest payable	_	_	(460)	(97,498)	(97,958)
Compensated absences	31,358	637,434	48,032	1,504,042	2,220,866
Unpaid insurance claims	(26,601)	_	1,903,271	_	1,876,670
Unearned revenue	_	_	_	48,009	48,009
Deferred lease revenue				(1,236,303)	(1,236,303)
Total adjustments	425,192	9,325,942	2,200,787	10,307,806	22,259,727
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ (5,981,689)	\$ 11,042,175	\$ (768,691)	\$ 7,596,238	\$ 11,888,033

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

Contributions from PAYGO, Grants Fund, and Capital Funds to the Fleet Fund totaled \$2,343,777 offset by interfund transactions for vehicle upfit and an acquisition adjustment, (\$337,778).

Contributions to the Tech Comm Fund of \$812,253 were from Right of Use asset transactions offset by (\$187,733) of PAYGO, Grants Fund, and Capital Funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS



Howard County, Maryland Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds June 30, 2025

	Howard County Retirement Plan	Howard County Police and Fire Employees' Retirement Plan	Howard County Other Post- Employment Benefits Fund	Total Pension and OPEB Total	
ASSETS					
Receivables:					
Employer contributions	\$ 1,293,405	\$ 1,711,249	\$	\$ 3,004,654	
Member contributions	330,393	443,167	_	773,560	
Interest and dividends	343,200	473,544	98,286	915,030	
Other	124	171	_	295	
Investments, at fair value:					
Cash	_	_	148,659	148,659	
Equities	324,267,161	447,421,044	3,145,325	774,833,530	
Alternative investments	175,942,063	242,763,346	_	418,705,409	
Mutual funds	_	_	325,454,376	325,454,376	
Money market funds	7,889,889	10,851,353	7,480,394	26,221,636	
Fixed income securities	179,710,817	247,963,441	4,915,336	432,589,594	
Real assets	31,413,192	43,343,654	2,886,332	77,643,178	
Prepaids	25,097	31,001	_	56,098	
Total assets	721,215,341	995,001,970	344,128,708	2,060,346,019	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	_	_	56,772	56,772	
Investments purchased	277,018	382,227	_	659,245	
Other	457,406	700,738	1,159,083	2,317,227	
Total liabilities	734,424	1,082,965	1,215,855	3,033,244	
NET POSITION					
Restricted for:					
Pension, other post-employment benefits, individuals, organizations and other governments	\$ 720,480,917	\$ 993,919,005	\$ 342,912,853	\$ 2,057,312,775	

Howard County, Maryland Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds

	Howard County Retirement Plan	Howard County Police and Fire Employees' Retirement Plan	Howard County Other Post- Employment Benefits Fund	Total Pension and OPEB Total	
ADDITIONS					
Contributions:					
Employer	\$ 23,821,785	\$ 40,462,550	\$ 52,911,190	\$ 117,195,525	
Member	6,711,855	10,705,731		17,417,586	
Total contributions	30,533,640	51,168,281	52,911,190	134,613,111	
Investment income (expense):					
Net change in fair value of investments	51,822,662	72,642,127	28,657,556	153,122,345	
Interest	1,616,539	2,214,490	202,110	4,033,139	
Dividends	12,835,889	17,631,328	8,132,115	38,599,332	
Other	78,410	83,930	_	162,340	
Investment expense	(1,416,547)	(1,985,443)	(322,460)	(3,724,450)	
Net investment income (loss)	64,936,953	90,586,432	36,669,321	192,192,706	
Total additions	95,470,593	141,754,713	89,580,511	326,805,817	
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefits	32,499,645	47,057,615	39,886,601	119,443,861	
Administrative expenses	692,324	766,046	33,860	1,492,230	
Total deductions	33,191,969	47,823,661	39,920,461	120,936,091	
Change in net position	62,278,624	93,931,052	49,660,050	205,869,726	
Net position - beginning	658,202,293	899,987,953	293,252,803	1,851,443,049	
Net position - ending	\$ 720,480,917	\$ 993,919,005	\$ 342,912,853	\$ 2,057,312,775	

Howard County, Maryland

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Custodial Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Detention Center Inmate and Work Release	Center Sheriff's State Property Inmate and Friends of Writ of Tax and		Trust and Agency Multifarious	Police Contraband	Total	
ASSETS							
Equity in pooled cash	\$ 93,066	\$ 11,423	\$ (3,722)	\$ 1,691,870	\$ 159,360	\$ 309,209	\$ 2,261,206
Receivables: Property taxes	_	_	_	395,728	_	_	395,728
Other receivables and billings	_	_	_	500,278	49,610	_	549,888
Prepaids					7,764		7,764
Total assets	93,066	11,423	(3,722)	2,587,876	216,734	309,209	3,214,586
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and other liabilities	_	_	_	2,132,731	_	_	2,132,731
Due to other governments				17,834			17,834
Total liabilities				2,150,565			2,150,565
NET POSITION							
Restricted for:							
Individuals, organizations and other governments	\$ 93,066	\$ 11,423	\$ (3,722)	\$ 437,311	\$ 216,734	\$ 309,209	\$ 1,064,021

Howard County, Maryland

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Custodial Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Detention Center Inmate and Work Release	Friends of	Sheriff's Writ of Execution	State Property Tax and Interest	Trust and Agency Multifarious	Police Contraband	Total
ADDITIONS							
Miscellaneous revenue	\$ 977,020	\$ 1,374	\$ 95,613	s —	\$ 136,446	\$ 120,251	\$ 1,330,704
Property taxes	_	_	_	80,905,934	_	_	80,905,934
Other local taxes and fees				19,805			19,805
Total additions	977,020	1,374	95,613	80,925,739	136,446	120,251	82,256,443
DEDUCTIONS							
Administrative expenses	987,720	_	_	_	33,669	_	1,021,389
Contractual services	_	5	99,750	_	92,996	_	192,751
Materials and supplies	_	_	_	_	63,707	_	63,707
Property taxes paid to other governments				81,128,397			81,128,397
Total deductions	987,720	5	99,750	81,128,397	190,372		82,406,244
Change in net position	(10,700)	1,369	(4,137)	(202,658)	(53,926)	120,251	(149,801)
Net position - beginning	103,766	10,054	415	639,969	270,660	188,958	1,213,822
Net position - ending	\$ 93,066	\$ 11,423	\$ (3,722)	\$ 437,311	\$ 216,734	\$ 309,209	\$ 1,064,021

STATISTICAL SECTION



Statistical Section (Unaudited)

Index

Financial Trends - These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity - These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity - These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information - These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

Operating Information - These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.



Howard County, Maryland Net Position by Category Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 772,350,290	834,114,554	826,399,982	841,929,843	860,749,049	852,772,538	1,007,748,724	956,484,636	987,378,537	1,011,342,876
Restricted	109,620,128	114,206,491	153,326,501	142,249,607	137,408,939	181,632,342	289,172,801	311,100,549	336,408,021	369,759,623
Unrestricted (a)	(991,153,043)	(1,207,393,428)	(1,003,960,300)	(997,456,851)	(835,908,499)	(686,403,499)	(739,435,506)	(492,479,318)	(431,727,233)	(348,659,101)
Subtotal governmental activities net position	(109,182,625)	(259,072,383)	(24,233,817)	(13,277,401)	162,249,489	348,001,381	557,486,019	775,105,867	892,059,325	1,032,443,398
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	410,561,263	414,126,888	419,010,628	456,887,408	440,510,473	470,068,555	463,785,341	477,456,646	464,237,682	449,352,310
Restricted	42,470,585	27,949,207	24,709,724	21,823,966	19,238,763	16,973,269	14,934,635	12,443,251	10,607,748	8,903,642
Unrestricted	138,508,000	157,835,870	151,054,737	146,526,725	161,100,810	141,729,290	149,908,311	143,134,566	163,873,688	204,070,758
Subtotal business-type activities net position	591,539,848	599,911,965	594,775,089	625,238,099	620,850,046	628,771,114	628,628,287	633,034,463	638,719,118	662,326,710
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	1,182,911,553	1,248,241,442	1,245,410,610	1,298,817,251	1,301,259,522	1,322,841,093	1,471,534,065	1,433,941,282	1,451,616,219	1,460,695,186
Restricted	152,090,713	142,155,698	178,036,225	164,073,573	156,647,702	198,605,611	304,107,436	323,543,800	347,015,769	378,663,265
Unrestricted	(852,645,043)	(1,049,557,558)	(852,905,563)	(850,930,126)	(674,807,689)	(544,674,209)	(589,527,195)	(349,344,752)	(267,853,545)	(144,588,343)
Total primary government net position	\$ 482,357,223	340,839,582	570,541,272	611,960,698	783,099,535	976,772,495	1,186,114,306	1,408,140,330	1,530,778,443	1,694,770,108

⁽a) Deficits occur in unrestricted net position for governmental activities because the County issues debt to fund construction costs for the Public School and Community College, yet these component units own the capital assets. See the Management's Discussion and Analysis for further details.

Howard County, Maryland Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 66,234,421	66,948,584	58,020,097	65,241,233	74,316,453	123,183,109	72,881,510	68,823,209	81,996,319	157,691,362
Public safety	207,170,029	230,134,183	217,378,984	249,887,935	273,690,808	272,893,187	264,850,920	281,581,262	309,509,699	329,292,952
Public works	156,707,838	168,834,876	194,980,993	207,843,230	191,131,750	184,376,252	215,560,704	233,682,852	250,006,072	225,284,774
Recreation and parks	42,880,875	47,094,291	25,923,502	54,344,080	44,155,887	33,372,823	53,247,567	60,108,042	67,477,901	75,232,992
Legislative and judicial	26,070,345	27,693,094	27,484,681	30,139,996	33,526,457	34,562,766	34,828,987	39,744,597	41,136,811	41,971,108
Community services	45,928,376	44,497,229	47,215,901	50,250,870	51,744,649	57,793,879	64,131,907	71,605,180	65,918,126	80,124,749
State highways	3,341,087	5,842,868	4,934,098	9,286,446	4,140,382	1,381,137	2,374,495	2,906,665	1,240,596	465,361
Education	717,742,080	739,013,105	701,633,749	710,311,491	703,269,393	753,121,391	798,493,045	798,526,488	864,163,515	900,118,744
Interest on long-term debt	49,977,613	57,494,607	61,452,013	51,541,615	56,026,136	56,785,423	58,538,363	56,003,343	55,410,605	54,112,901
Total governmental activities expenses	1,316,052,664	1,387,552,837	1,339,024,018	1,428,846,896	1,432,001,915	1,517,469,967	1,564,907,498	1,612,981,638	1,736,859,644	1,864,294,943
Business-type activities:										
Water and sewer	95,781,698	101,312,345	105,229,515	113,056,969	111,856,075	122,881,576	125,680,688	135,186,205	136,861,719	128,420,470
Watershed	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	10,215,810
Other	6,551,799	7,356,981	6,585,542	7,163,586	8,262,267	8,213,268	8,724,615	10,565,677	12,587,028	2,774,623
Total business-type activities expenses	102,333,497	108,669,326	111,815,057	120,220,555	120,118,342	131,094,844	134,405,303	145,751,882	149,448,747	141,410,903
Total primary government expenses	1,418,386,161	1,496,222,163	1,450,839,075	1,549,067,451	1,552,120,257	1,648,564,811	1,699,312,801	1,758,733,520	1,886,308,391	2,005,705,846
Program revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services										
General government	41,462,547	52,783,407	47,092,030	48,266,394	43,695,157	60,623,707	50,096,105	58,443,515	52,819,164	54,994,541
Public works	50,419,335	48,313,166	49,740,333	49,166,390	57,391,094	60,818,074	68,987,581	70,006,565	75,689,129	75,860,664
Recreation and parks	18,231,380	20,182,293	19,791,578	20,905,820	17,099,764	8,302,208	16,804,547	20,492,234	22,535,923	24,120,902
Other	13,987,065	10,672,780	13,053,507	14,129,641	19,846,183	19,114,022	24,838,162	28,184,211	15,008,641	57,795,626
Operating grants and contributions	40,094,831	39,402,540	43,351,124	40,559,501	60,278,746	97,683,224	84,412,904	60,020,345	54,134,653	47,148,089
Capital grants and contributions	27,792,294	18,163,355	24,455,008	18,377,194	19,701,167	4,329,549	17,378,972	20,156,985	44,250,142	92,014,107
Total governmental activities program revenues	191,987,452	189,517,541	197,483,580	191,404,940	218,012,111	250,870,784	262,518,271	257,303,855	264,437,652	351,933,929
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services										
Water and sewer	64,965,916	64,761,724	64,642,532	64,833,505	65,876,003	65,967,446	66,280,906	66,179,696	75,100,019	78,875,694
Other	14,256,985	13,906,569	13,712,093	11,544,895	11,301,111	12,477,557	12,670,736	12,926,035	13,152,584	2,528,994
Operating grants and contributions	31,339,509	32,669,952	33,958,088	35,349,018	36,112,163	40,565,784	40,510,564	41,615,800	43,645,135	45,582,325
Capital grants and contributions	14,728,750	10,262,423	11,976,929	43,164,177	9,928,803	12,591,770	10,376,098	5,440,529	3,912,217	2,842,680
Total business-type activities program revenues	125,291,160	121,600,668	124,289,642	154,891,595	123,218,080	131,602,557	129,838,304	126,162,060	135,809,955	129,829,693
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 317,278,612	311,118,209	321,773,222	346,296,535	341,230,191	382,473,341	392,356,575	383,465,915	400,247,607	481,763,622

(continued)

Howard County, Maryland Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2016	2015	2010	2010	2020	2021	2022	2022	2024	2025
N. /	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Net (expenses)/revenue										
Governmental activities	\$(1,124,065,212)	(1,198,035,296)	(1,141,540,438)	(1,237,441,956)	(1,213,989,804)	(1,266,599,183)	(1,302,389,227)	(1,355,677,783)	(1,464,884,047)	(1,530,626,279)
Business-type activities	22,957,663	12,931,342	12,474,585	34,671,040	3,099,738	507,713	(4,573,119)	(19,589,822)	(13,638,792)	13,795,130
Total primary government net expenses	(1,101,107,549)	(1,185,103,954)	(1,129,065,853)	(1,202,770,916)	(1,210,890,066)	(1,266,091,470)	(1,306,962,346)	(1,375,267,605)	(1,478,522,839)	(1,516,831,149)
General revenues and other changes in net position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	586,123,532	608,458,370	630,762,037	654,794,565	708,947,753	738,646,472	756,762,754	783,897,719	819,075,896	850,376,334
Local income taxes	431,743,893	436,993,783	466,935,173	496,679,385	577,958,870	619,513,011	652,606,282	689,157,003	634,609,612	713,552,544
Other local taxes	72,656,951	77,911,373	77,122,059	69,739,135	77,803,643	95,715,172	110,008,159	77,676,586	73,677,547	78,884,105
Intergovernmental, unrestricted	1,836,227	1,763,063	1,590,437	1,673,415	3,308,303	2,997,085	3,879,455	4,093,213	4,571,213	5,339,061
Unrestricted investment income	5,054,711	1,206,178	4,998,389	13,585,602	9,972,730	1,258,028	(5,763,261)	29,765,757	56,178,775	53,522,828
Miscellaneous	3,347,590	90,510	2,700,739	2,513,727	1,421,705	1,238,098	1,390,858	2,783,842	1,284,677	1,296,317
Transfers	2,318,086	5,389,399	9,151,633	9,412,543	19,489,201	13,807,937	(7,010,382)	(14,076,489)	(7,560,215)	1,442,241
Subtotal governmental activities	1,103,080,990	1,131,812,676	1,193,260,467	1,248,398,372	1,398,902,205	1,473,175,803	1,511,873,865	1,573,297,631	1,581,837,505	1,704,413,430
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment income	823,902	830,024	2,434,920	5,998,775	2,615,899	253,254	957,282	6,348,339	11,920,749	12,251,779
Miscellaneous	3,804,252	150	53,351	(794,262)	(10,728)	3,033	4,822	28,976	(157,517)	229,891
Transfers	(2,318,086)	(5,389,399)	(9,151,633)	(9,412,543)	(19,489,201)	(13,807,937)	7,010,382	14,076,489	7,560,215	(1,442,241)
Subtotal business-type activities	2,310,068	(4,559,225)	(6,663,362)	(4,208,030)	(16,884,030)	(13,551,650)	7,972,486	20,453,804	19,323,447	11,039,429
Total primary government	1,105,391,058	1,127,253,451	1,186,597,105	1,244,190,342	1,382,018,175	1,459,624,153	1,519,846,351	1,593,751,435	1,601,160,952	1,715,452,859
Net position balances										
Governmental activities:										
Change in net position, governmental activities	(20,984,222)	(66,222,620)	51,720,029	10,956,416	175,526,890	185,751,892	209,484,638	217,619,848	116,953,458	173,787,151
Net position, beginning-governmental activities	(88,198,403)	(131,849,763)	(198,072,383)	(24,233,817)	(13,277,401)	162,249,489	348,001,381	557,486,019	775,105,867	858,656,247
Restatement	_	_	122,118,537	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Net position, ending-governmental activities	(109,182,625)	(198,072,383)	(24,233,817)	(13,277,401)	162,249,489	348,001,381	557,486,019	775,105,867	892,059,325	1,032,443,398
Business-type activities:										
Change in net position, business-type activities	25,267,731	8,372,117	5,811,223	30,463,010	(4,388,053)	7,921,068	3,399,367	863,982	5,684,655	24,834,559
Net position, beginning-business-type activities	566,272,117	591,539,848	599,911,965	594,775,089	625,238,099	620,850,046	628,771,114	632,170,481	633,034,463	637,492,151
Restatement	_	_	(10,948,099)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Net position, ending-business-type activities	591,539,848	599,911,965	594,775,089	625,238,099	620,850,046	628,771,114	632,170,481	633,034,463	638,719,118	662,326,710
Total primary government	\$ 482,357,223	401,839,582	570,541,272	611,960,698	783,099,535	976,772,495	1,189,656,500	1,408,140,330	1,530,778,443	1,694,770,108
- • •										

Howard County, Maryland Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
General fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 7,632,118	9,045,255	12,600,473	12,265,039	11,477,512	10,721,886	37,922,879	9,428,875	8,693,284	8,146,266
Restricted	1,972,282	2,070,419	1,024,450	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Committed	64,172,639	67,382,973	71,338,939	73,958,202	75,845,302	82,464,279	80,751,106	82,157,508	86,524,142	92,114,414
Assigned	53,577,009	31,953,418	49,382,483	35,997,183	99,392,985	218,420,188	258,907,211	326,681,455	343,555,596	254,584,959
Unassigned	12,015,718	26,239,270	7,898,186	18,387,493	21,834,102	24,517,933	34,488,896	76,147,033	36,531,059	37,992,467 (a
Total general fund	139,369,766	136,691,335	142,244,531	140,607,917	208,549,901	336,124,286	412,070,092	494,414,871	475,304,081	392,838,106
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable	648,352	644,176	656,721	671,042	681,117	668,614	670,280	982,178	1,001,369	2,171,194
Restricted	107,647,846	112,136,072	152,302,051	142,249,607	137,408,939	256,632,342	245,442,990	297,149,145	327,010,935	352,771,395
Committed	46,729,075	48,677,180	52,857,796	54,474,185	72,927,545	82,725,309	112,180,204	127,358,100	112,628,340	124,314,410
Assigned	63,361,371	60,075,902	56,117,487	62,387,719	66,541,138	40,364,849	32,312,123	12,950,041	15,024,639	14,775,586
Unassigned	(125,621,490)	(119,153,788)	(88,731,324)	(110,672,917)	(96,702,875)	(108,957,272)	(190,582,470)	(207,071,382)	(145,285,597)	(47,719,787)
Total all other governmental funds	92,765,154	102,379,542	173,202,731	149,109,636	180,855,864	271,433,842	200,023,127	231,368,082	310,379,686	446,312,798
Total governmental funds	\$232,134,920	239,070,877	315,447,262	289,717,553	389,405,765	607,558,128	612,093,219	725,782,953	785,683,767	839,150,904

⁽a) Of this amount, \$7.1 million is for the Health Department Fund.

Howard County, Maryland Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
REVENUES	2010	2017	2010	2017	2020	2021	2022	2025	2024	2023
Property taxes (a)	\$ 586,906,599	\$ 608,790,864	\$ 630,002,471	\$ 654,226,577	\$ 706,141,417	\$ 736,287,166	\$ 758,420,619	\$ 783,696,736	\$ 814,226,370	\$ 848,443,416
Other local taxes	506,819,854	514,455,726	523,874,099	533,151,563	601,642,578	673,641,074	714,868,761	743,879,973	698,456,977	772,113,793
State shared taxes	2,077,909	1,818,048	1,595,662	1,673,415	2,747,094	3,558,294	3,879,455	4,093,213	4,571,213	5,339,061
Revenues from other governments	30,616,053	53,144,527	46,881,676	43,490,797	43,359,703	84,153,972	80,148,620	59,269,736	103,767,407	132,675,009
Charges for services	55,954,266	57,428,448	58,820,287	59,537,731	65,232,242	58,652,336	73,659,747	96,200,417	80,719,613	95,218,738
Interest on investments	4,970,717	4,878,623	7,961,507	13,567,305	10,706,803	2,432,814	1,462,650	29,513,484	54,539,282	54,240,866
Decrease in fair value of investments	, ,			, ,			(7,434,158)	(907,535)	· · · _	, ,
Installment interest from housing loans	83,994	27,190	53,025	60,540	95,639	194,795	98,283	83,348	65	173,977
Licenses and permits	7,200,241	7,090,791	6,874,461	6,641,437	5,917,475	6,294,952	6,559,876	5,663,849	6,313,264	5,945,992
Recoveries for interfund services	15,706,180	7,090,791	0,674,401	0,041,437	3,917,473	0,294,932	0,559,670	3,003,649	0,313,204	3,943,992
Fines and forfeitures	4,356,639	4,481,676	4,315,875	4.071.307	3,988,941	3,807,058	7,036,936	6,432,841	6,674,170	6,550,183
	4,612,357	9,070,823	2,372,712	4,071,307 852,987	1,040,214			1,832,536	-,- , -	1,532,601
Developer contributions						1,235,418	1,096,664		1,780,891	
Payments from component units	2,588,330	2,076,568	2,095,129	1,546,337	1,017,178	495,833	463,382	426,382	387,347	368,165
Miscellaneous program revenues Total revenues	25,441,734 1,247,334,873	15,406,458	17,149,954 1,298,793,547	16,880,092	20,100,507 1,461,662,101	18,970,306 1,588,283,820	25,378,795 1,665,639,630	15,765,980	34,241,640 1,805,678,239	29,585,310 1,952,187,111
Total revenues	1,247,334,673	1,2/4,9/0,104	1,290,793,347	1,333,203,707	1,401,002,101	1,566,265,620	1,005,059,050	1,745,950,900	1,005,070,259	1,952,167,111
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government	54,918,742	48,703,477	51,307,571	60,629,770	54,668,826	89,760,676	82,672,133	79,852,606	74,123,887	126,784,155
Legislative & judicial	25,893,292	26,315,797	27,175,301	28,520,391	29,155,033	29,677,484	33,577,622	36,024,211	37,898,982	42,732,055
Public works	102,894,102	104,307,451	112,420,109	113,436,661	112,165,451	114,555,229	313,659,621	130,178,514	136,552,409	139,525,824
Public safety	208,774,567	219,541,903	228,466,896	235,952,000	250,490,558	249,601,526	266,213,339	281,936,807	318,350,266	330,383,525
Recreation and parks	38,473,557	39,667,818	41,877,752	43,171,463	41,217,061	34,734,823	41,687,581	46,229,066	50,688,637	53,523,809
Community services	44,631,695	42,267,451	44,819,301	47,391,787	48,153,860	51,537,606	62,655,664	70,172,651	66,219,385	82,247,149
Education	651,837,577	699,206,963	704,546,696	707,246,000	700,885,393	747,167,309	795,453,859	795,850,194	861,626,134	897,614,751
Capital improvements	133,208,954	134,994,751	114,284,257	140,460,747	130,600,419	68,469,459	176,458,596	113,384,468	114,454,442	182,811,043
Debt service:										
Principal	68,484,249	74,766,641	66,443,603	69,728,497	88,334,697	91,469,752	92,613,665	101,434,053	116,669,197	111,613,886
Interest	45,384,247	47,438,207	47,177,499	57,055,983	56,687,393	53,215,495	61,012,025	59,802,179	59,373,662	58,249,128
Total expenditures	1,374,500,982	1,437,210,459	1,438,518,985	1,503,593,299	1,512,358,691	1,530,189,359	1,926,004,105	1,714,864,749	1,835,957,001	2,025,485,325
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
expenditures	(127,166,109)	(162,240,355)	(139,725,438)	(168,389,532)	(50,696,590)	58,094,461	(260,364,475)	31,086,211	(30,278,762)	(73,298,214)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Lease issued	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	664,496
Bond premium	13,541,018	43,899,251	49,340,059	12,219,992	21,198,307	19,937,199	4,589,177	6,203,369	12,127,898	8,946,906
Financed purchase agreements issued	10,058,351	3,368,036	11,936,898	2,223,000	_	_	_	_	_	- , - , ,
•										
Capital related debt issued	76,490,000	133,925,001	128,380,000	108,710,477	108,237,244	134,751,164	52,460,385	68,536,785	91,720,094	107,742,135
Refunding bonds issued	21,280,000	140,385,000	184,440,000	22,585,000	58,375,000	83,280,000	_	_	15,640,000	22,865,001
Capital lease	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,848,000
Installment purchase agreements issued	4,817,735	10,756,470	3,095,670	_	_	961,020	7,050,045	750,975	2,853,565	2,614,860
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent	(26,600,367)	(169,143,917)	(219,985,848)	(24,024,558)	(58,161,938)	(96,619,193)			(16,503,925)	(24,118,260)
Transfers in	27,765,305	47,227,975	58,254,689	64,806,430	80,529,751	75,742,074	66,282,981	89,923,413	145,835,804	179,394,266
Transfers out	(24,910,692)	(41,241,503)	(47,584,645)	(43,860,518)	(59,793,562)	(57,994,362)	(67,014,616)	(88,539,335)	(144,622,729)	(177,192,055)
Total other financing sources and uses	102,441,350	169,176,313	216,101,823	142,659,823	150,384,802	160,057,902	264,899,566	82,603,523	126,451,793	126,765,349
Net change in fund balances	(24,724,759)	6,935,958	76,376,385	(25,729,709)	99,688,212	218,152,363	4,535,091	113,689,734	96,173,031	53,467,135
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.71%	8.94%	b) 8.60%	9.10%	9.59%	9.70%	9.73%	9.93%	10.10%	9.04%

⁽a) Increase in real property taxes is due to steady increases in property values in the County.

⁽b) Capital outlay used in FY16 calculation reported incorrectly.

Howard County, Maryland Assessed and Estimated Accrual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Real Property	7		Personal Pro	perty	Total	
Fiscal	Residential	Commercial			Assessed	Total Direct	Assessed	
Year	Assessed Value	Assessed Value	Value (a)	Tax Rate (b)	Value (a)	Tax Rate (b)	Value	
2016	\$ 37,954,765,647	7,984,317,384	45,939,083,031	1.014	1,702,530,310	2.535	47,641,613,341	
2017	39,566,020,328	8,410,004,037	47,976,024,365	1.014	1,650,784,630	2.535	49,626,808,995	
2018	41,352,080,551	8,469,703,245	49,821,783,796	1.014	1,696,221,380	2.535	51,518,005,176	
2019	42,391,698,324	9,214,242,834	51,605,941,158	1.014	1,733,052,800	2.535	53,338,993,958	
2020	43,926,364,524	9,545,414,603	53,471,779,127	1.014	1,706,543,391	2.535	55,178,322,518	
2021	45,168,891,391	9,915,122,500	55,084,013,891	1.014	1,910,775,846	2.535	56,994,789,737	
2022	46,752,372,385	10,264,810,990	57,017,183,375	1.014	1,882,858,968	2.535	58,900,042,343	
2023	48,531,494,400	10,485,570,793	59,017,065,193	1.014	1,924,769,590	2.535	60,941,834,783	
2024	51,165,367,886	11,032,571,510	62,197,939,396	1.014	1,825,005,740	2.535	64,022,945,136	
2025	54,636,401,620	11,098,843,183	65,735,244,803	1.044	1,972,140,370	2.610	67,707,385,173	

⁽a) Real property and personal property assessments are done every three years and every year, respectively, by the State Department of Assessments and Taxation at 100% of estimated fair value. Tax-exempt property is not included in the assessed value.

⁽b) Rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

Howard County, Maryland Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (Per \$100 of Assessed Value)

Howard County Direct Rates

		Personal
Fiscal Year	Real Property	Property
2016	1.014	2.535
2017	1.014	2.535
2018	1.014	2.535
2019	1.014	2.535
2020	1.014	2.535
2021	1.014	2.535
2022	1.014	2.535
2023	1.014	2.535
2024	1.014	2.535
2025	1.044	2.610

Source: Howard County Department of Finance, Bureau of Revenue

Howard County, Maryland Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

202	25	_	2016					
Townsyan	Taxable Assessed	Percentage of Total County	Tarmayan	Taxable Assessed	Percentage of Total County			
Taxpayer Pulling a Conf. Florida Consum	Valuation (02.002.240)	Assessed Valuation	Taxpayer	Valuation 9274 954 999	Assessed Valuation			
Baltimore Gas & Electric Company	\$ 693,893,340	1.02%	Baltimore Gas & Electric Company	\$ 374,054,800	0.79%			
Mall in Columbia Business Trust	322,771,500	0.48%	Parcel D Property LLC	368,613,000	0.77%			
Transcontinental gas pipeline	113,090,640	0.17%	Mall in Columbia Business Trust	254,181,900	0.53%			
Verizon-Maryland Inc.	83,579,680	0.12%	Howard Properties Howard Crossing, LLC	136,780,100	0.29%			
Howard Properties Howard Crossing, LLC	177,489,400	0.26%	Verizon-Maryland Inc.	111,965,680	0.24%			
11101 Johns Hopkins Road	175,501,566	0.26%	Seasons of Laurel LLC	101,696,533	0.21%			
9220 Old Lantern Way LLC	129,881,467	0.19%	API Columbia Town Center LLC	73,444,000	0.15%			
Renaissance Hills Ellicott LP	123,386,300	0.18%	KMF Sherwood Crossing LLC	70,164,653	0.15%			
Columbia 531 LLC	114,396,500	0.17%	Cellco Partnership	54,120,987	0.11%			
Annapolis Galaxy DE LLC	110,415,067	0.16%	New Cingular Wireless PCS LLC	34,618,440	0.07%			
Total	\$ 2,044,405,460	3.01%	Total	\$ 1,579,640,093	3.31%			

Source: Howard County Department of Finance, Bureau of Revenue

Howard County, Maryland Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the

			Concetta Wi	min the					
			Fiscal Year of	the Levy				Total Collectio	n to Date
	,	Taxes Levied for the		Percentage	S	Subsequent tax			Percentage
Fiscal Year	ear Fiscal Year		Amount	of Levy		Collections		Amount	of Levy
2016	\$	594,757,776	\$ 593,510,182	99.79%	\$	812,684	\$	594,322,866	99.93%
2017		616,633,669	612,695,057	99.36%		3,152,341		615,847,398	99.87%
2018		639,933,124	635,257,806	99.27%		1,283,729		636,541,535	99.47%
2019		663,038,666	656,951,368	99.08%		1,418,911		658,370,279	99.30%
2020		677,030,343	671,983,399	99.25%		2,024,392		674,007,791	99.55%
2021		697,366,167	690,343,014	98.99%		5,787,428		696,130,442	99.82%
2022		767,640,195	762,776,281	99.37%		3,864,290		766,640,571	99.87%
2023		774,872,843	768,980,607	99.24%		5,061,383		774,041,990	99.89%
2024		831,330,915	821,002,800	98.76%		3,659,193		824,661,993	99.20%
2025		880,625,335	873,358,294	99.17%		_		873,358,294	99.17%

Source: Howard County Department of Finance, Bureau of Revenue

Subsequent tax collections for fiscal years 2016-2025, updated per Howard County Department of Finance, Bureau of Revenue.

Howard County, Maryland Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Governmental Activities Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year (b)	General Obligation Bonds (a)	State Water Quality Revolving Loans	Installment Purchase Agreements	Tax Increment Bonds	Long-term Financed Purchase	Availability Payment Arrangement	Lease Liability	Subscriptions Liability	Total (c)
2016	\$ 1,050,289	_	98,661	17,000	24,874	_	_	_	141,585
2017	1,128,705	_	100,123	16,980	24,802	_	_	_	143,034
2018	1,205,838	_	97,716	65,165	35,012	_	_	_	1,403,731
2019	1,246,358	_	93,483	65,100	31,603	_	_	_	1,436,544
2020	1,362,886	_	59,364	64,920	29,979	_	_	_	1,517,149
2021	1,361,927	_	59,546	64,695	22,365	_	_	_	1,508,533
2022	1,306,613	_	59,441	64,450	19,460	100,653	94,828	_	1,645,445
2023	1,281,711	_	56,434	64,175	16,111	99,085	92,169	8,310	1,617,995
2024	1,314,584	_	45,217	62,980	12,722	97,435	92,530	26,637	1,652,105
2025	1,263,777	_	43,861	61,920	9,482	95,700	87,340	20,042	1,582,122

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

⁽a) The amounts reported for debt include deferred refunding premium and discount.

⁽b) Effective FY 2022 CPI for Broadband and Watershed are reported separately from governmental activities.

⁽c) Total governmental activities of FY 2022 and 2023 have been restated.

Howard County, Maryland Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Business Type Activities Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in thousands of dollars, except per capita amount)

Fiscal Year (b)	General Obligation Bonds	Metropolitan District Bonds (a)	Special Facility Revenue Bonds	State Water Quality Revolving Loans	LT financed purchase	MDE Loan	Leases Liability	Total Business- Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (c)	Portion of Per Capita Personal Income (c)
2016	s —	251,963	3,240	24,508	_	_	_	279,711	421,296	n/a	n/a
2017		270,211	3,199	21,267		_		294,677	437,711	n/a	n/a
2018	_	301,619	2,714	17,956		_	_	322,289	1,726,020	n/a	n/a
2019	_	351,004	2,217	14,573	_	_	_	367,794	1,804,338	n/a	n/a
2020	_	434,478	1,197	7,658	_	_	_	443,333	1,960,482	n/a	n/a
2021		412,382	1,185	7,582	2,280	_		423,429	1,931,962	n/a	n/a
2022	20,744	417,396	650	3,972	2,050	1,110	2,468	448,390	2,093,835	n/a	n/a
2023	23,998	419,759		2,443	1,820	951	2.316	448,023	2,066,018	n/a	n/a
2024	30,252	430,709		1,556	1,575	787	2,157	464,095	2,116,200	n/a	n/a
2025	32,071	436,988	_	1,314	1,320	618	5,823	478,134	2,060,257	n/a	n/a

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

⁽a) The amounts reported for debt include deferred refunding premium and discount.

⁽b) Effective FY 2022 CPI for Broadband and Watershed are reported separately from governmental activities.

⁽c) See the Demographic and Economic Statistics schedule for personal income and population data.

Howard County, Maryland Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in thousands of dollars, except per capita amount)

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population	General Obligation Debt (a)	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (b)	General Obligation Debt per Capita (c)
2016	316,579	1,103,582	2.30%	3,486
2017	317,233	1,170,487	2.20%	3,690
2018	321,113	1,306,015 (d)	2.50%	4,067
2019	326,286	1,343,061	2.50%	4,116
2020	330.376	1,457,785 (d)	2.50%	4,413
2021	333.951	1,448,987	2.50%	4,339
2022	339.054	1,491,176	2.50%	4,398
2023	334.529	1,561,561	2.60%	4,668
2024	335.411	1,606,889	2.50%	4,791
2025	336,001	1,538,262	2.30%	4,578

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

⁽a) General obligation debt is a total of governmental activities debt less Agricultural Land Preservation Program installment purchase agreements. The amounts reported for debt include deferred refunding premium and discount.

⁽b) See the Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property schedule for property value data.

⁽c) See the Demographic and Economic Statistics schedule for population data.

⁽d) General obligation debt correct to equal total of governmental activities debt less Agricultural Land Preservation Program installment purchase agreements.

Howard County, Maryland Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years (thousands of dollars)

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2020 (a)	2024	2025
Assessed value										
Real property	\$ 45,939,083	47,976,024	49,821,784	51,6	9,563 53,471,	779 55,084,014	57,017,183	59,017,065	62,197,939	65,735,245
Personal property	1,702,530	1,650,785	1,696,221	1,73	1,706	543 1,910,776	1,882,859	1,924,769	1,825,006	1,972,140
Total assessed value	\$ 47,641,613	49,626,809	51,518,005	53,4	2,616 55,178,	56,994,790	58,900,042	60,941,834	64,022,945	67,707,385
Legal debt margin										
Debt limit (4.80% of assessed value of real property and personal property)	2,286,797	2,382,087	2,472,864	2,50	2,648	559 2,735,750	2,827,202	2,925,208	3,073,101	3,249,954
Total debt limit	2,286,797	2,382,087	2,472,864	2,50	3,806 2,648	559 2,735,750	2,827,202	2,925,208	3,073,101	3,249,954
Debt applicable to limit										
General county	984,119 ((b) 1,037,717	(b) 1,099,892	(b) 1,20	3,729 (b) 1,318,	434 (b) 1,312,240	1,383,714	1,263,216	1,296,254	1,245,347
Total debt applicable to limit	\$ 984,119	\$ 1,037,717	\$ 1,099,892	\$ 1,20	\$1,318	\$ 1,312,240	\$1,383,714	\$ 1,263,216	\$ 1,296,254	\$ 1,245,347
Legal debt margin	\$ 1,302,678	1,344,370	1,372,972	1,30	1,330	1,423,510	1,443,488	1,662,902	1,776,847	2,004,607
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	43.03%	43.56%	44.48%	46.95%	6 49.78	<u>47.97%</u>	48.94%	43.18%	42.18%	38.32%

Note: The amounts reported for debt include deferred refunding premium and discount.

⁽a) Revised to include long-term financed purchase obligation.

⁽b) Amount previously reported have been revised to exclude deferred refunding premium and discount.

Howard County, Maryland Pledged Revenue Coverage Annapolis Junction Special Taxing District Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Gross	Less: Operating	Net Available	Debt Ser	vice		
Year	Revenues	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	
2016	\$ 69,6	04 14,340	55,264	_	1,012,565 (a)	0.05	
2017	593,7	46 11,744	582,002	20,000	1,012,605 (a)	0.56	
2018	1,423,5	28 18,884	1,404,644	40,000	1,011,605	1.34	
2019	1,066,2	25 18,541	1,047,684	65,000	1,009,686	0.97	
2020	1,453,8	27 14,038	1,439,789	90,000	1,006,565	1.31	
2021	994,5	37 14,535	980,002	115,000	1,002,246	0.88	
2022	1,057,8	06 15,398	1,042,408	145,000	996,726	0.91	
2023	1,176,3	64 26,928	1,149,436	175,000	989,766	0.99	
2024	1,581,3	78 40,849	1,540,529	595,000	495,267	1.41	
2025	1,423,4	14 25,995	1,397,419	595,000	495,267	1.28	

Note: Gross revenues include incremental tax, special tax and interest earnings.

Gross revenues do not include the capitalized interest account funded with bond proceeds.

Operating expenses do not include depreciation or interest paid as part of debt service.

⁽a) The interest was paid from the capitalized account held by the Trustee.

Howard County, Maryland Pledged Revenue Coverage Crescent Special Taxing District Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Gross		Less: Net Operating Available		Debt Ser		
Year	Revenues	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2018	\$ 2,297,099	84,510	2,212,589	_	677,382 (a)	3.27
2019	4,137,520	244,394	3,893,126	_	2,102,219 (a)	1.85
2020	3,577,754	79,065	3,498,689	_	2,102,219 (a)	1.66
2021	3,615,455	91,998	3,523,457	200,000	2,102,219	1.53
2022	4,379,428	47,057	4,332,371	100,000	2,094,218	1.97
2023	4,443,758	76,054	4,367,704	100,000	2,090,218	1.99
2024	5,231,902	50,563	5,181,339	485,000	2,086,218	2.02
2025	4,837,589	70,987	4,766,602	465,000	2,066,818	1.88

Note: Information for FY 2017 and earlier is not available.

Gross revenues include incremental tax, special tax and interest earnings.

Gross revenues do not include the capitalized interest account funded with bond proceeds.

Operating expenses do not include depreciation or interest paid as part of debt service.

(a) The interest was paid from the capitalized account held by the Trustee.

Howard County, Maryland Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population (a)	Personal Income (b) (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income (b)	Public School Enrollment (c)	Unemployment Rate (d)
	•	,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2016	316,966	\$23,070,751	72,786	54,870	3.50%
2017	321,113	24,063,585	74,938	55,638	3.50%
2018	323,293	25,343,597	78,416	58,019	3.60%
2019	325,690	25,812,013	79,253	58,284	2.80%
2020	330,376	26,905,315	81,969	59,447	6.90%
2021	333,951	n/a	n/a	57,293	5.20%
2022	339,054	n/a	n/a	57,325	3.90%
2023	334,529	n/a	n/a	57,676	1.40%
2024	335,411	n/a	n/a	57,633	2.40%
2025	336,001	n/a	n/a	57,565	3.30%

Sources:

- (a) Estimated Population, Personal Income, and Per Capita Personal Income revised and restated for 2015 2020 (Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Dept. of Commerce).
- (b) Estimated Populations for 2022 are from Howard County Department of Planning and Zoning for June 30, 2022
- (c) Howard County Public School System School enrollment is based on head count taken September 30th of each year.
- (d) State of Maryland, Dept. of Labor, Licensing and Regulation Unemployment rate is as of June 30th.

Howard County, Maryland Principal Employers

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2025			2016	
			Percentage of Total County			Percentage of Total County
	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Employer						
Howard County Public Schools	9,062	1	5.09%	7,710	1	4.51%
Johns Hopkins Applied Physics Laboratory	8,000	2	4.49%	5,000	2	2.92%
Johns Hopkins Howard County Medical Center	2,000	3	1.12%	1,827	5	1.07%
Verizon	1,700	4	0.95%	1,346	7	0.79%
Howard Community College	1,650	5	0.93%	1,438	6	0.84%
FreshPoint Sysco	1,200	6	0.67%	_	N/A	N/A
The Columbia Association	1,190	7	0.67%	2,000	4	1.17%
Lorien Health Services	1,565	8	0.88%	_	N/A	N/A
Nestle Dreyers	890	9	0.50%	_	N/A	%
Wells Fargo	810	10	0.45%	_	N/A	<u>%</u>
Howard County Government	_		<u>%</u>	3,052	3	1.78%
Leidos	_		<u>%</u>	1,195	8	0.70%
Micros	_		<u>%</u>	1,052	9	0.62%
Costal Sunbelt Produce	_		<u> </u>	1,050	10	0.61%
Giant Food	_		%	1,050	10	0.61%
Total	28,067		15.75%	26,720		15.62%

Source: Howard County Economic Development Authority

Howard County, Maryland
County Government Employees by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Function/program										
General government	341	349	354	348	350	354	369	387	405	443
Public safety										
Police	667	677	691	697	705	708	710	747	749	745
Fire	465	468	491	530	550	608	609	613	640	642
Corrections	153	153	154	154	154	151	151	153	155	153
Public works	611	614	617	619	626	642	519	522	522	510
Recreation and parks	283	295	304	300	289	299	328	317	321	324
Legislative and judicial	208	212	216	219	223	231	233	263	266	266
Community services	325	330	341	367	370	372	304	305	315	307
Total	3,053	3,098	3,168	3,234	3,267	3,365	3,223	3,307	3,373	3,390

Source: Howard County Budget Office

Howard County, Maryland Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/program	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
General Government										
Finance:										
Real property tax accounts billed	105,692	107,342	108,292	108,952	109,775	110,437	111,099	111,712	112,053	112,461
Business personal property tax accounts billed	13,232	14,803	11,323	9,822	7,805	9,854	9,845	7,521	5,597	5,398
business personal property tax accounts bined	15,252	14,000	11,020	,,022	7,000	2,054	2,043	7,521	3,371	3,070
Public Safety										
Police:										
Physical arrests	9,351	8,379	7,527	6,627	4,640	1,993	2,067	2,014	2,335	2,260
Parking violations	7,180	7,545	7,104	8,624	5,515	2,703	2,381	2,087	2,115	2,185
Traffic violations	92,314	82,917	75,402	69,180	52,065	24,033	20,593	18,750	30,188	23,275
Fire:										
Emergency responses	58,484	60,997	69,074	68,897	63,092	62,401	76,586	83,623	87,295	91,340
Inspections	2,865	3,274	2,498	2,969	2,808	5,080	5,580	5,323	5,258	6,883
Corrections:										
Average daily prison population	284	285	319	318	253	202	231	231	226	267
Public Works										
Inspections, licenses and permits:										
Construction permits issued	7,145	6,599	5,575	5,249	5,135	5,646	6,173	5,196	4,996	5,038
Environmental services:										
Refuse collected (tons per year)	103,719	109,313	109,397	118,247	120,290	128,136	133,060	131,780	131,856	122,546
Recyclables collected (tons per year)	57,815	67,006	59,024	59,689	57,709	58,602	64,518	61,142	58,164	59,018
Recreation and Parks										
Programs operated	7,324	6,562	7,441	6,746	4,842	8,530	8,205	8,048	8,501	8,897
Registrations processed	105,522	77,682	80,410	105,826	140,720	38,500	75,697	86,113	72,302	84,602
Legislative and Judicial										
Circuit court cases filed	1,238	1,203	1,069	1,198	866	824	599	692	1,963	743
District court cases filed	9,527	10,131	9,346	11,055	6,119	8,150	5,091	7,364	8,294	_
Community Services										
50+ centers operated	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	6
Consumer affairs - cases closed	287	271	313	295	311	232	285	332	335	607
Community service partnership grants	30	29	29	32	32	31	38	38	45	45
Assisted living monitoring visits	535	622	774	876	446	230	350	211	158	148
Water and Sewer										
Water main breaks	170	119	275	156	151	181	172	168	212	333
Average daily water consumption (thousands of gallons)	22,100	23,600	23,470	24,016	23,060	24,706	23,770	24,460	24,460	23,807
Number of water customers	74,206	75,266	75,933	76,586	77,217	77,761	78,378	78,918	79,514	79,941
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	27,660	24,880	24,850	29,100	25,907	28,502	25,570	25,000	25,000	19,075
Number of sewer customers	72,474	73,537	74,215	74,872	75,511	76,063	76,686	77,238	77,876	78,309
Golf Course										
Rounds played	31,271	23,003	30,196	31,997	22,810	49,830	43,996	43,662	43,431	39,117
rounus piayeu	31,4/1	23,003	30,170	31,771	22,010	42,030	43,770	45,002	43,431	37,117

Sources: Various Howard County Departments

Note: Indicators are not available for the State highways or education functions.

Howard County, Maryland Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/program	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
General Government										
Buildings	44	45	44	48	50	50	54	54	52	59
Vehicles	51	64	60	105	106	103	95	95	105	106
Legislative and Judicial										
Vehicles	71	78	81	72	69	66	71	81	79	94
Public Safety										
Police:										
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Patrol units (vehicles)	284	274	275	274	319	302	303	312	298	291
Other vehicles	214	271	282	295	274	273	270	291	299	346
Fire:										
Stations	6	6	7	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Pumpers/tankers	29	28	29	31	31	30	30	35	38	33
Ladder trucks	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	1	7
Paramedic units	37	35	39	39	37	32	32	43	43	33
Vehicles	120	211	193	193	209	202	196	211	211	221
Public Works										
Buildings	42	42	42	44	45	45	46	50	67	62
Transit buses	42	68	62	65	74	73	73	94	100	110
Vehicles	367	395	446	393	410	410	414	414	438	416
Streets (miles)	1,066	1,066	1,066	1,042	1,042	1,059	1,063	1,066	1,066	1,070
Streetlights	8,131	8,447	8,720	10,149	10,281	10,480	10,593	10,870	11,084	11,150
Stormwater management facilities	1,216	1,250	1,313	1,343	1,428	1,509	1,565	1,590	1,687	1,719
Recreation and Parks										
Buildings	65	65	65	64	75	76	77	78	97	92
Parks and open space acreage	9,255	9,493	9,579	9,647	9,619	9,819	9,859	9,965	9,975	10,111
Playgrounds	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	45	45	45
Vehicles	103	159	120	115	117	116	115	116	131	118
Water and Sewer										
Wastewater treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water mains (miles)	1,100	1,078	1,078	1,107	1,107	1,107	1,114	1,114	1,117	1,117
Sanitary sewers (miles)	1,026	1,026	1,026	1,030	1,048	1,048	1,050	1,059	1,054	1,059
Golf Course	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Sources: Various Howard County Departments

Note: Indicators are not available for State highways and education functions.

Howard County Regional Location





Department of Finance

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